

Major Histocompatibility Complex

- has major role in:

- 1- Antigen presentation
- 2- Transplantation
- 3- Autoimmune disease

→ it's located at the short arm of the chromosome 6

MHC molecules

MHC I

- located in A, B, C regions
- in all nucleated cells
- Present the Ag to Tc

Protein structure

- Heavy chain ($\alpha_1 / \alpha_2 / \alpha_3$)
- microglobulin β_2
- transmembrane and cytoplasmic tail
- α_3 is the constant region binds to CD8

Nature of Ag presented

- endogenous origin
- Enzyme involved in peptide generation \Rightarrow proteasome

Function

- Ag presentation to CTL to check normal expression of cellular proteins

MHC II

- located at D region
- in APCs
 - basophiles
 - DCs
 - M ϕ
- Present Ag to T_H

Protein structure

- Four domains ($\alpha_1 / \alpha_2 / \beta_1 / \beta_2$)
 - * Hyper variable parts (α_1 / β_1)
 - * β_2 is the constant region binds to CD4
- transmembrane and cytoplasmic tail

Nature of Ag presented

- extracellular proteins
- Enzyme involved in peptide generation \Rightarrow endosomal proteases (Cathepsins)

Function

- extracellular antigen presentation

MHC III

- Code for Complement and TNF proteins
- it's secreted proteins
- Has ~~code~~ an immune function
- 1- Complement sys
- 2- inflammatory molecules