

Public Health

Archive

Lecture 4

Medical card .

Name _____

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1. The leading cause of death in Jordan:

- a. Hypertension.
- b. Communicable diseases.
- c. Road traffic accidents.
- d. Neoplasms.
- e. Metabolic diseases.

Answer A.

2. Life expectancy at birth as per Jordan, 2022

- a. 75.1
- b. 73.3
- c. 71.5
- d. 72.5

Answer: B

3. The following are true achievements of Jordan's health system, EXCEPT:

- a. Open heart surgeries in RMS hospitals.
- b. The first kidney transplantation was performed in 1972.
- c. First born IVF baby was in 1987.
- d. Developed legislation to regulate organ donation.
- e. Liver and bone marrow transplantation mainly in MoH hospitals

Answer: E

4. One of the following is FALSE:

- a. UNRWA delivers primary health care services.
- b. UNRWA provides help for refugees to access secondary and tertiary care services.
- c. The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Non for-profit organization.
- d. The National Center for Diabetes, Endocrinology and Genetics (NCDEG) is a Non for-profit organization.
- e. Most of the public sector expenditure goes to primary care services.

Answer: E

5. One of the following is FALSE about hospital beds:

- a. The number of hospital beds describe the capacity of healthcare services.
- b. The number of hospital beds describe the capacity of healthcare services.
- c. It means available and maintained beds with their staff.
- d. Include the immediately available for the care of admitted patients.
- e. Royal Medical Services in Jordan provides the largest number of the total hospital beds in Jordan.

Answer: E

6. One of the following is FALSE among administrative challenges to the health system in Jordan:

- a. Changing the minister of health every few years.
- b. Public sector and private sector work together.
- c. The Higher Health Council absent role in health education policy.
- d. A case of medical errors can take years to be resolved.
- e. The medical technology is developing fast.

Answer: B

7. All of the following are true about healthcare organizations in Jordan, EXCEPT:

- a. The MOH is the largest sub-sector of healthcare in Jordan.
- b. The RMS mainly provides primary healthcare services
- c. The private sector is the second largest provider of health care in Jordan.
- d. The last case of polio in Jordan was in 1992.
- e. The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is non-government.

Answer: B

8. The most of the health professionals in Jordan are:

- a. Female physician
- b. Male physician
- c. Pharmacist
- d. Midwives
- e. Registered nurses

Answer: E

9. Health sector in Jordan excelled in providing tertiary healthcare services. One of the following is NOT included:

- a. Palliative care.
- b. Organ transplantation.
- c. Sophisticated surgeries.
- d. Dialysis.
- e. Treatment of infertility.

Answer: A

10. One of the following is NOT an example of demographic challenges in Jordan:

- a. The high population growth rate
- b. High proportion of young people
- c. The large and unplanned population growth in the urban areas
- d. the increasing rise in the proportion of elderly people
- e. The rising cost of health care

Answer: E

11. One of the following statements about health system in Jordan is WRONG:

- a. The leading causes of death in Jordan is circulatory system diseases
- b. The most common type of cancers is cancer of breast
- c. Dramatic decrease in the risk of infectious disease in recent years
- d. Increasing prevalence of non-communicable diseases.
- e. there have been no recorded cases of either polio or croup since 1992

Answer: B

12. The highest total health expenditure in Jordan is:

- a. Curative.
- b. Primary.
- c. Training.
- d. Administration

Answer: A

13. Choose the WRONG statement:

- a. Jordan is a lower middle- income country.
- b. The proportion of females is more than males to the total population.
- c. The majority of Jordanian population are at the age 15-64 years old.
- d. Average expected life for a male in Jordan is 72.3 years.
- e. Average life expectancy in Jordan is 73.3

Answer: B

