



# QUIZ Time

anatomy 1

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## ANATOMY 1

1. Which of the following is classified as a sesamoid bone?

- A. Patella
- B. Vertebra
- C. Scapula
- D. Femur

Answer: A. Patella

2. The joint between the parietal bones and the occipital bone is an example of which type of joint?

- A. Synchondrosis
- B. Syndesmosis
- C. Suture
- D. Symphysis

Answer: C. Suture

3. Which type of joint is characterized by a joint cavity, articular cartilage, synovial membrane, and articular capsule?

- A. Fibrous joint
- B. Cartilaginous joint
- C. Synovial joint
- D. Gomphosis

Answer: C. Synovial joint

4. What type of movement is permitted by hinge (ginglymus) joints?

- A. Rotation
  - B. Flexion and extension
  - C. Abduction and adduction
  - D. Circumduction
- Answer: B. Flexion and extension

5. Which of the following is an example of a pivot (trochoid) joint?

- A. Elbow joint
- B. Ankle joint
- C. Superior radioulnar joint
- D. Knee joint

Answer: C. Superior radioulnar joint

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6. How many pairs of true ribs are present in the human body?

- A. 5
- B. 7
- C. 10
- D. 12

Answer: B. 7

7. What type of joint is the pubic symphysis classified as?

- A. Synovial joint
- B. Primary cartilaginous joint
- C. Secondary cartilaginous joint
- D. Fibrous joint

Answer: C. Secondary cartilaginous joint

8. Which bone is an example of an irregular bone?

- A. Femur
- B. Sternum
- C. Vertebra
- D. Tibia

Answer: C. Vertebra

9. The carpals in the wrist are examples of which type of bones?

- A. Long bones
- B. Short bones
- C. Flat bones
- D. Irregular bones

Answer: B. Short bones

10. Which law states that the nerve supplying a joint also supplies the muscles that move the joint and the skin covering their insertion?

- A. Wolff's law
- B. Hilton's law
- C. Bell's law
- D. Hooke's law

Answer: B. Hilton's law