

Shagaf

Molecular Bio Mid

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Q1. What is the estimated frequency of genetically determined disease is abo	out
A) 1% – 2%	
B) 2.5% – 3.5%	
C) 3.5% - 5%	
D) 5.5% – 7%	
	Ans : c
Q2. Which of the following statements about DNA is incorrect?	
A) DNA is a double helix.	
B) The distance between adjacent nucleotides is 34 Å.	
C) DNA strands run in an antiparallel direction.	
D) The bases in DNA are adenine, thymine, cytosine, and guanine.	
	Ans : B
Q3. How does uracil (U) differ from thymine (T)?	
A) Anosit has an additional hudrowy anoun	
A) Uracil has an additional hydroxyl group. B) Thuming has an additional phosphate group	
B) Thymine has an additional phosphate group. C) Uracil lacks a methyl group at the carbon 5 position.	
D) Thymine has an extra nitrogen atom.	
	Ans : c
Q4. Deoxydenosine : has sugar	
Q5. Which of the following statements about DNA is correct?	
A) The distance between adjacent nucleotides is 34 Å.	
B) DNA strands are parallel to each other.	
C) The bond is always between purines and pyrimidines.	
D) Uracil is present in DNA instead of thymine.	ても
Ans : c	
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Q6. Which of the following statements about the phosphate group in nucleic acids is incorrect?

A) The phosphate group is part of the backbone of DNA and RNA.

- B) The phosphate group is involved in forming phosphodiester bonds.
- C) The third hydroxyl group binds to the sugar to form a phosphodiester bond.
- D) Phosphodiester bonds link the 5' carbon of one sugar to the 3' carbon of the next sugar.

Ans : c

Q7. Which of the following statements about the hydrogen bonding between guanine and cytosine is correct?

A) The NH group of guanine forms a hydrogen bond with the N3 position of cytosine.

- B) The NH group of guanine forms a hydrogen bond with the NI position of cytosine.
- C) The NH group of guanine forms a hydrogen bond with the O2 position of cytosine.
- D) The NH group of guanine forms a hydrogen bond with the C5 position of cytosine.

Ans : A

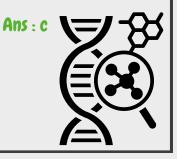
Q8. Which of the following statements about the helix-turn-helix motif is incorrect?

- A) It consists of two α -helices connected by a short turn.
- B) It is commonly found in DNA-binding proteins.
- C) It consists of parallel β -sheets.
- D) It is involved in the recognition and binding of specific DNA sequences.

Ans : c

Q9. Which of the following statements about the zinc finger motif is incorrect?

- A) The nucleotide recognition signal is contained within a helix and eta-sheet.
- B) Zinc ions are essential for the structural stability of zinc fingers.
- C) Zinc finger motifs are exclusively composed of α -helices.
- D) Zinc finger motifs can bind to DNA, RNA, or proteins.



Q10. Which of the following statements about mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) is incorrect?		
A) mtDNA lacks exons.		
B) mtDNA is circular in structure.		
C) mtDNA encodes essential proteins for mitochondrial function.		
D) mtDNA is inherited maternally.		
Ans : A		
Q11. The end of chromosomes is		
A. Telomere		
B. Telomerase		
Ans : A		
Q13. What is the typical sequence of telomeres in humans?		
A) ATCGAT		
B) GCGCGC		
C) TTAGGG		
D) AACCAA		
Ans : c		
Q14. Karyotyping nomenclature 47,XX,+21		
Is it?		
A. female with one extra chromosome at 21 (dawn syndrome)		
B. Male with one extra chromosome at 21 (dawn syndrome)		
C. Female with one missing chromosome at 21 (dawn syndrome)		
C. Temate with one missing the onosome at 21 (dawn sgirdrome) Ans : A		
Q15. Which term describes the duplication of a chromosome segment that is located immediately		
adjacent to the original segment on the same chromosome?		
A) Translocation		
B) Tandem duplication		
C) Inversion		
D) Deletion		
Ans : B		
Q16. Which genetic syndrome is characterized by the following features: mental deficiency,		
deafness, cleft lip, and cardiac anomalies?		
A) Down syndrome		
B) Turner syndrome		
C) Patau syndrome		
D) Klinefelter syndrome		
Ans : C		

Q17. What is the function of sliding clamp ?	
bind DNA polymerase at the DNA strand and prevent dissociating	
Q18. Which enzyme is primarily responsible for removing the RNA primer during DNA replication?	
A. DNA polymerase III	
B. DNA ligase	
C. Helicase	
D. RNase H	
Ans : D	
Q19. Which transcription factor is responsible for targeting RNA polymerase II to the	
promoter during transcription initiation?	
A. TEIIA	
B. TFIIB	
C. TFIIF	
D. TFIIH	
U. ITIIN	
Ans : C	

Q2O. Which subunit of prokaryotic RNA polymerase is primarily responsible for the initiation of transcription by recognizing and binding to promoter regions? السوال تقريبا

- A. Alpha (α) subunit
- **B. Beta** (β) subunit
- **C. Sigma** (σ) factor
- D. Omega (w) subunit



Lab questions QI. DNA can be extracted from all of the following except: A. Skin cells B. White blood cells (WBCs) **C. Hair follicles** D. Red blood cells (RBCs) Ans · D Q2. All of the following statements are incorrect except: A. Miniprep kits are used for extracting large quantities of plasmid DNA ($100-350 \mu g$). B. Midiprep kits are used for extracting small quantities of plasmid DNA (1-20 μ g). C. Midiprep kits are used for extracting medium quantities of plasmid DNA (100-350 μ g). D. Maxiprep kits are used for extracting small quantities of plasmid DNA (1-20 μ g). Ans · C Q3. Which of the following outlines the correct principle of DNA extraction? A. Cell lysis, protection, purification B. Cell lysis, denaturation, replication C. Protection, purification, transcription D. Replication, cell lysis, purification Ans : A Q4. All of the following is correct except? Milli Q water is deionized water to remove DNA or RNA segments Q5. The interaction of DNA with silica in extraction protocols primarily depends on: A. The hydrophobic interactions between DNA and silica. B. The positive charge of the silica surface. C.The negative charge of DNA's phosphate backbone. Ans: (

Lab questions

Q6. All of the following correct about features of automated magnetic beads mode except ? centrifuge is necessary and important

Q7. If the OD (0.2) and the dilution factor (10) , calculate the yield of 50 microl

- A. 5000 ng
- B. 500ng
- C. 5ng

Q8. A 260/280 ratio of 1.7 in a nucleic acid sample most likely indicates:

- A. High purity of nucleic acids
- B. Contamination with proteins
- C. Contamination with RNA
- D. Insufficient sample concentration

Q9. What is the primary function of Ethidium bromide in molecular biology?

- A. Inhibiting DNA replication
- B. Breaking down RNA molecules
- C. Visualizing DNA under UV light
- **D. Enhancing PCR amplification**

Ans : c

Ans : B

QIO. Theis a technique used to find the integrity of DNA & the is an instrument used to find the purity

Ans : Elecrophoresis&Nanodrop

