



Trematodes

Fasciolopsis buski By

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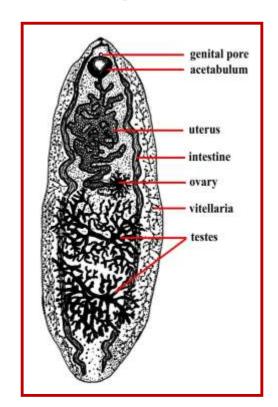
Medical Microbiology and Immunology

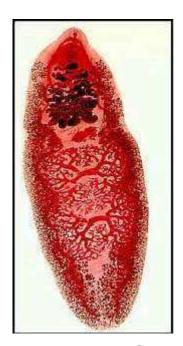
Department

2024-2025

Fasciolopsis buski The giant intestinal fluke

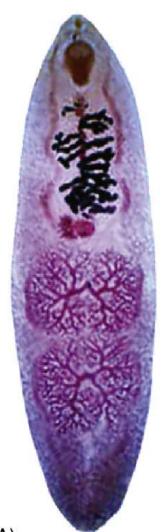
- **❖Geographical distribution:**
- > Far east.
- ➤ More prevalent in areas where pigs are raised.
- **❖Disease:** Fasciolpsiasis



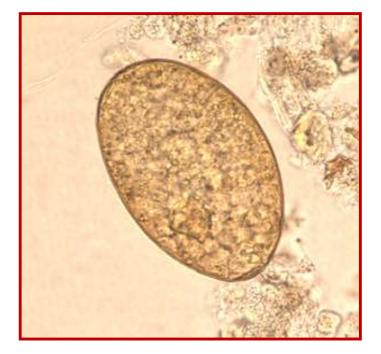


Morphological characters

- Oval in shape covered with spines
- No cephalic cone
- Size: 7 x2 cm
- -Two suckers the oral is smaller than the ventral
- Simple intestinal caeca
- Two branched testes
- Branched ovary in the middle of the body



- **❖Egg (D.S):-**
- **>Size** : 140 x 70 μm.
- **≻Shape**: Oval.
- **>Shell**: Thin, operculated.
- **≻Color**: Yellowish brown.
- **≻Content : Immature (ovum**
- & yolk cells).





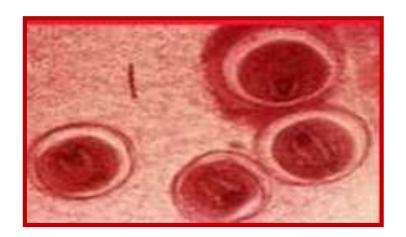
❖I.H: Segmentina snail.

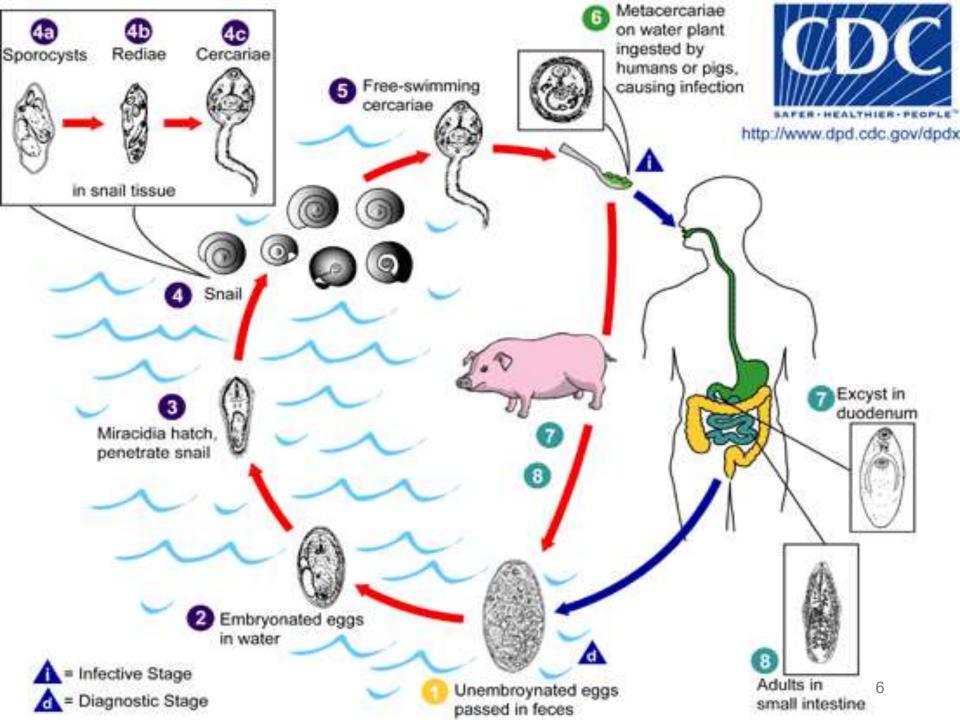
(miracidium → sporocyst → redia

→ cercaria (leptocercous cercaria).



Encysted metacercaria (I.S):
encysted on water plants & in water.





Water plants





Chestnuts

Bamboo

Habitat: upper part of the small intestine

Host

- Definitive host: man
- Intermediate host: segmentina snail
- Reservoir host: pigs

Diagnostic stage: eggs

Infective stage: encysted metacecaria

Mode of infection: Ingestion of water plants (chestnuts and bamboo) or drinking water contaminated with encysted metacercaia

Pathogenesis & symptomatology

❖ Adult worm causes traumatic, mechanical & toxic effects. Ulceration & abscess formation occurs due to its attachment to the intestinal mucosa by the ventral sucker.

Clinical pictures:

- Symptoms depend on the parasitic load:
- 1- Light infection are asymptomatic.
- 2- Moderate infection may presented by abdominal pain, nausea & vomiting especially in the morning.
- 3- Heavy infection causes fever, severe abdominal pain, bloody diarrhea, malabsorption, protein losing enteropathy, generalized oedema due to toxic metabolites, anaemia due to bleeding at the site of attachement & intestinal obstruction.

Diagnosis

1- Clinically (history and examination).

2- Laboratory:

Stool examination to detect eggs.

Treatment

Praziquantel is the drug of choice.





Trematodes

Heterophyes heterophyes

Heterophyes heterophyes (The smallest intestinal worm)

- **❖Geographical distribution :-**
- Far East: China, Japan, Korea, Taiwan.

- **Egypt:** Mainly found in the north part
 - of Delta especially in Borollos and

Manzala lakes.

Morphological characters

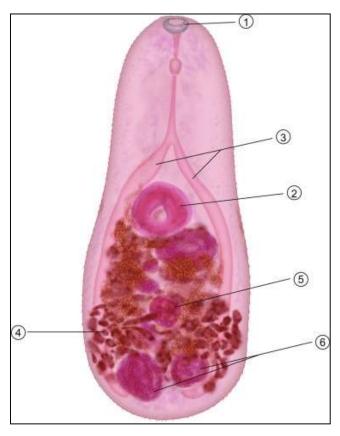
- Shape: pear-shaped with 3 suckers

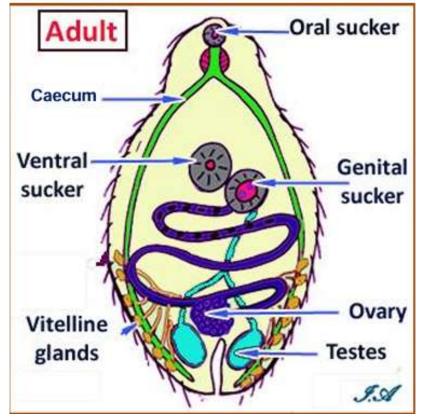
- Size: $2.5 \times 0.75 \text{ mm}$

Globular 2 testes and one globular ovary

-Globular vitelline glands in the

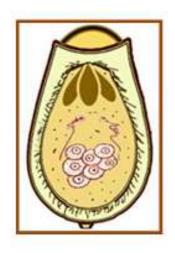
post. third of the body





Eggs (D.S) :-

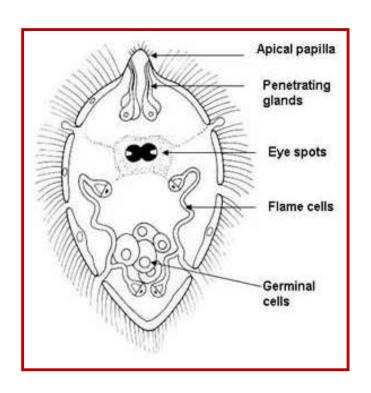
- **≻Size** : 30 x 15 μm.
- ➤ Shape : Oval.
- Shell: Thick with anterior operculum and a small knob at posterior end.
- Color: Yellowish brown.
- **Content**: Mature (miracidium). →

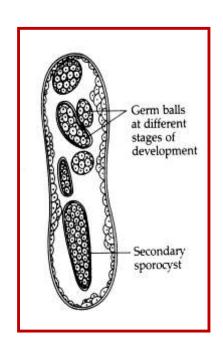




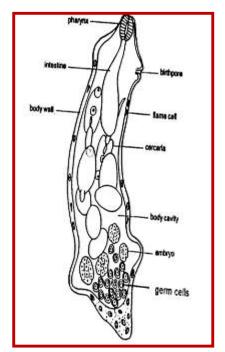
1st IH:

Pirenella conica snail.









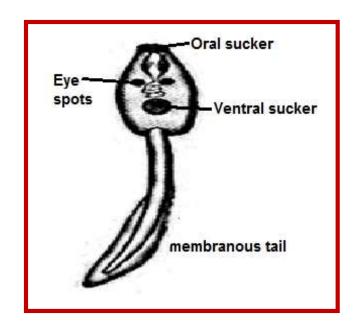






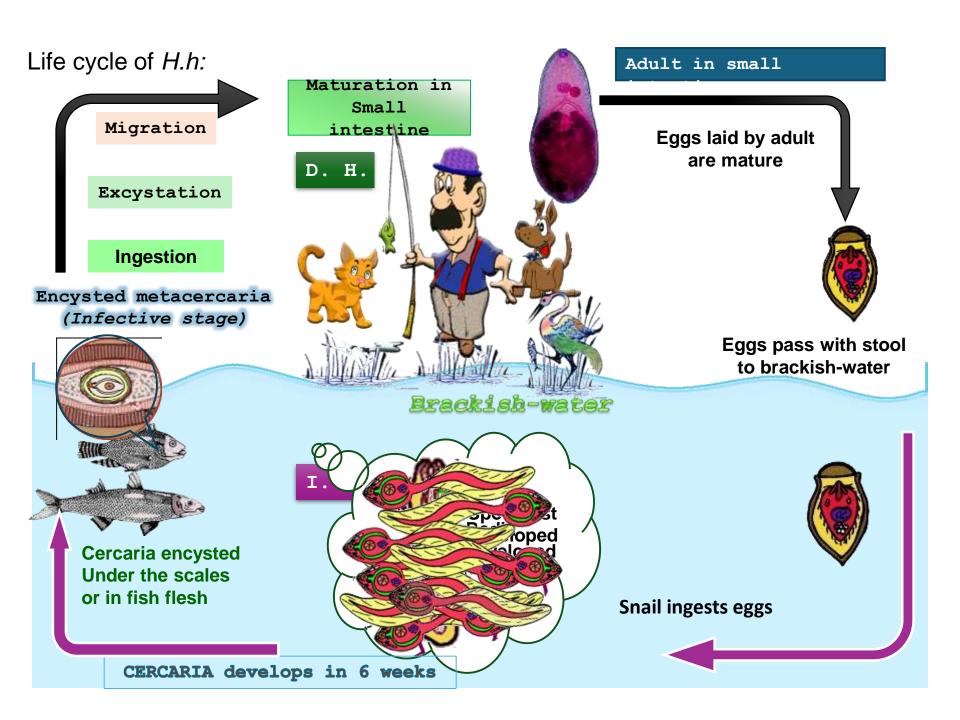
⇔Cercaria:-

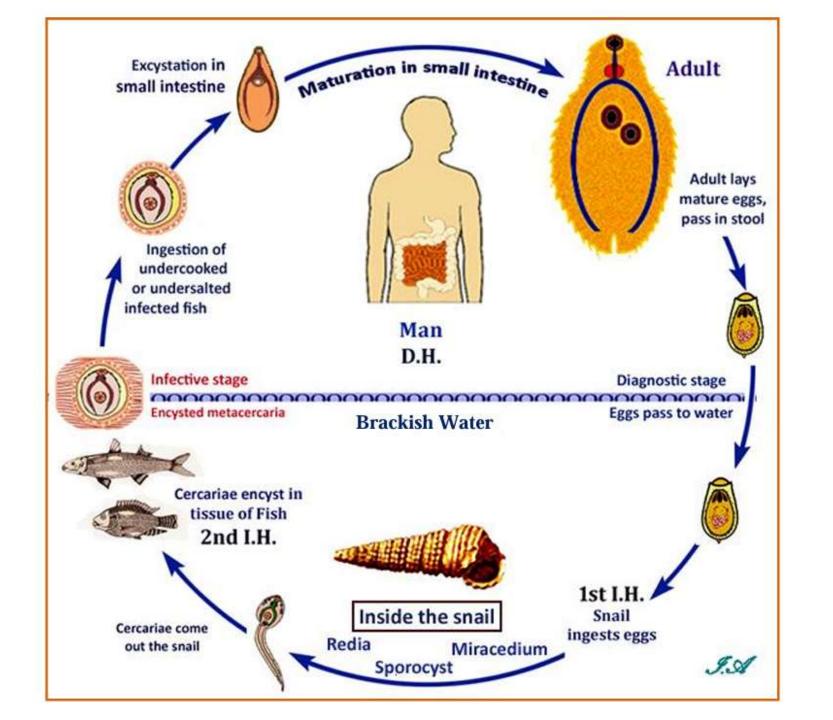
Has body and membranous tail (lophocercous cercaria).



❖Encysted metacercaria (IS) in fish (2nd I H)







❖Habitat :-

Small intestine (deeply embedded between villi).

❖D.H:Man

❖R.H: Fish eating animals (dogs &cats).

❖I.H: 1st → Pirenella conica snail.

2nd **⇒** Brackish water Fish e.g. Boury and Bolty.

❖D.S: Eggs

❖I.S: Encysted metacercaria

Mode of infection: Ingestion of undercooked fish contaminated with encysted metaceracria

Pathogenesis & Symptomatology

Diseases :Heterophyiasis.

1) Intestinal phase

2) Ectopic sites

- Mild inflammatory reaction at the site of attachment.
- In heavy infections,
 damage of the mucosa
 occur → colicky abdominal
 pain and mucus diarrhea.

Sometimes eggs can inter the blood stream (due to its minute size) to reach other organs especially heart (myocarditis & heart failure) and brain (neurological disorders).

Diagnosis

- 1) Clinically.
- 2) Laboratory: Identification of eggs in the stool

Treatment

Praziquantel (Biltricide) is the drug of choice.



 Eating fried or grilled fish better in endemic areas to avoid Heterophyes heterophyes infection?

Mention the complications of

 Fasciolopsis buski and Heterophyes
 heterophyes infection.

