

Shagaf

Terminology Mid

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final syllable of derivation).

ter·mi·nol·ogy /

(science of the)

in a science of the oranmatical

condition caused by insufficient amount of oxygen intake: A-Dysphonia B-Anthracosis C-asphyxia D-pleurisy	Answer:c
a micro bialtestto identify disease causing organisms of lower	•
respiratory tract	
A-sweattest	
B-spirometer Construm of Cons	
C-sputum c&s	
D.sputum cytology	A
Thomas finger is () to the ning finger	Answer:c
:Thumb finger is (.)to the ring finger	
A-Distal	
B-Ventral	
C-Serperior	
D-lateral	
	Answer:d
Abnormal breathing pattern with long periods of apnea follows:	wed by
deep and	
rapid breathing	
A.cheyne stokes syndrome	
B.CF	
C.COPD	
D.asthma	
	Answer:a
itis from respiratory destris syndrome	
A. hyaline membrane disease	
B.CF	
C.arelecrasis	
D.emphysema	
	Answer:a

Plane that cutthe body into two equal sides:

- A-Parasagittal plane
- **B-Frontal plane**
- **C-Transverse plane**
- **D-Sagittal plane**
- **E-Coronal plane**

.Answer:d

Ears are....to the nose:

- **A-Posterior**
- **B-Proximal**
- **C-Lateral**
- **D-Anterior**
- E-Distal

Answer:c

The region(5) of the abdomen is called:

A-Leftiliac region

B-Rightiliac region

C-Umbilical region

C-Hypogastric region

D-Epigastric regions

1	2	3
4	5	6
T	8	9

Answer:c

The membrane that surrounds the heart providing it both isolation and supportis:

A.pericardium

B.endocardium

C.myocardium

D.epicardium

Answer:a

Sudden drop in blood pressure when standing up. A.orthostatic hypotension **B.infarct C.**regurgitation **D**.ischemia Answer:a used to dissolve clots? A.thrombolytic therapy B. anti angina **C.ACE** inhibitor D. Nitrates Answer:a Q/severe pain and sensation of constriction around heart; caused by myocardial ischemia: A.hematoma **B.septice** C.angina pectoris D.polythemia vera Answer:c The term angiogram means: A-Inflammation of a vessel **B-Narrowing of a vessel** C-Recorded of a vessel Answer:c The elbow is on of theaspect of the upper extremity. A-anterior **B**-posterior **C**-superior **D**-inferior Answer:b

Number of daughter cells in Mitosis and Meiosis, respectiverly:	
A-2,4	
B-4,4	
C-4,2	
D-2,2	
Ansv	ver:a
Number of phases of mitosis and meiosis, respectively:	
A-4,2	
B-4,4	
C-2,2	
D-2,4	
Ansv	ver:a
One of these is not a characteristic for combining form:	
A- combining form is the combination of the word root	
and the combining vowel	
B-combining vowel could be an o	
C-sometimes combining vowel is an i to make the word roots	
pronunciation	
Easier	
D-its make the pronunciation difficult	
Ansv	ver:d
Prefix is:	
a syllable or syllables attached to the beginning of a	
word or word root to alter its meaning or create a new word	
You can start reading or recognizing the medical term by determine:	
A-suffix	
B-prefix	
C-combining vowel	
Ansv	ver:a

The abdomen to the neck is:

- **A-Inferior**
- **B-Anterior**
- **C-Posterior**
- **D-Superior**

Answer:a

The knee to the lower limb.

A-anterior(the lower limb started from the thigh to the foot)

B-inferior

C-posterior

D-superior

Answer:a

The anatomical position is:

a body posture used to locate anatomical parts in relation to each other

Lithotomy position is:

lying on the back with the hips and knees flexed and the thighs abducted and externally rotated

Parietal.

pertaining to the outer wall of the body cavity

Measurement of blood pressure by the hand;

- a. Sphygmomanometer (an instrument)
- b. Stethoscope

c.thermometer

Answer:a

abnormal heart sound such as soft blowing sound or a harsh click; also called abruit.

A-Murmur

B-Stent

c-pallor

d-infract

answer:a

phlebitis A- Vein(inflamation) **B-heart inflammation C-valve inflammation D-ventricles inflammation** Answer:a area of necrotic tissue due to loss of blood supply A-infarct **B**-anemia C-blood clot **D-polycythemia** Answer:a local and temporary deficiency of blood supply due to a circulatory obstruction A-anemia **B**-nitrates C-stains **D**-ischemia Answer:d sudden drop in blood pressure when standing up suddenly. A-orthostatic hypotension **B-angina** pectoris C-stent **D**-infarct Answer:a stainless steel tube placed within blood vessel to widen the lumen A-stent **B-stethoscope C**-catheter **D**-pallor Answer:a

valvoplasty A-surgical repair of valve **B-inflammation of valve C-pertaining to valve** D-surgical remove of valve Answer:a severe pain and sensation of constriction around heart; caused by myocardial ischemia A-angina pectoris **B-Arrhythmia** C-BBB **D-CABG** Answer:a using a portion of a vein to bypass an occluded coronary artery A-coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) **B-Nitrates C-ACE** inhibitor D-stains Answer:a Drug used for treatment of hypertension A-coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) **B-Nitrates C-ACE** inhibitor **D**-stains **E-Thrombolytic** Answer:c therapy used to dissolve clots A-coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) **B-Nitrates C-ACE** inhibitor **D**-stains **E-Thrombolytic** Answer:e