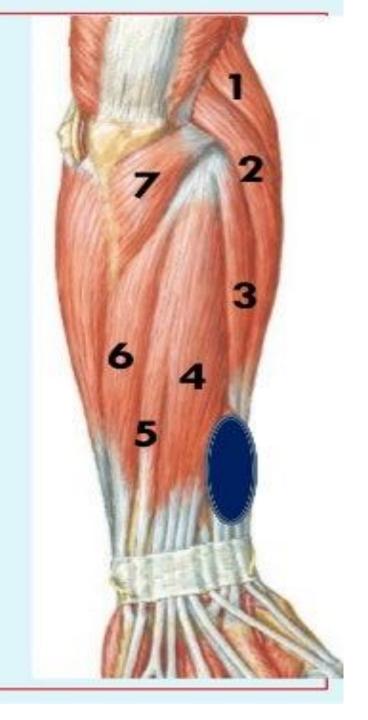
# Muscles of back of forearm

# Superficial group (7)

Deep group (5)

- Brachioradialis
- 2. Extensor carpi radialis longus
- 3. Extensor carpi radialis brevis
- 4. Extensor digitorum
- 5. Extensor digiti minimi
- 6. Extensor carpi ulnaris
- anconeus

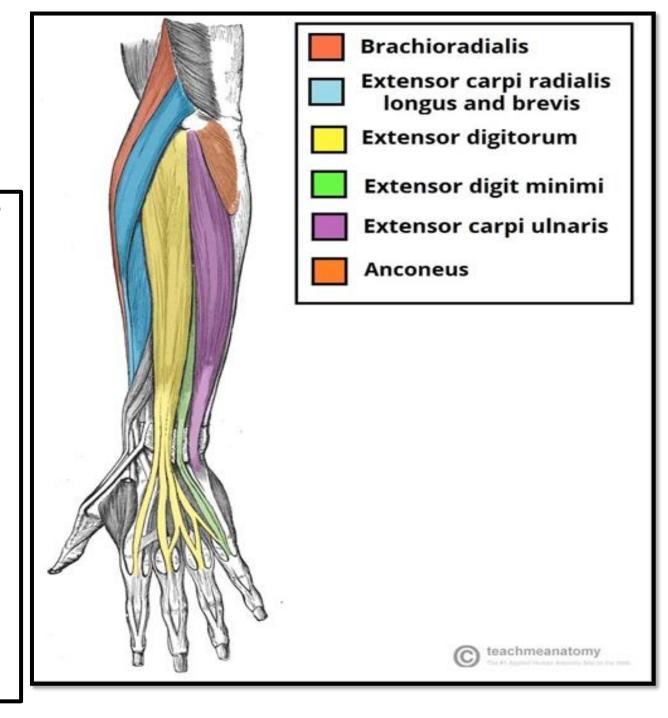


# **Superficial Group of Back of Forearm**

- Most of these muscles arises from the front of lateral epicondyle of the humerus i.e. common extensor origin (C.E.O) except muscles number 1,2,7.
- All these muscles are supplied by posterior interosseous nerve

(a branch of radial nerve) except muscles number 1,2&7 which are supplied by radial nerve.

- Common action: Extension of wrist
   (except muscles number 1 & 7)
- Extensor carpi radialis longus & brevis and extensor carpi ulnaris are the main extensor of wrist.



# 1- Brachioradialis

## **Origin:**

Upper 2/3 of lateral supracondylar ridge of the humerus.

#### **Insertion**

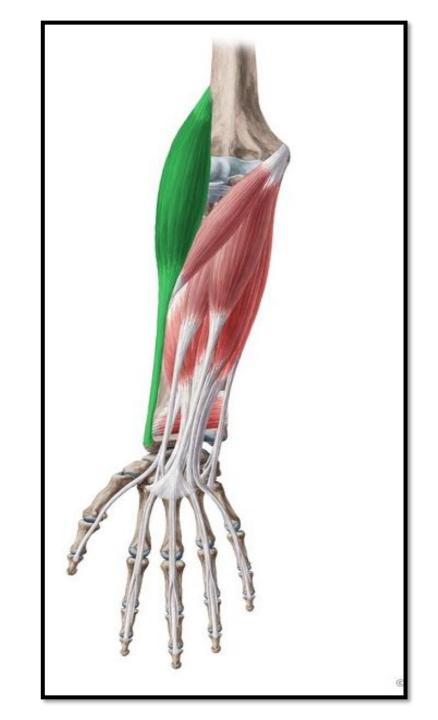
Base of styloid process of radius.

## **Nerve supply:**

Radial nerve.

#### **Action:**

Flexion of elbow at midprone position.



# 2- Extensor carpi radialis longus

## **Origin:**

Lower 1/3 of lateral supracondylar ridge of the humerus.

#### **Insertion:**

Posterior surface of base of 2<sup>nd</sup> metacarpal bone.

## **Nerve supply:**

Radial nerve.

#### **Action:**

Extension and abduction of wrist.



# 3- Extensor carpi radialis brevis

#### **Origin:**

Common extensor origin (front of lateral epicondyle of the humerus).

#### **Insertion:**

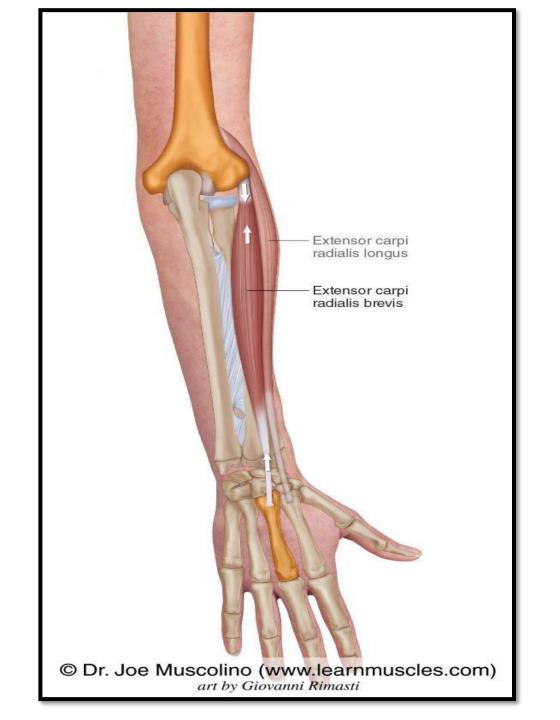
Posterior surface of base of 3<sup>rd</sup> metacarpal bone.

### **Nerve supply:**

Posterior interosseous nerve.

#### **Actions:**

**Extension and abduction of wrist.** 



# 4- Extensor digitorum

Origin: Common extensor origin.

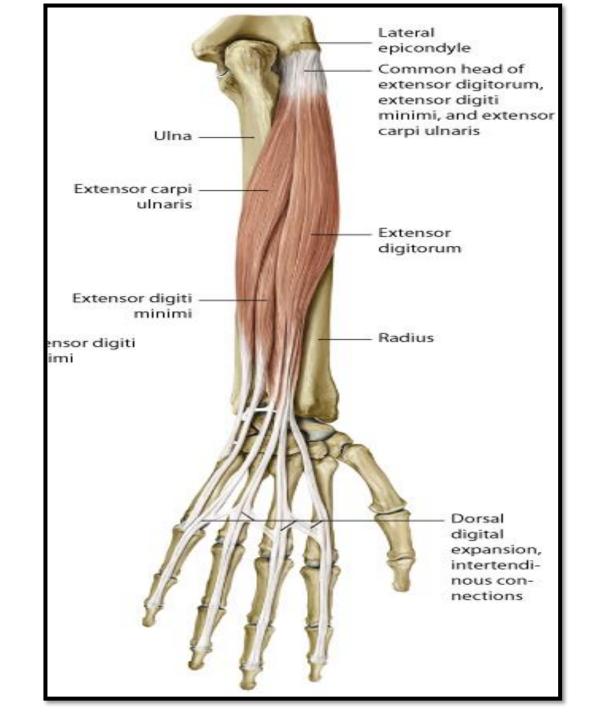
**Insertion:** 

The tendons expands on the posterior surface of proximal phalanges of the medial 4 fingers forming the extensor expansion. Each extensor expansion splits into 3 slips: a central slip inserted into the base of the middle phalanx, and 2 lateral slips which are inserted into the base of distal phalanx.

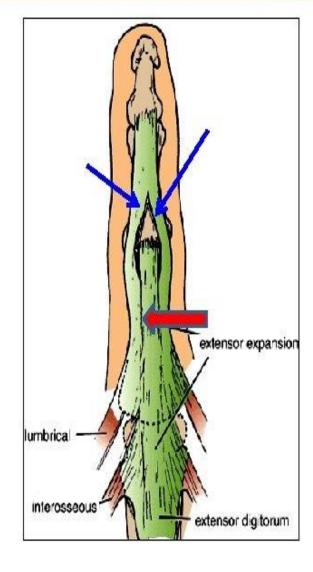
**Nerve supply:** Posterior interosseous nerve.

#### **Actions:**

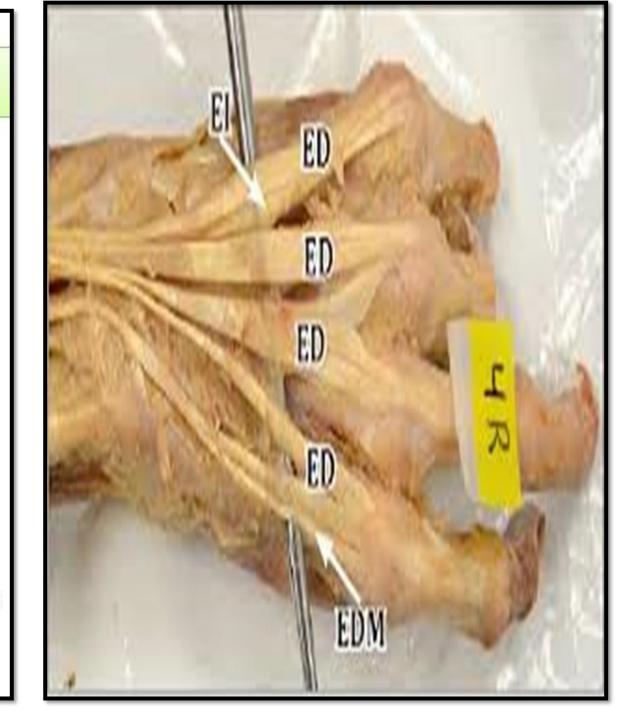
- -Extension of all joints of the medial 4 fingers.
- -It helps in extension of the wrist.

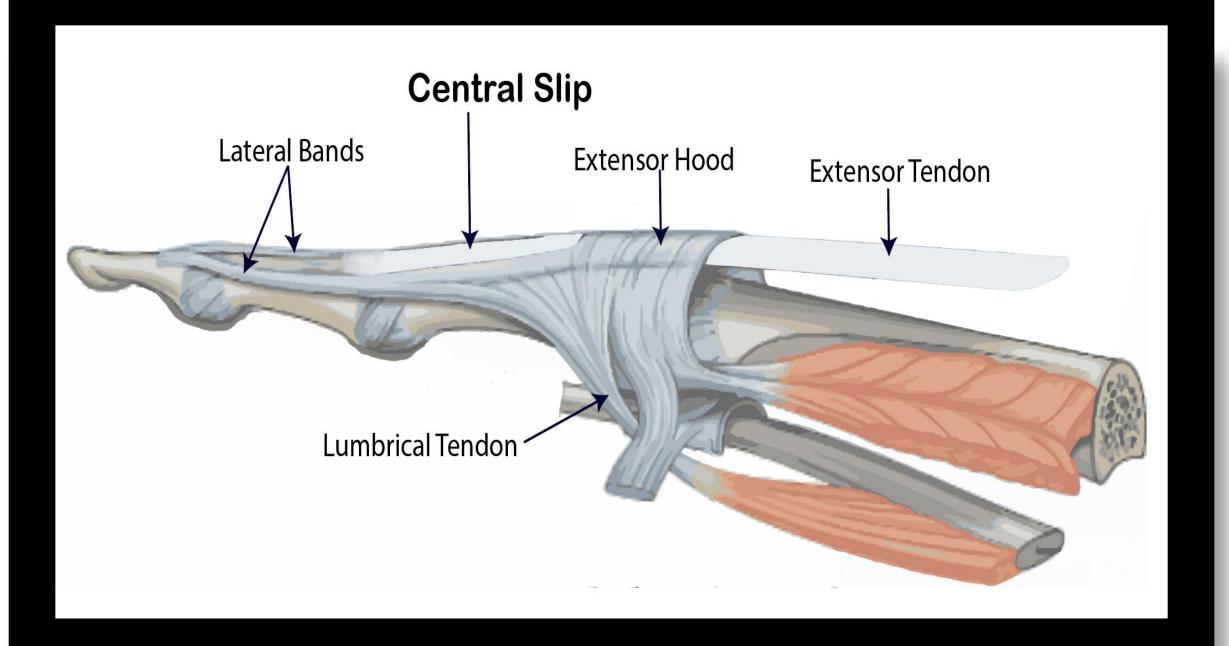


# **Extensor Expansion**



- Formed from the expansion of extensor digitorum tendons
- At the PIJ, the expansion splits into 3 parts
  - One Central inserted into the base of Middle phalanx.
  - Two laterals inserted into the base of the Distal phalanx.
- The Expansion Receives the insertions of:
  - Corresponding
     Interosseous muscle (on each side).
  - Lumbrical muscle (on the lateral side).





# 5- Extensor digiti minimi

# **Origin:**

Common extensor origin.

#### **Insertion:**

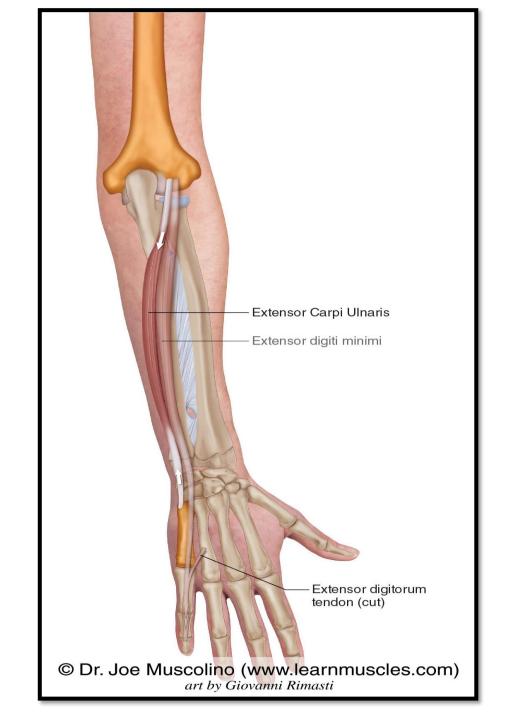
• Extensor expansion of the little finger.

# **Nerve supply:**

· Posterior interosseous nerve.

#### **Actions:**

- Extension of all joints of little finger
- Extension of wrist.



# 6- Extensor carpi ulnaris

### **Origin:**

Common extensor origin.

Posterior border of ulna.

#### **Insertion:**

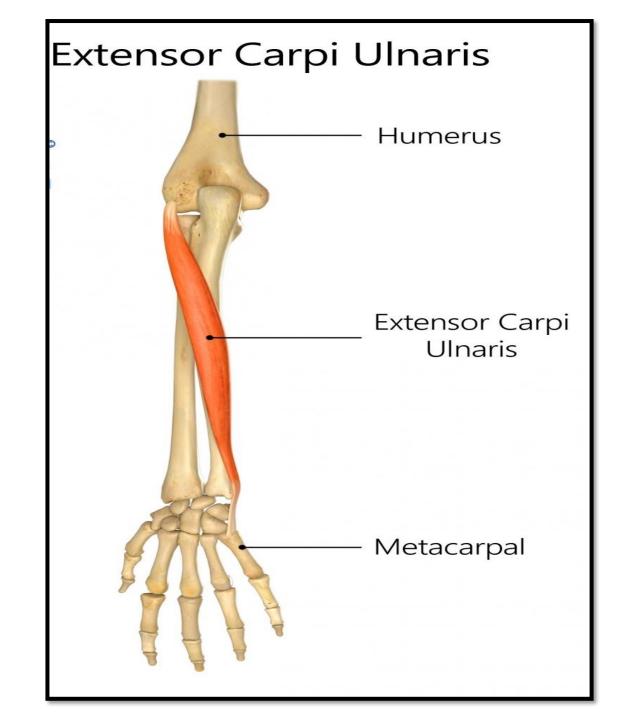
Posterior surface of the base of 5<sup>th</sup> metacarpal bone.

## **Nerve supply**

Posterior interosseous nerve.

#### **Actions:**

Extension and adduction of the wrist.



# 7- Anconeus

# **Origin:**

Posterior aspect of lateral epicondyle of humerus.

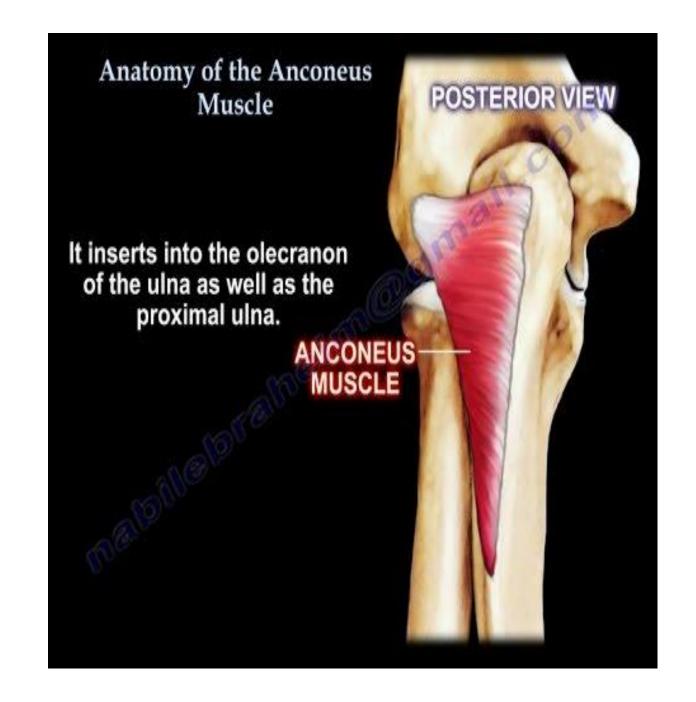
#### **Insertion:**

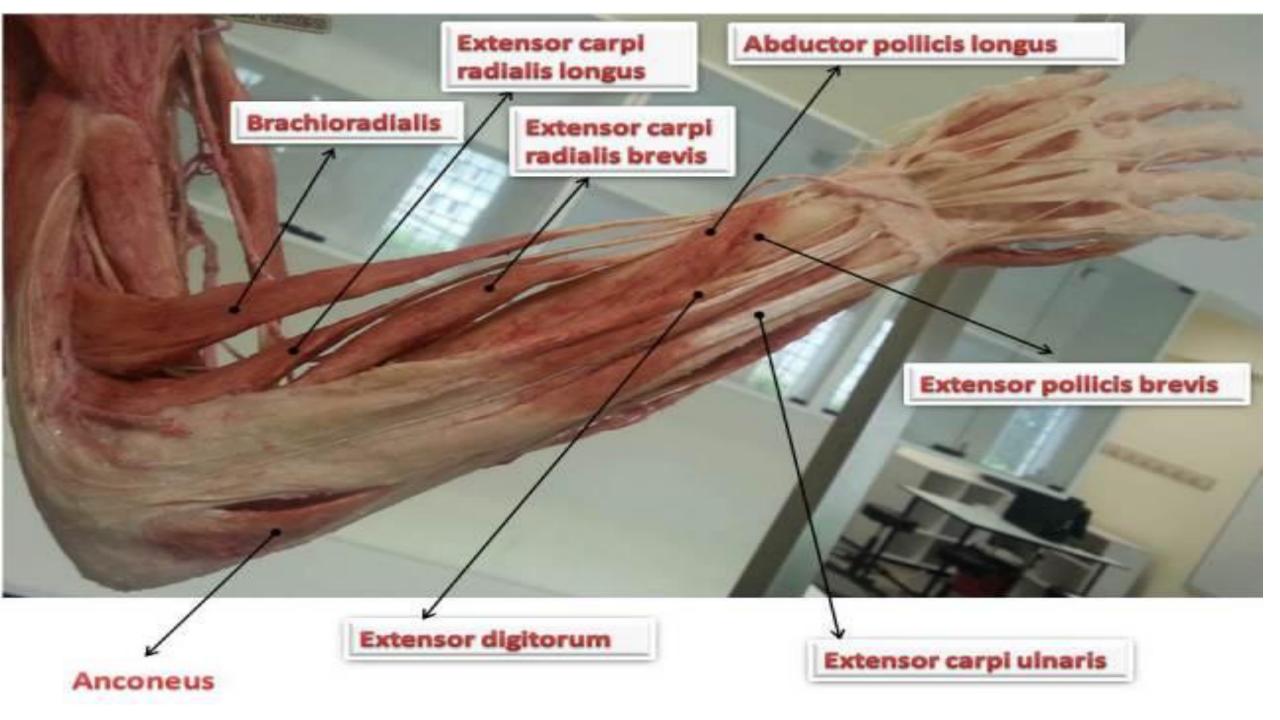
Lateral surface of olecranon process of ulna Nerve supply:

Radial nerve.

#### **Action:**

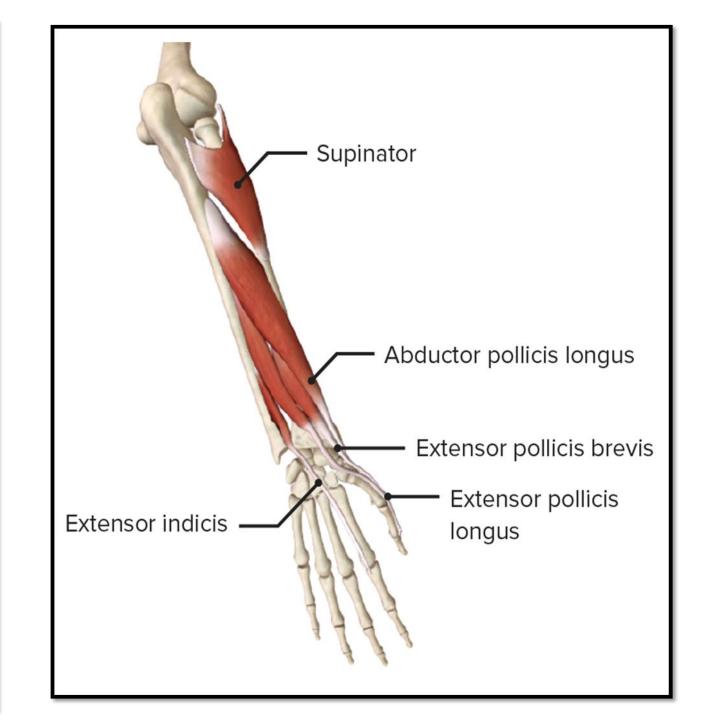
It helps in extension of elbow.



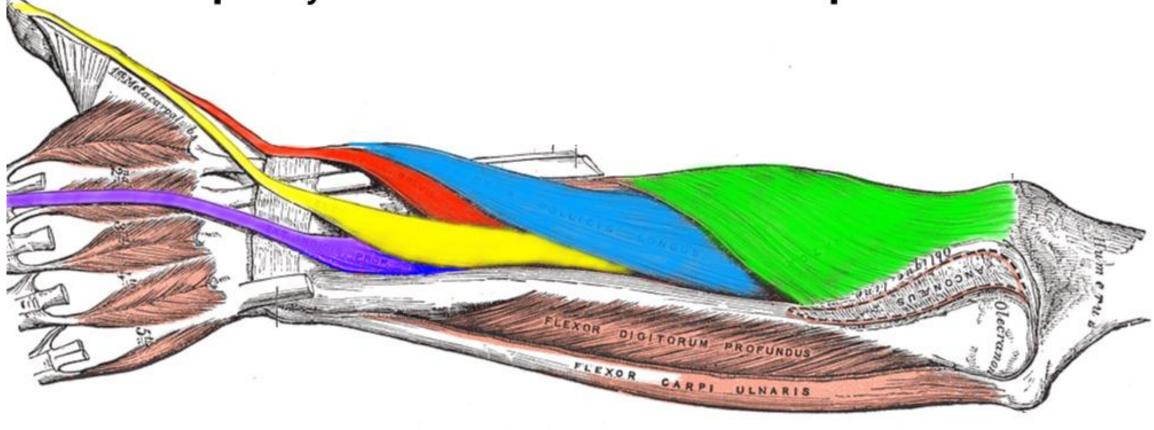


# Deep Group

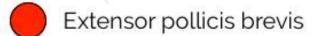
- Supinator
- Abductor pollicis longus
- Extensor pollicis brevis
- Extensor pollicis Longus
- Extensor indicis
- Except for the supinator muscle, all these deep layer muscles originate from the posterior surfaces of the radius, ulna, and interosseous membrane and pass into the thumb and fingers.



# Deep Layer of the Posterior Compartment









Abductor pollicis longus



