

Archive immunology Collected by لجنة الطب والجراحة



1)The Fc receptor with the highest affinity of the following five receptors is: Select one: a) CD64 b) FcgRII c) CD16 d) FceRI e) CD23 **Answer: D** 2) Anaphylatoxins C3a and C5a do their function by: a) Binding their receptors on mast cells b) Binding their receptors on endothelial cells c) Binding their receptors on B cells

Answer: A

3)Pathogens associated molecular patterns (PAMPs) include All except:

a) Lipopolysaccharides (LPS)

d) Binding their receptors on DCs

- b) Lectin protein
- c) Lipoteichoic acid
- d) Mannose rich molecules

e) UnmethylatedCpGDNA sequences. **Answer: B** 4)The antibody allotype (GM) may present in **Select one:** a) IGA b) Constant part of IGG c) IGM d) IGE e) Variable part of IGG **Answer: B** 5)The IGG with the highest complement activation is: a) IGG1 b) IGG2 c) IGG3 d) IGG4 e) IGG5 **Answer: C**

6) of thymocytes is necessary to produce a T-cell
repertoire capable of interacting with self-MHC molecules.
Select one:
a) Positive selection
b) Negative selection
c) Apoptosis
d) Receptor editing
e) Isotype switching
Answer: A
7)A lectin pathway in complement activation is all of the following
except:
Select one:
a) C3 convertase is the same as in classical pathway
b) Depend on antigen-antibody binding as classical pathway
c) Involve C2 activation
d) Involves C3b
e) Involves C5b
Answer: B
8)A polymorphonuclear neutrophil (PMN):
Select one:
a) Is a bone marrow stem cell.
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- b) Is a closely similar to a mast cell.
- c) Contains microbicidal cytoplasmic granules.
- d) Is not a professional phagocytic cell.
- e) Has granules which stain with eosin.

Answer: C

9)The paracortical area of lymph node comprises mainly:

Select one:

- a) Follicular dendritic cells
- b) Plasma cells
- c) Neutrophils
- d) B-cells
- e) T-cells

Answer: E

10) Which of the following is the first stage of T-cell receptor gene

rearrangement in alpha: Betta T-cells?

- a) V alpha D alpha
- b) D alpha J alpha
- c) V Betta D Betta
- d) D Betta J Betta
- e) V alpha J alpha

Answer: D 11)After B cells activation in the peripheral lymph nodes All are true except **Select one:** a) B cell converted to CD20+ plasma cells b) Memory B cell enter circulation c) Plasma cells reside in the medulla d) Antibodies enter the circulation e) B cells from germinal center Answer: A 12) Which of the following proteins does NOT make up the B cell co-receptor? Select one: a) CD19 b) CD21 c) CD20 d) CD81 e) CR2 **Answer: C**

13)Concerning ADCC all are true except:

- a) Antibody is involved
- b) It can be carried out by NK cells
- c) It leads to activated T cell death
- d) It is complement-dependent
- e) It can be carried out by eosinophils

Answer: D

14) Variable part of the heavy and chains can be called

- a) Allotype
- b) Idiotype
- c) Epitope
- d) Isotype
- e) Autotype

Answer: B



Select one:

- a) Scavenger receptor
- b) Toll like receptor
- c) CR2
- d) Fc receptor
- e) CR3

Answer: C
16)Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria results from deficiency in:
Select one:
a) Myleoperoxidase
b) Decay accelerating factor. (DAF)
c) Classical pathway C components
d) C1 inhibitor
e) CD59
Answer: E 17)The enzyme responsible for isotype switch is
Select one:
a) Activation-induced cytidine deaminase (AID)
b) Synapse
c) RAG-1 and 2 recombinase
d) Artemis endonuclease
e) Ligase
Answer: A
18)Active artificially acquired immunity is a result of
Select one:
a) Injection of an immune serum
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- b) Contact with a pathogen
- c) Antibodies passed on from mother to fetus through the placenta
- d) Vaccination
- e) Antibodies passed on from mother to baby through breast milk

Answer: D

19) Receptor editing:

Select one:

- a) Has been described for B cells before selection stage
- b) Is changing the variable part on light chain
- c) Is changing the variable part on heavy chain
- d) For B-cells only occurs in peripheral lymph node
- e) Is changing the constant part in light chain

Answer: B

20)The T cell receptor:

- a) Is composed of five polypeptide chains
- b) Is secreted into the plasma by the T cell
- c) Is the recognition element of the humoral arm of the immune system
- d) Recognizes antigen fragments via the alpha and beta chain
- e) The signaling element is CD4

Answer: D 21) Where are double positive T cells found? a) Bone marrow b) Spleen c) Thymus cortex d) Thymus medulla e) Periphery **Answer: C** 22) Which of the following bind antigen at the same time when **TCR** bind **Select one:** a) LFA-1 b) CD28 c) CD32 d) CD4 e) CD3 **Answer: D** 23) Which of the following do not bind antigen on T cell activation **Select one:** a) MHC b) CD4 9 | Page

c) CD8
d) CD3
e) TCR
Answer: D
24)Negative feedback on active B-cell is mediated by:
Select one:
a) Antigen specific IgM
b) Antigen specific IgG
c) Just antigen neutralization
d) Fc gamma receptors on macrophages
e) CD22
Answer: B
25)The main costimulatory molecule for activation on T-cell is
provided by:
Select one:
a) CD28
b) Surface Ig
c) B7
d) VLA-4
e) IL-2
Answer: A
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26)The CD4 protein of T helper cells binds and stabilize the MHC class II/ peptide structure. The subunit that interacts with CD4 cell surface protein is

Select one:

- a) alpha 1 and beta 1 subunit
- b) alpha 2 and beta 2 subunit
- c) alpha 1 and alpha 2 subunit
- d) beta 2 subunit
- e) beta 1 subunit

Answer: D

27)an example of a molecule present in memory cells is:

select one:

a) Bcl-2

b) TRAIL

c) Bax

d) FADD

e) Caspase 8

Answer: A

28)Proper hinge region is not present in which of the following

antibody?

Select one:

- a) IgA
- b) IgM
- c) IgG1
- d) IgD
- e) IgG2

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Answer:B

29)Fc gamma receptors are all true except

Select one:

- a) Present on macrophages
- b) FcR2 on B cell
- c) FcR1 is high affinity receptor
- d) FcR2 on NK
- e) After binding the antigen, they help in complement activation

Answer: D

30)Lattice formation happens in all except (lab)

Select one:

- a) Antigen-antibody binding
- b) Precipitation technique
- c) Cell bound antigen binding to antibody
- d) Occur at optimal concentration of antigen and antibody
- e) Can be seen as line between 2 solution

Answer: C

31)T cell surface receptors for antigen partly recognize

Select one:

- a) Cytokines
- b) MHC
- c) ADCC
- d) Antibody
- e) IL-2

Answer: B

32) Which of the following key components of the complement pathway can be directly activated by the lectin, pathway? a) C1 b) C2 c) C5 d) C7 e) C9 **Answer: B** 33)Complement component C3 in alternative pathway is cleaved by Select one: a) C3b b) C3bBb c) Factor B d) Simultaneously by antigen e) Simultaneously by antigen and antibody **Answer: B** 34)Classical complement pathway are all true except Select one a) Is an effector arm of adaptive immunity b) Opsonizes bacteria c) Produce chemotactic and anaphylatoxin d) Directly activated by bacteria e) Is firstly discovered

35) Natural antibodies all are true except

Select one:

- a) Poly specific
- b) Against microbe carbohydrates
- c) High affinity IgM
- d) Low affinity IgM
- e) Produced without T helping of B cells

Answer: C

36)Isotype switch occur in

Select one:

- a) Paracortical area of lymph node
- b) Cortex of lymph node
- c) Bone marrow
- d) Medulla
- e) Circulation

Answer: B

37) Digeorge syndrome (lab)

Select one:

- a) Genetic defect in cytokines
- b) Is an immune deficiency disease
- c) Leads to tumor formation
- d) Leads to defect in thyroid gland
- e) Leads to defect in innate immunity

38) Proliferation of activated T-cells:

Select one:

- a) Is stimulated by a single signal induced by engagement of the Tcell receptor with antigen-MHC
- b) Requires both the signal induced by engagement of TCR plus costimulation from B7
- c) Requires interaction between LFA-1 and CTLA-4
- d) Requires only mutual binding of LFA-3 and CD2 on the antigenpresenting cell and T-cell respectively
- e) Can not be stopped

Answer: B

39)Which of the following characteristics is common to both Tcell receptors and immunoglobulins

- a) The antigen receptors composed of two identical heavy chains and two identical light chains
- b) Receptor editing for both occurs in bone marrow
- c) Their production occurs in bone marrow
- d) Somatic recombination V,D and J segments is responsible for the diversity of antigen binding site
- e) Somatic hypermutation changes the affinity of antigen-binding sites in both and contributes to further diversification

40)Which of the following is NOT true when comparing innate and adaptive immunity?

Select one:

- a) Innate responds early and adaptive responds later on
- b) Innate has few pathogens (non-self) recognition mechanisms and adaptive has many
- c) Innate has immunologic memory and adaptive does not
- d) Innate does not show response improvements over time and adaptive does
- e) Innate response is non-specific and adaptive is very specific

Answer: C

41)Inflammation is a defensive reaction initiated by infection or tissue injury which causes all except

Select one:

- a) Up regulation of adhesion molecules on endothelial cells and leukocytes
- b) Cell chemotaxis
- c) Increase capillary permeability
- d) Arterial construction
- e) Increase blood supply to the area

42)IgM: all are true except

Select one:

- a) Is firstly produced by B-cell
- b) Is most commonly tetrameric
- c) Has the same number of constant domains as IgE
- d) Is a weak bacterial agglutinator
- e) Is the main class of the natural antibodies

Answer: B

43)Pro thymocytes are

Select one:

- a) TCR- CD3+ CD4- CD8+
- b) TCR- CD3+ CD4- CD8-
- c) TCR+ CD3+ CD4- CD8-
- d) TCR- CD3- CD4- CD8-
- e) TCR-CD3+ CD4+ CD8+

Answer: B

44) All are T-independent B cells except

Select one:

- a) Marginal zone B cells
- b) B1 cells
- c) CD5 B cells
- d) Follicular B cells
- e) Natural antibody-producing cells

45)CR1 complement receptors on phagocytic cells bind

Select one:

- a) Factor H
- b) Factor I
- c) C3d
- d) Only inactive C6
- e) C3b

Answer: E

46)Germinal center is incubated with

Select one:

- a) Activated T cells
- b) Activated B cells
- c) Antibodies
- d) Naïve B cells
- e) Naïve T cells

Answer: B

47) Regarding processed antigen entered the endoplasmic

reticulum and bind MHC, all are true except

Select one:

- a) the antigen is endogenous antigen
- b) the antigen is viral antigen
- c) it binds just MHC1
- d) can bind MHC2 and MHC1
- e) needs peptide transporter to enter endoplasmic reticulum

48)CTLA-4 receptor is

Select one:

- a) inhibitory receptor on naïve T cells
- b) Inhibitory receptor on active T cells
- c) Binds CD28 on APC
- d) Inhibitory receptor on macrophages
- e) Expressed on naïve T cells

Answer: B

49)The molecules mediating signal transduction following antigen binding to cell surface immunoglobulin on a B-cell are

called:

Select one:

- a) Ig Fc
- b) Ig-alpha and Ig-beta
- c) MHC
- d) Ig-delta
- e) CD8

Answer: B

50) Deletions in the T-cell CD154 (CD40L) gene produce:

Select one:

- a) Congenital X-Iinked agammaglobulinemia
- b) IgA deficiency.
- c) Deficiency in cytotoxic T-cell activity
- d) The hyper—IgM syndrome.
- e) Wiskott—Aldrich Syndrome.

Answer: D
51)The mononuclear phagocyte system does not include:
Select one:
a) Monocytes.
b) Kupffer cells
c) Kidney mesangial cells.
d) Microglial cells in brain.
e) Endothelial cells.
Answer: E
52)Comparing the arrangement of TCR genes and BCR genes, the chain is analogous to the heavy (H) chain and the chain is analogous to the light (L) Chain. Select one: a) alpha, Beta
b) Beta, alpha
c) gamma, delta
d) Beta, delta
e) delta, alpha
Answer: B
53)Somatic hyper mutation.Select one:
a) Occurs in the Bone Marrow.
b) Involves immunoglobulin V genes
c) Do not need T cell help.

e) Is Changing the variable part on light chain.

d) Can decrease the affinity of an antibody.

Answer: B

54)All are functions of Fc part of antibody except

Select one:

- a) Complement activation
- b) Antigen opsonization
- c) Help in Macrophage phagocytosis
- d) Determine isotype
- e) Binding C1q

Answer: B

55) What is the major site tor naïve B and T cells activation:

Select one:

- a) Spleen
- b) Bone marrow
- c) Lungs
- d) Thymus
- e) Kidney

Answer: A

56)All of the following are true of antigen EXCEPT which one of the following?

Select one:

- a) They contain epitopes.
- b) They will react with antibodies.
- c) They contain antigenic determinants.
- d) They can elicit an immune response
- e) They contain paratopes

Answer: E

57)Mature B cell can be detected by the presence of
Select one:
a) CD20
b) CD32
c) CD21
d) CD28
e) CD40
Answer: A
58)A Fab fragment:
Select one:
a) Is produced by pepsin treatment.
b) Is produced by separation of heavy and light chains.
c) Binds antigen.
d) Lacks light chains.
e) Has no interchain disulfide bonds
Answer: C
59) Which of the following gene is not the part of MHC genes
Select one:
a) DP gene
b) DR gene
c) complement gene
d) TNF gene
e) IFN genes
Answer: E
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60) Neutrophil nitric oxide is:

Select one:

- a) Anti-toxins enzyme
- b) Oxygen-dependent.
- c) Enzymes.
- d) Glycolipids.
- e) Peptide antibiotic

Answer: B

61) The effect of AB is determined by?

- A) constant region of Heavy chain
- b) variable region of light chain
- c) constant region of light chain
- d) variable region of heavy chain

Answer: A

62) Somatic hyper mutation is due to:

- a) Change in the variable region of heavy chain, constant unchanged
- b) Constant region of heavy chain changed, variable region is unchanged
- c) Variable region of light chain is changed, constant is unchanged
- d) Constant of light chain is changed, variable is unchanged
- e) Both variable and constant regions are changed

Answer: A

63) one of the following Ab plays an inhibitory role on B cells: a) IGM b) IGA c) IGE d) IGG e) IGD **Answer: D** 64) One of the following Ab is an Anti-CD20:a) IGM b) IGA c) IGE d) IGD e) IGG **Answer: E** 65) one of the followings binds MHC at the same time with T cell? a) CD40 b) CD28 c) CTLA-4 d) IG- alpha e) Cd2 **Answer: B** 24 | Page

66): Complements that act as anaphylatoxins
a) c3a and c5a
b) c3b and c4b
c) c3d and c3b
d) c4b and c2b
e) c5-8
e) c5-8
Answer: A
67): The disease that result from mutation in CD40L gene is
a)Acquired immune deficiency syndrome
b) X-related Hyper-IgM syndrome
c) Hyper-IgM syndrome
d) paroxysmal nocturnal haemoglobinuria
e) hereditary angioedema
Answer: B
68): B cells in the periphery that haven't exposed to antigens before called:
a) pre-B cells
b) mature
c) immature
d) naïve
e) pro-B cells
Answer: D

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69) :The MHC II & Li variant chain is synthesized in

- a) endoplasmic reticulum
- b) cytoplasm
- c) Golgi apparatus
- d) endosome

Answer: A

- 70) One of these false regarding neutrophils
- a)express receptor for IGA
- b) play important role in inflammation
- c) express receptor for IGM
- d) receptor more than macrophages

Answer: C

- (71) One of the following is not true regarding CD2
- a) It's expressed in APC
- b) It is expressed on mature T cell

Answer: A

(72) Antibody structure?

- a) heavy and 2 light chains
- b) Heavy, one light chain
- c) one light, one heavy

Answer: A

(73): Factor H and decay accelerating factor (DAC) function is:

- a) removes Bb from the alternative pathway C3 convertase
- b) inhibit association of C9 with C5b-8
- c) inactivesC3b
- d) shutting down the ptoteolytic activity of C1s and C1r

Answer: A

(74):Common myeloid progenitor is the precursor of all of the following cells

EXCEPT:

- a) Megakaryocyte
- b) Erthrocyte
- c) neutrophils
- d) natural killer cells
- e) monocytes

Answer: D

(75): All of the following statements regarding red pulp of spleen are false (lab)

EXCEPT:

- a) It is the inner pulp of spleen
- b) consists of peri-arteriolar lymphoid sheath
- c) presence of afferent lymphatic vessels
- d) it is the place where aged RBC is destroyed

(76): Which of the following sentences best describe humanized antibodies

- a) It has the variable part of a mouse and the constant part of human antibody
- b) It has the hypervariable part of a mouse and the other parts of human antibody
- c) It has the constant part of a mouse and the variable part of human antibody
- d) It has the variable part of a human and the constant part of human antibody
- e) It has all the parts of a mouse and the hypervariable of human antibody

Answer: B

(77): Papain enzyme digest the antibody producing

- a.) 2 fab and 1 Fc
- b.)1 fab and 2 Fc
- c.) F(ab)2 and smaller Fc
- d.) F(ab)2 and larger Fc
- e.) F(ab)2 and 2Fc

Answer: A

(78): The number of antigens that can bind IgM antibody is

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 6
- d) 8
- d) 10

Answer: E

(79): which of the following receptors is not considered a PRR a) Scavenger b) C3b c) MBL d) Fc receptor e) Toll like receptor **Answer: C** (80): which of the receptors have no role in phagocytosis? a) CR1 b) CR2 c) CR3 d) CR4 e) Complementary receptor 1 **Answer: B** (81) G-CSF stimulate the differentiation of a) Neutrophils b) Monocyte/macrophages c) Basophils d) DC **Answer: A**

(82): The percent of T cells that survive selection process is

- a) 60%
- b) 75%
- c) 30%
- d) 5%
- e) 25%

Answer: D

(83): least abundant immunoglobulin in the adult serum

- A) IgM
- B) IgG
- C) IgA
- D) IgD
- E) IgE

Answer: E

(84): The effector activity of antibodies is related to

- a) The variable domain of the light chain of the antibody
- b) The constant domain of the light chain of the antibody
- c) The variable domain of the heavy chain of the antibody
- d) The constant domain of the heavy chain of the antibody
- e) The variable domain of the J chain of the antibody

(85): What is the immunoglobulin that act as anti-CD20 antibody kill B cell-derived tumor cells by NK cells by ADCC

- a) IgM
- b) b) IgG
- c) c) IgA
- d) IgD
- e)) IgE

Answer: B

(86): What do we call the B cell when it present Heavy chain

a) Plasma cell

b) Mature B cell

c) Pro B cell

d) Pre B cell

e) Naïve B cell

Answer: D

(87):MHC2 in ER can not bind endogenous AG because of the Li variant that - - - - the binding site, while moving to endosome part this variant will be - -- :

- a) activate.... degraded
- b) block... activated
- c) activate.. block
- d) block.... degraded

(88): MHC2 contain all of the following EXCEPT: a) Alpha 1 b) .Alpha2 c) Alpha 3 d) Beta1 e) Beta2 **Answer: C** (89) :MHC1 contain all of the following EXCEPT: a) Alpha 1 b) .Alpha2 c) Alpha 3 d) Beta1 e) Beta2 **Answer: D** (90): EQUIVELANT TO hinge region in IgM: -**Answer: CH2** 91) antiviral activity can be mediated by all except Select one: a) DC b) NK c) Antibody d) Gamma delta T cells e) MHC1 presentation to CD4 T cells **Answer: E**

92) In NK all are true except Select one:
a) Their killing inhibition receptors sense the presence of MHC1
b) differentiated from the common lymphoid progenitor
c) express fas
d) express fasL
e) kill activated T cells
Answer: C
93) Extensive allelic polymorphism is found in MHC. Select one
a) class 2 DRbeta
b) class 2 Dralpha.
c) beta2-microglobulin.
d) Class IA loci
e) Class 1 B loci
Answer E
94)The initial complement component that is bound by complement-foing
antibodies is Select one
a) C1q
b) C1s
c) C3b
d) C5a
e) C9
Answer: A
95) The classical and alternative pathways meet at complement component Select one
a) C4
b) C4b
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C) FactorD.
d) C5
e) C3
Answer: E
96) The B-cell receptor antigen recognition signal is transduced by Ig alphia and beta and maximtzed by Select one
a) The BCR heavy chain.
b) The BCR light chain
c) CD20.
d) CR2 CD19 and R021
Answer: D
97)The major role of the complement system is to work in conjunction with Select one
a) antibodies to lyse cells via the CB and C9 components
b) the major histocompatibility complex for cell recognition
c) antibodies to opsonize cells
d) the T-cell receptor for production of lymphokines
e) antibodies to lyse celis via the perforin moecules
Answer: A
98) A member of the immunoglobulin gene superfamily is all except Select one:
a) Fc receptor 1 for IgE
b) Poly-Ig receptor
c) Fc receptor 2 for IgE
d) Fc receptor 1 for IgG
e) Fc receptor 1 for IgA
Answer: C

99) Which of the following statement is true for Fab fragment? Select one

- a) Formed by proteolysis of antibody by pepsin
- b) Constituted by heavy chains only
- c) Contain complementarity determining regions (CDR)
- d) Activates complement
- e) Bind antibody receptor

Answer: C

100) gamma delta T-cells All are true except Select one

- a) CD3 positive cells
- b) act against mycobacterium
- c) present mainly in mucosal epithelium
- d) increase autoimmunity caused be T cells
- e) have gamma and deita TCR

Answer: D

101) IGM, all are true except Select one

- a) Is the first antibody formed in immune system
- b) Is the largest antibody
- c) its receptor functions were not defined
- d) have allotype GM
- e) has no hinge region

Answer: D

102)MHC class II molecules are made up of two chains called...... whose function is to bind peptides and present them to........... T cells Select one

- a) alptia and beta, CD4
- b) alpha and beta2-microglobulin CDA
- c) alpha and beta: CDB

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- d) alpha and beta2-mcroglobulin CD5
- e) alpha and beta gamma delta cell

Answer: A

103) Somatic hypermutation is Select one:

- a) Commonty found in both ig and T-cell receptor genes
- b) Restricted to the constant region.
- c) Restricted to the beta chain
- d) Found only in Ig heavy chains
- e) Found only in Ig variable regions

Answer: E

104) T and B cells enter the peripheral lymph nodes from circulation, all are true except Select one

- a) through afferent lymptiatic vessel
- b) Because they are attracted by chemotactic factors
- c) through high endothelial venules (HEV)
- d) They are activated inside the peripheral lymph node
- e) They should be nalve to enter the LN

Answer: A

105) The presence of IgM indicates Select one

- a) Second exposure to same antigen
- b) An acute infection
- c) An allergic reaction is present
- d) A reaction between mother and foetus across the placenta
- e) Activation of memory cells

Answer:B

106) Regarding Basophils, which of the following is true : Select one a) Stain with acid dyes. b) Contain a major basic protein. c) Help in phagocytosis d) have IGE receptors e) secret IGE **Answer: D** 107) During B cell development, at what stage is membrane bound IgM found? Select one a) Pro-B cell stage b) Early pre-B cell stage c) Late pre-B cell stage d) Immature cell stage e) Stem cell **Answer: D** 108) Viral proteins that are formed inside of an infected cell associate with cell and are presented at the surface of the effected Select one: a) Cytokines b) MHC class I 'molecules c) MHC class II molecules d) Antibody molecules e) complement **Answer: B** 109) The T cell Receptor complex includes Select one a) TCR+ CD4

b) TCR+ CD3
c) TCR
d) TCR+ CD8
e) TCR- CD3 and zeta chains
Answer: E
110) The difference between macrophage and neutrophil Select one
a) Only neutrophil is a phagocyte
b) Only neutrophil does intracellular killing by azurophil lysosomal granules
c) Only neutrophit expresses receptor for IGG
d) Only macrophage does the respiratory burst
e) Only neutrophil present in tisue Answer: B 111) Blocking the binding sites of microbial toxins and viruses so un able to bind cellular receptors is mediated by and is caled Select one: a) Antibody-Agglutination
b) Antibody- Precipitation
c) Antibody- Neutralization
d) Antibody- ADCC
e) Antibody- opsonization
Answer: C
112)positive B cell selection occurs when a B-lymphocyte encounters Select one
a) self MHC
b) self MHC-Self Antigen
c) foreign antigen
d) Complement
e) Chemotactic factors
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	Answer: A
113) Natural killers cells are found in all but rare in one:	
a) Blood	
b) Spleen	
c)Lymph nodes	
d) Red bone marrow	
e) bone marrow	
	Answer: C
114) When a resting naïve T-cell engages its specific MHC/peptide comp displayed on the surface of a DC It firstly Select one	olex
a) Undergoes blast cell formation	
b) Produces IL-2	
c) undergoes cell death	
d) differentiates into effector cells	
e) Secretes IL-1	Answer: A
115) The MHC expression is decreased by cell because of infection of Se	lect one:
a) virus	
b) worm	
c) bacteria	
d) auto immunity	
e) aging	
	Answer: A
116)Natural killes cells are found in all but rare in Select one	
a) Blood Spleen	
b) Lympn nodes	
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- d) Red bone marrow
- e) bone marrow

Answer: B

117) When a resting nalve T-cell engages its specific MHC/peptide complex displayed on the surface of a DC It frstly Select one

- a) Undergoes blast cell formation
- b) Produces IL-2
- c) undergoes cell death
- d) differentiates into effector cells
- e) Secretes IL-1

Answer: A

- 118) Which of the following is done by easinophils Select one
- a) Lysis of some viraly infected cells
- b) Killing warms by expressing FC epsilon receptors
- c) stain biue with basic dve meithylene blue
- d) Kiling wams by expressing FC gamma receptors
- e) Kiling warms by secreting IGG

Answer: B

- 119) In the respiratory burst,are released, which have a potent cell-killing ability Select one
- a) free radicals
- b) platelet-derived growth factors
- c) histamines
- d) enzymes
- e) major basic protein

Answer: A
120) Which of the following is the ligand for the B cell coreceptor Select one
a) c3
b) C3b
c) IL-2
d) C3d
e) CR2
Answer: D
121)The phenomenon whereby, following successful Ig gene rearrangement, further rearrangement is suppressed s calet Select one
a) Allelic exclusion
b) Class switching
C) Productive rearrangement
D) Clonal selection
E) gene mutation Answer: A
122) A complement component which is strongly chemotactic for neutrophils is
Select one
a) C9
b) C5a
c) C3
d) C3b
e) C5
Answer: B
123) Which of the following statements does not apply to igG?. Select one
A) Appears earty in the primary immune response
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B) Neutralizes bacterial toxins C) Can fix complement D) Crosses the human placenta E) Opsonons bacteria **Answer: A** 124) A primary role for antibodies in resistance to bacterial infection is all except Select one: A) Antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity B) Lysis of infected host cells C) Activation of the alternative complement pathway D) Opsonisation for increased uptake by phagocytic cells E) neutralize the bacterial toxins **Answer: C** 125) Pre-B and T cell proliferate in response to Select one: a) Cytokine IL-7 b) Signal transduction from formed Pre-BCR and pre-TCR c) Antigen presentation d) Antibody exposure e) Mature thymic DC **Answer: A** 126) Which of the following gene clusters do not contribute to liatt chain Select one a) Variable Light chain

d) Diversity gene

B) Constant Light

C) TCR beta chain

e) Joining				
Answer: C				
127) Which of the following is not involved in first line defense? Select one of				
a) Mucus membranes				
b) Saliva				
C) Tears				
d) Antibodies				
e) Epidermis				
Answer: D				
128)Binding of this PRR to a macrophage help in cytokine production Select one				
a) Toll like receptors				
b) Complement receptors				
c) FC receptors				
d) Scavenger receptor				
e) Opsonin receptors Answer: A				
129) One principal function of the Class I and Class II major histocompatibility complex proteins is to Select one:				
A) transduce the signal to the T-cell interior following antigen binding				
b) mediate immunoglobulin class switching				
c) present antigen for recognition by the T-cell antigen receptor				
d)stimulate production of interleukins				
e) bind complement C3d,				
Answer: C				
130) all are true except Select one				
a) Help B cells during the processes of selection in affinity maturation				

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b) product of the classical pathway
c) a product of lectin complement pathways •
d) CRI is its receptor on B cells
e) Its receptor on B cells help in entering epstein barr virus
Answer:
131) Which of the following immune system components would firstly initiate inflammation? Select one
A) macrophages
B) Tampnocyte
C) B lymphocyte
D) macropmages on mast cells
E) antibodies Answer: D
132) Which of the following substances will not stimulate an immune response unless they are bound to a larger molecule? Select one:
A) Antigen b) Virus
C) Hapten
d) Miligen
e) Antibody
Answer: C
133)Predominant immunoglobulin in extenal secretions such tears, mucous is Select one
a) igE
b) IgM
b)IgA
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c) igG	
d) IgD	
	answer: C
134) The germinal center is an important site of Select one:	
a) Hematopoiesis	
b) B-cell maturation	
c) B-cell receptor editing	
d) Myeloid cell differentiation.	
e) antibody V gene rearrangement	
	Answer: E
135) Complement proteins work by Select one:	
a) neutralization of antigens	
b) creating an impermeable barrier	
c) phagocytosis of target cells	
d) forming pores in the membranes of target cells	
e) producing	
A	Answer: D
136) B cells mature in thewhile T cells mature in the Select one	
a) Thymus/bone marrow	
b) Spleen/bone marrow	
c) Bone marrow / Thymus	
d) Liver/Kidneys	
e) Bone marrow spleen	
A	Answer : C

137)Which of the following structures is constituted by J-cnain binding site Select one

- a) both lighf and heavy chains
- b) lignt chains
- c) Antigen binding site
- d)Heavy chains
- e)Complement tinding site

Answer: D

138) T-cell antigen receptors are distinguished from antibodies by which of the following Select one

- a) T-Cell receptors are glycosylated
- b)T-cell receptors must interact with antigen uniquely presented by other cells but not with free antigen
- c) T-Cell receptors bind various cytokines
- d) T-Cell receptors bind complement to lyse cells
- e) T-cell receptors are mediators of allergic reactions

Answer: B

139)One function of the complements is to Select one

- a) inactivate pertorins 5
- b) mediate tne release of histamine
- c) neuntraize bacteria
- d) Phagocytes antigens

Answer: B

140) The CD8 cell surface protein of T cells interact with of MHC class I molecules Select one:
a) alpha-1 subunit
b) alpha-2 subunit
c) alpha-3 subunit
d) beta2- macroglobulin
e) beta 1 subunit
Answer: C
141)Human monocional antibodies can be obtained Select one
a) Using Epstein-Barr virus immortalization of T-cells
b) Easily from human hybndomas selected with HT medium
c) using transgenic xenomouse strains
d) By a single point mutation of a mouse monocional antibody
e) Only by fustrng specific mouse B-celis with mouse myeloma cels
Answer: E
142) The subclass of IgG that has lowest serum concentration is Select one:
a) IgG1
b) IgG2
c) IgG3
d) IgG4
e) igG5
Answer: D
143) One function of the complements is to Select one:
a) inactivate perforins
b) mediate the release of histamine
c) neuntralize bacteria d phagocytize antigens
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	e)	cross	link a	llergens
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Answer: B

144)Peyers Patches are specialized tymphoid aggregates found in the Select one (lab)

- a) Brain
- b) Lung
- c) Spleen
- d) Gut
- e) skin

Answer: D

145) The class of an immunoglobulin Select one:

- a) is determined by Class I and Class II major histocompatibility complex proteins
- b) is determined by the carbohydrate attached to the light chain is
- c) determined by the variable part
- d) is determined by the heavy chain type
- e) Is determined by the J-chain

Answer: D

146) Natural antibodies: Select one:

- a) Are mostly IgG.
- b) Are mostly high affinity IGM.
- c) Are produced spontaneously by CD5+ B-cells.
- d) Are acquired by transplacental passage from the mother
- e) Do not arise in thymectomized mice

Answer: C

147) Which of the following is the first step in the specific immune response to antigen? Select one

- a) Memory cell formation
- b) Secretion of antibody molecules
- c) Antigen presentation to T helper cell
- d) Secretion of cytokines by T helper cell
- e) plasma cell formation

Answer: C

148) This immune cell is able to respond quickly after any second encounter with the same antigen Select one

- a) basophil
- b) helper T cell
- c) memory cell
- d) antigen-presenting cell
- e) plasma cell

Answer: C

149)Expression of MHC genes is Select one

- a) Codominant.
- b) Dominant for maternal genes
- c) Dominant for paternal genes
- d) Dependent on thymic selection
- e) Totally dependent on the T.cells

Answer: A

150) Which nonspecific defense cells specialize in attacking cancer cells and virusinfected cells? Select one

- a) macrophages
- b) plasma cells
- c) natural killer cells

- d) helper T lymphocytes
- e) basophils

Answer: C

151) The T-cell ligand CD28 bind which of the following on a B cell: Select one:

- a) B7
- b) CD2
- c) CD40
- d) CD40L
- e) LFA-3

Answer: A

"وهل يبلغ المرء نعيم الرِّضا إلا بعد وخزات الآلام، أو يعرف لذَّة المعيَّة حتى يتجرَّع مرارة التيه، أو يدوق برد المُناجاة إلا بعد حرِّ المُعاناة، أو يستشعر قرار الآخرة إلا بفيح مصائب الدُّنيا؛ إنها العثار التي يُقدِّرها الله في دُروبنا لتدرِّنا إليه الردِّ الجميل!

والسَّاعة التي تخنقُك فيها العبرة، وتسيلُ منك الدَّمعة، وتُحاول البحث عمَّن تشكو البه، هي أعظم ساعة تبُثُ فيها ما أهمَك إلى الله؛ فهو سُبحانه أقربُ إليك ممَّن ترجو عونه؛ ممَّن تبحث عنه، وأرحمُ بك ممَّن ترجو شفقته، وأكرمُ لك ممَّن ترجو عونه؛ إيَّقريبُ رحيمٌ كريم"