Sychology



Archive

Lecture 6



Lecture 6

- 1. A 29-year-old client has been admitted to the psychiatric unit with diagnosis of paranoid schizophrenia because of strange behaviors that alarmed his neighbors. The doctor would expect him to exhibit which behavior:
- A. psychomotor retardation and posturing
- B. regressed, childlike behavior
- C. euphoric mood and sexual acting out
- D. extreme suspiciousness, grandiose delusions, and hostile behavior
- E. all of the provided answers

Answer: D

- 2. From a socio-cultural perspective, which accurately describes the etiology of schizophrenia:
- A. relatives of individuals diagnosed with schizophrenia have a much higher probability of developing the disease
- B. structural brain abnormalities, such as enlarged ventricles, cause schizophrenia
- C. disordering of pyramidal cells in the hippocampus contributes to the cause of schizophrenia
- D. greater numbers of individuals from lower socioeconomic backgrounds are diagnosed with schizophrenia
- E. none of provided answers

Answer: D

- 3. Schizophrenia is characterized by:
- A. emotional disturbances and high levels of anxiety
- B. the presence of two or more distinct personalities
- C. loss of memory or personal identity
- D. a fragmentation of thought processes
- E. all of the provided answers

Answer: D

- 4. Best prognosis is seen with which symptom of schizophrenia:
- A. apathy
- B. anhedonia
- C. auditory hallucination
- D. poverty of thought
- E. lack of initiation

Answer: C

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- 5. The prominent symptoms lasting for at least 1 month that are diagnostic for paranoid schizophrenia are:
- A. delusions and hallucinations
- B. poverty of speech with apathy
- C. bizarre behaviors associated with drug use
- D. disturbed relationships and poor grooming
- E. none of provided answers

Answer: A

- 6. Although symptoms of schizophrenia occur at various times in the life span, what client would be at highest risk for the diagnosis:
- A. a 10 year old girl
- B. a 20 year old man
- C. a 50 year old woman
- D. a 55 years old man
- E. a 65 year old man

Answer: B

- 7. The three primary negative symptoms of schizophrenia include:
- A. alogia, hallucination and delusion
- B. Social withdrawal, lack of affect, and reduced motivation.
- C. hallucination, delusion and a volition
- D. illusion delusion and self-care deficit
- E. none of provided answers

Answer: B

- 8. A 29-year-old client has been admitted to the psychiatric unit with diagnosis of paranoid schizophrenia because of strange behaviors that alarmed his neighbors. The doctor would expect him to exhibit which behavior:
- A. psychomotor retardation and posturing
- B. regressed, childlike behavior
- C. euphoric mood and sexual acting out
- D. extreme suspiciousness, grandiose delusions, and hostile behavior
- E. all of the provided answers

Answer: D

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- 9. From a socio-cultural perspective, which accurately describes the etiology of schizophrenia:
- A. relatives of individuals diagnosed with schizophrenia have a much higher probability of developing the disease
- B. structural brain abnormalities, such as enlarged ventricles, cause schizophrenia
- C. disordering of pyramidal cells in the hippocampus contributes to the cause of schizophrenia
- D. greater numbers of individuals from lower socioeconomic backgrounds are diagnosed with schizophrenia
- E. none of provided answers

Answer: D

- 10. Schizophrenia is characterized by: Select one:
- A. emotional disturbances and high levels of anxiety
- B. the presence of two or more distinct personalities
- C. loss of memory or personal identity
- D. a fragmentation of thought processes
- E. all of the provided answers

Answer: D

- 11. Best prognosis is seen with which symptom of Schizophrenia: Select one:
- A. apathy
- B. anhedonia
- C. auditory hallucination
- D. poverty of thought
- D. lack of initiation

Answer: C

- 12. The prominent symptoms lasting for at least 1 month that are diagnostic for paranoid schizophrenia are: Select one:
- A. delusions and hallucinations
- B. poverty of speech with apathy
- C. bizarre behaviors associated with drug use
- D. disturbed relationships and poor grooming
- E. none of provided answers

Answer: A

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13. Although symptoms of Schizophrenia occur at various times in the life span, what client would be at highest risk for the diagnosis: Select one:

A. a 10 year old girl

B. a 20 year old man

C. a 50 year old woman

D. a 55 years old man

E. a 65 year old man

Answer: B

- 14. The three primary negative symptoms of schizophrenia include: Select one:
- A. alogia, hallucination and delusion
- B. social withdrawal, lack of affect, and reduced motivation.
- C. hallucination, delusion and a volition
- D. illusion, delusion and self care deficit
- E. none of provided answers

Answer: B

- 15. Patient with catatonic schizophrenia, best behavior to deal with him
- A. give him his physical needs
- B. allow him to express his behaviors
- C. treatment with lithium
- D. keep him lonely in a wide room
- E. all of the above

Answer: A

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- 16. Which of the following is not an example of negative symptoms? Select one:
- A. Concrete thinking
- B. Anhedonia
- C. anergia
- D. Waxy flexibility
- E. Echopraxia

Answer: E



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- 17. Which of the following is correct regarding the genetic predisposition in schizophrenia?
- A. Siblings of a schizophrenic patient have a lower risk for having schizophrenia than the general population
- B. Parents of a schizophrenic child have a lower risk of having schizophrenia than the general population
- C. Siblings of a schizophrenic patient have a higher risk for having a schizophrenia than offspring of parents with schizophrenia
- D. There is not enough evidence to support the genetic predisposition of schizophrenia •
- E. Siblings of a schizophrenic patient have lower risk for having schizophrenia than the offspring of parents with schizophrenia

Answer: C

- 18. Which of the following is our highest priority in caring for patients with schizophrenia? Select one:
- A. Economic implications
- B. Social functioning
- C. Suicide prevention
- D. Medication adherence
- E. Occupational functioning

Answer: C

- 19. Nowadays, the most widely recognized model in the etiology of schizophrenia is:
- A. The cognitive model
- B. The family model
- C. The learning model
- D. The psychological model
- E. The neurobiological model

Answer: E