

# **ARCH ROUH**

**PSYCHOLOGY** 

















July 30, 2023

لجنة الطب والجراحة



1)A person who is preoccupied with fears of havinga serious disease suffers from: Select one:

- a. obsession
- b. somatization
- c. hypochondriasis
- d. conversion disorders (Somatoform disorder)
- e. none of provided answers

ANS: C

2)It's so unfair! My mum doesn't care how much Icry and scream, she won't get me a car. She doesn't even care about me! She hates me!". What defense mechanism does this demonstrate:

#### Select one:

- a. rationalization
- b. reaction formation
- c. regression
- d. repression
- e. denial

ANS:C

3)From a socio-cultural perspective, which accurately describes the etiology of schizophrenia

#### Select one:

- a. relatives of individuals diagnosed with schizophrenia have a much higher probability of developing the disease
- b. structural brain abnormalities, such as enlarged ventricles, cause schizophrenia
- c. disordering of pyramidal cells in the hippocampus contributes to the cause of schizophrenia
- d. greater numbers of individuais from lower socioeconomic backgrounds are diagnosed with schizophrenia

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e. none of provided answers

ANS: D

describes a partial or total loss of memory. There are which refers to an inability to recall events prior to injury, and	
4)describes a partial or total loss of memory. There are	two subtypes:
which refers to an inability to recall events prior to injury, and	which refers to an
inability to	
Selectione:	
brain injury	er events subsequent to
h amnesia: retrograde amnesia: anterograde amnesia: remen	nher events subsequent
to brain injury	inder events subsequent
c partial amnesia: anterograde amnesia: retrograde amnesia:	remember events
subsequent to brain injury	
d. amnesia; retrograde amnesia; anterograde amnesia; remen	nber personally
meaningful	. ,
events	
e. partial amnesia; anterograde amnesia: partial amnesia; rem	nember events
subsequent to brain	
injury	. A 1
	ANS: E
s) According to Maclow, the self-actualizing tendency is	
Select one:	
a instinct	
b. imprinting	
C. growth Motivation	
d. deficiency motivation	
e. nane of provided answers	
	ANS:0
6) Loss of memory on period of absence of consciousness is kr	nown as:
Select one:	
a. congrade amnesia	
b. fragmentive amnesia	
C. retarded amnesia	
d. paramnesia e. none of provided answers	
e. Holle of provided allswers	
	ANS:A
7)Motivation is the process of initiating, and directing activ	
Select one:	J
a. supplying	
b. sustaining	
C. surveying	
d. suspending	
e. activate.	
	ANS:E

8) What is the ld:

Select one:

- a. part of the psyche that controls impulses
- b. part of the psyche that reduces anxiety
- C. a description of innate instinctual needs
- d. part of the psyche that controls our morals
- e. part of the Ego state designed to reduce barriers

**ANS:C** 

9) Samira decides to go out and party the whole week before her midterm instead of study. She fails her midterm, and tells her parents that she ailed it due to being sick and not getting enoughsleep. This is an example of what defense mechanism:

Select one:

- a. rationalization
- b. denial
- C. repression
- d. reaction Formation
- e. regression

**ANS:A** 

- 10) The way she spoke to me was completely unacceptable, but she's going through a tough time at the moment. I'd react the same way if my mother had just died." What defense mechanism am I expressing: Select one
- a. regression
- b. repression
- c. displacement
- d. identification
- e. reaction formation

ANS:D

11) Which of the following is an example of repression:

Select one:

- a. stopping yourself from behaving the way you want to
- b. suppressing bad memories or current thoughts that cause anxiety
- C. suppressing your natural instincts d. stopping others from behaving inappropriately
- e. none of provided answers

ANS:B

- 12)The prominent symptoms lasting for at least 1 month that are diagnostic for paranoid schizophrenia are: Select one:
- a. delusions and hallucinations
- b. poverty of speech with apathy
- c. bizarre behaviours associated with drug use
- d. disturbed relationships and poor grooming
- e. none of provided answers

ANS:A

13) Ali is a shop ovwner and a thief. He automatically accuses anyone who looks suspicious in his store of slealing. This is an example of what defense mechanismn: Select one:

a. repression b. reaction Formation C. denial d. projection e. rationalization ANS:D 14) The three primary negative symptoms of schizophrenia include: Select one: a. alogia, hallucination and delusion b. social withdrawal, lack of affect, and reduced motivation. c. hallucination, delusion and a volition d. illusion, delusion and self care deficit e. none of provided answers ANS:B 15) past events thought to be at present: A) fixative amnesia B) Ekmnesia C) pseudoreminiscence D) affectogenic amnesia E) Fragmentive amnesia **ANS:B** 16) a runner trains twice as hard after suffering from a big loss A) compensation B)denial C) sublimation D) projection E) repression ANS: A 17) super-eqo: A) to live in perfection B) to live according to reality C) basis of defense mechanisms ANS:A 18) the correct related to group therapy of schizophrenia: A) needed for the patient to learn from other patients B) needed for group activities C) All of the above **ANS:C** 19) motivation sequence is: A) reinforcment-drive-behavioral response B) need-drive-behavioral response C) drive-need-behavioral response D) need-behavioral response-need E) non of the above

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- 20) alogia:
- A) inability to respond to pleasure activities
- B) inability to enjoy foods
- C) inability to respond to social clues
- D) inability to show facial expressions
- E) non of the above

**ANS:C** 

21) a nurse was fired from work, so she blamed her co-workers, this defense mechanism is:

- A) rationalization
- B)denial
- C) displacement
- D) projection
- E) sublimation

**ANS:A** 

- 22) the most commn age for onset of schizophrenic disorder:
- A) childhood
- B)early adolescence
- C) early adulthood
- D) late adulthood
- E) non of the above

ANS:C

- 23) Hassan drinks alcohol alot, so his friends alert him about that. However, he says that he has no problem of drinking:
- A) rationalization
- B)projection
- C) displacement
- D) reaction formation
- E) denial

**ANS:E** 

24) Bakri took 10 minutes to recall something what's the mental operation?

- A- ego
- B superego
- C- preconscious
- D conscious
- E- unconscious

ANS:C

- 25) Instead of taking out his anger on others, Nathan, when he gets really angry, plays the saxophone. This is an example of what defense mechanism?
- a. Repression
- b. Sublimation
- c. Denial

d. Reaction Formation

e. Projection

Answer: b

### 26)Motives are:

- a. Internal sources of behavior
- b. External sources of behavior
- c. Natural sources of behavior
- d. Both subjective and objective sources of behavior
- e. None of the above

Answer: a

## 27) Empathy involves:

- A. feeling sorry for someone,
- B. putting others before yourself.
- C. putting yourself in someone else's shoes.
- D. putting yourself before others

Answer: c

28)In Schizophrenia psychotic symptoms such as hallucinations delusions, disorganised speech and grossly disorganised or catatonic behaviours are known as:

- a. Negative symptoms
- b. Positive symptoms
- c. Mediating symptoms
- d. Catastrophic symptoms

**ANS:B** 

29) Which of the following refers to when an individual with Schizophrenia believes they are someone with fame

or power?

- a. Delusions of grandeur
- b. Delusions of control
- c. Delusions of reference
- d. Nihilistic delusions

**ANS:A** 

- 30) In Schizophrenia the when an individual believes that messages are being sent directly to him or her, this is referred to as:
- a. Delusions of persecution
- b. Nihilistic delusions
- c. Delusions of reference
- d. Delusions of persecution

**ANS:C** 

31) Which of the following ways might hallucinations be experienced in Schizophrenia,?

- a. Auditory
- b. Olfactory
- c. Gustatory
- d. All of the above

ANS:D

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32)- In Schizophrenia a reality-monitoring defici	nd ideas they generated themselves
b. Problems with memory loss	nd ideas triey generated triemserves
c. Problems with spatial ability	
d. Problems distinguishing between what actua	ally occurred and what did not
d. I Toblems distinguishing between what actua	ANS.
22)- Catatonic Behaviour in Schizonhrenia is cha	eracterised by which if the following:
a Resisting attempts to be moved	racterised by which it the following.
h Maintaining rigid immobile postures	
c. Decrease in reactivity to the environment	
d All of the above	
	ANS:
34)- Affective flattening in Schizophrenia Is cha	racterised by which of the following
32)- In Schizophrenia a reality-monitoring deficite a. Problems distinguishing between thoughts a b. Problems with memory loss c. Problems with spatial ability d. Problems distinguishing between what actual 33)- Catatonic Behaviour in Schizophrenia is chara. Resisting attempts to be moved b. Maintaining rigid, immobile postures c. Decrease in reactivity to the environment d. All of the above  34)- Affective flattening in Schizophrenia Is chara. Expressionless and unresponsive facial appear b. Lack of eye contact c. Monotonous voice tone d. All of the above  35) Paranoid schizophrenia is a sub-type of Schira. The presence of delusions or auditory hallucing c. The severe disturbances of motor behaviour d. A lack of prominent positive symptoms with the severe described by:  a. The presence of delusions or auditory hallucing b. A lack of prominent positive symptoms with the severe described by:  a. The presence of delusions or auditory hallucing b. A lack of prominent positive symptoms with the lack	irance
b. Lack of eve contact	
c. Monotonous voice tone	
d. All of the above	
	ANS:
35) Paranoid schizophrenia is a sub-type of Schi	zophrenia which is characterised by:
a. The presence of disorganised behaviour and f	lat or inappropriate affect
b. The presence of delusions or auditory hallucing	nations
c. The severe disturbances of motor behaviour	
d. A lack of prominent positive symptoms with	evidence of on-going negative symptoms
	ANS: E
36) - A sub-type of Schizophrenia known as Res	idual Type schizophrenia is characterised
by:	
a. The presence of delusions or auditory hallucing	nations
b. A lack of profilment positive symptoms with	evidence of on-going negative symptoms
c. The presence of disorganised behaviour and f	lat or inappropriate affect
d. The severe disturbances of motor behavior	
	ANS:E
37) - people who have been diagnosed with	
bizarre, stationary poses for many hours, and th	
their limbs can be 'moulded' into new positions	by others.
a. Disorganised	
b. Undifferentiated	
c. Catatonic	
d. Paranoid	
	ANG
20) Botty is an any with Matt. but avantually sha	ANS:
38) Betty is angry with Matt, but eventually she	becomes menus and is nice to nim. This is
example of what defense mechanism?	
example of what defense mechanism?	
•	
a. Reaction Formation	

- b. Denial
- c. Rationalization
- d. Sublimation

**ANS:A** 

39) Bad things happened to me in my past, but I've unconsciously buried them deep in my mind." What defence mechanism am I demonstrating?

- a. Repression
- b. Identification
- c. Projection
- d. Denial

**ANS:A** 

- 40) What is a defence mechanism?:
- a. Any form of martial arts.
- b. A mechanism designed to reduce stress and conflict caused by specific experiences.
- c. A method for negotiating a stage of development.
- d. A mechanism designed to remove psychological barriers

**ANS:B** 

41) - In psychoanalytic theory, \_\_\_\_\_ is the defense mechanism that involves expressing feelings toward a person who is less threatening than the person who is the true target.

- a.regression
- b.rationalization
- c.projection
- d.displacement

ANS:D

- 42) Illusion is.....?
- a Distortion of existing stimuli
- b The same as hallucination
- c The result of innate mechanism
- d Not based on external reality

**ANS:A** 

