

وسهلا

أهلا



الأستاذ الدكتور يوسف حسين

أستاذ التشريح وعلم الأجنة - كلية الطب - جامعة الزقازيق - مصر

رئيس قسم التشريح و الأنسجة و الأجنة - كلية الطب - جامعة مؤتة - الأردن

مساعد العميد لشؤون الطلاب والامتحانات - كلية الطب - جامعة مؤتة - الأردن

دكتورة من جامعة كولونيا المانيا

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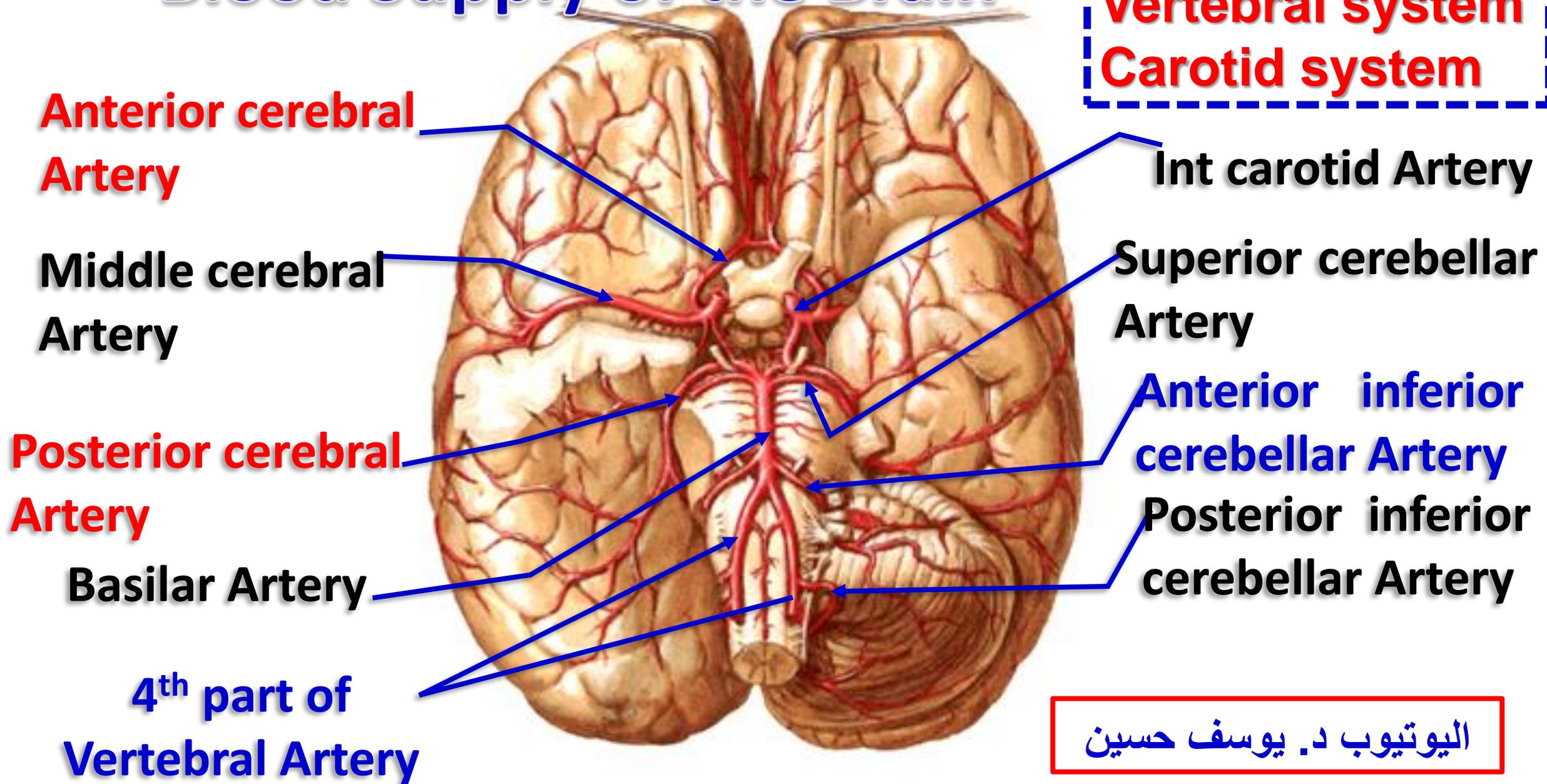
Dr. Youssef Hussein Anatomy اليوتيوب

جروب الفيس د. يوسف حسين (استاذ التشريح)

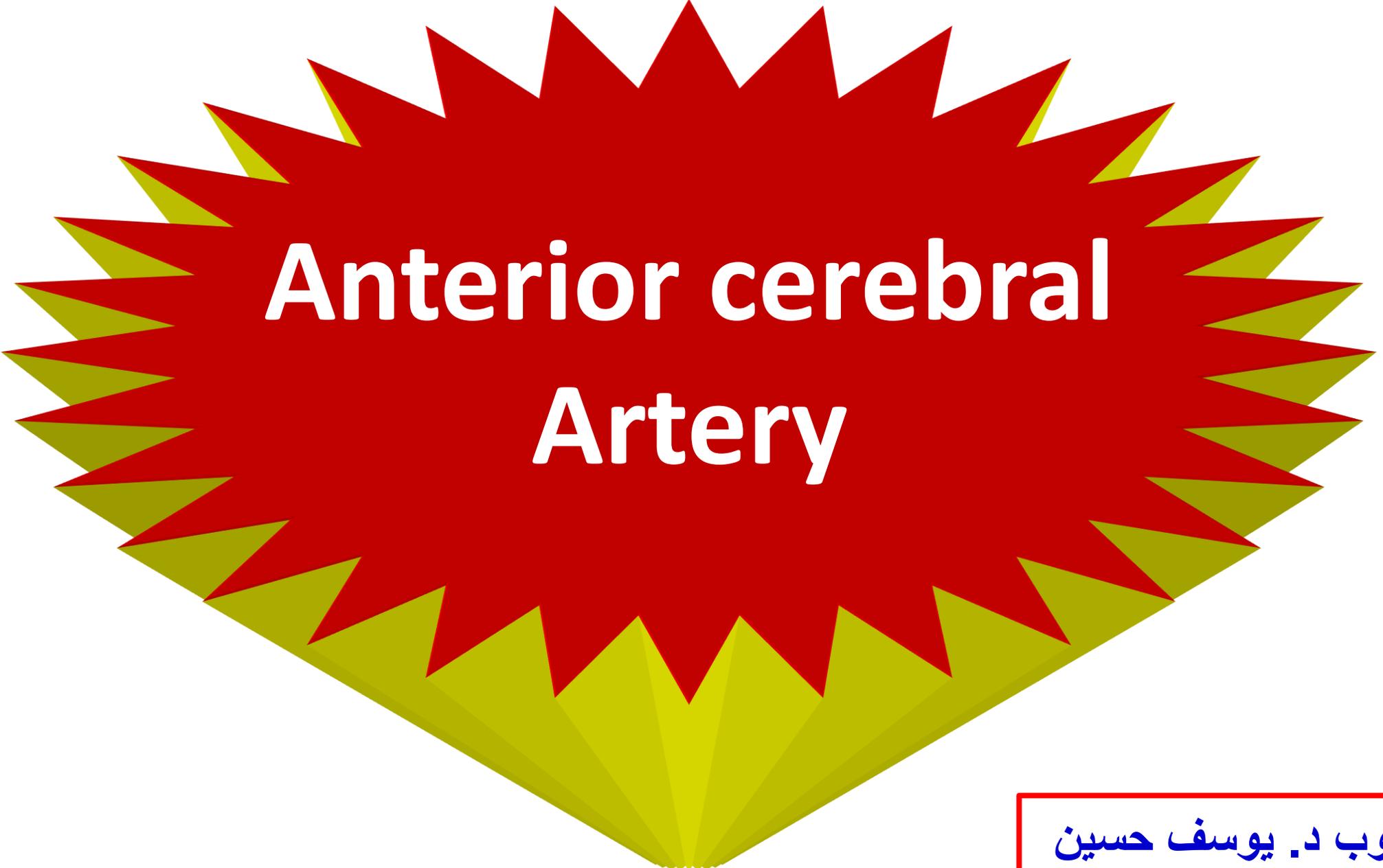
Blood supply of the brain

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Blood Supply of the Brain



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Anterior cerebral Artery

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Anterior communicating Artery

Anterior cerebral Artery

Optic nerve

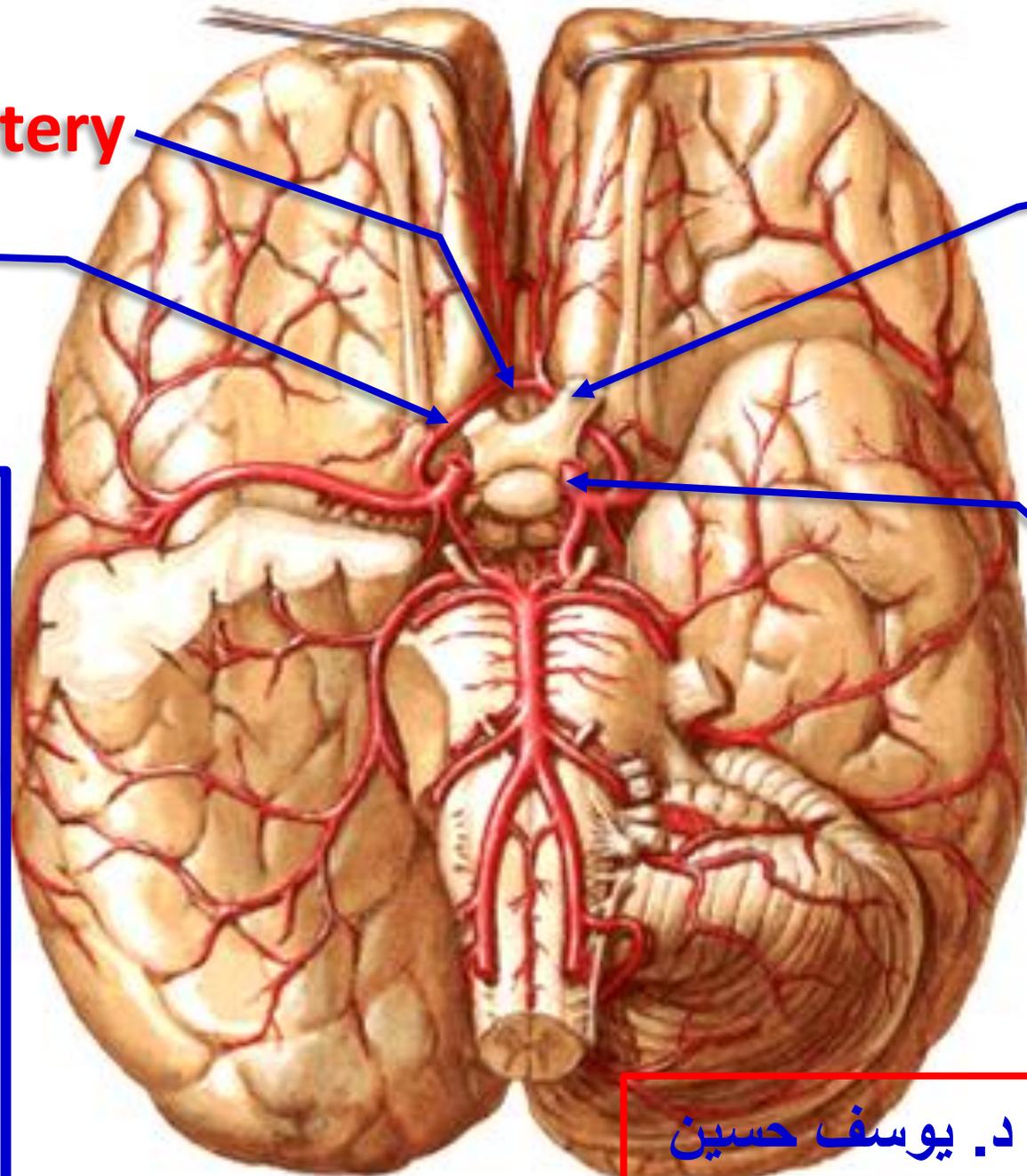
Internal carotid Artery

- **Anterior Cerebral Artery**

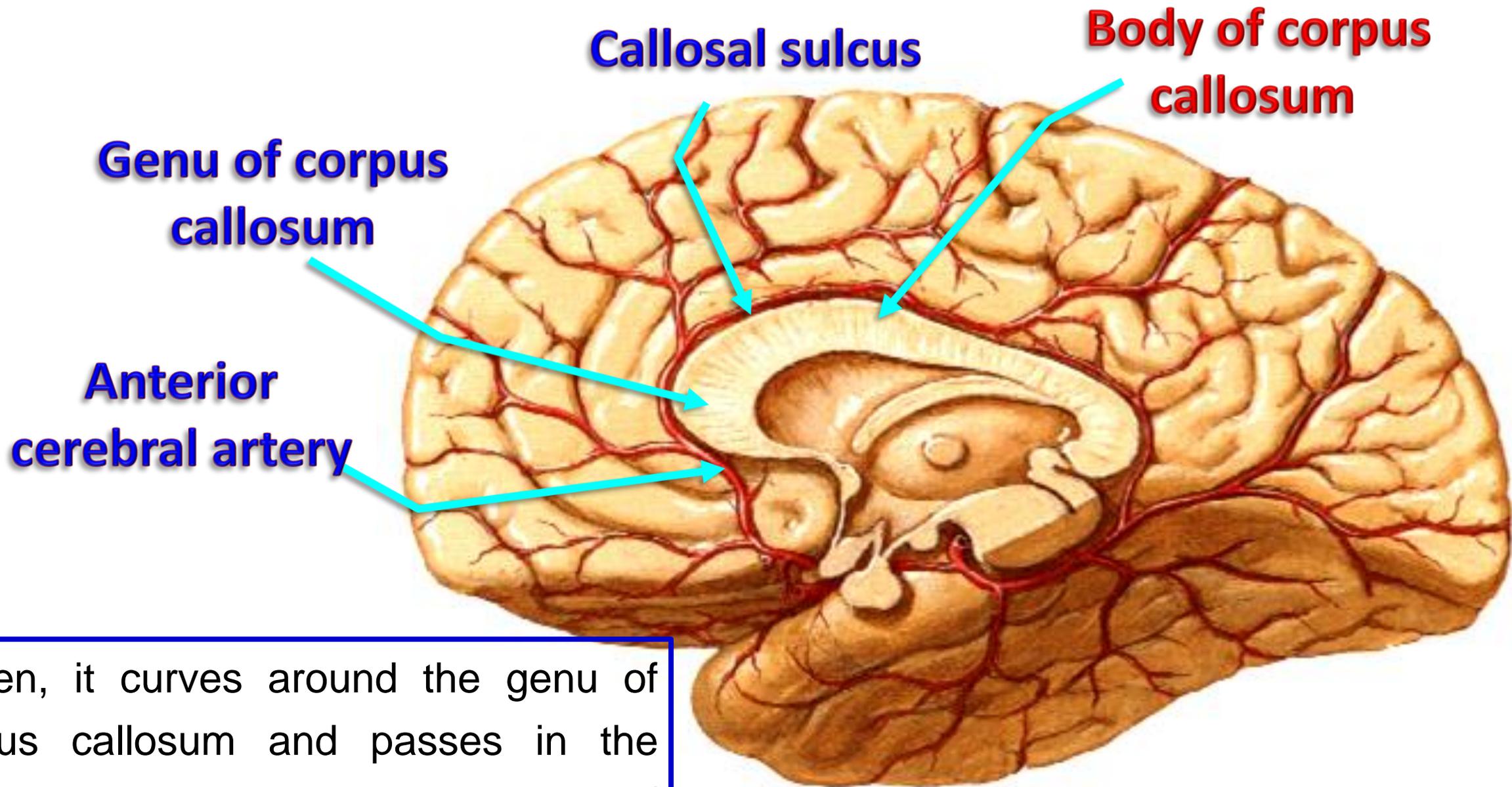
** **Origin:** one of 2 terminal branches of internal carotid artery.

** **Course:**

- It passes medially above optic nerve to median longitudinal fissure.
- It communicates with the opposite side by anterior communicating artery.

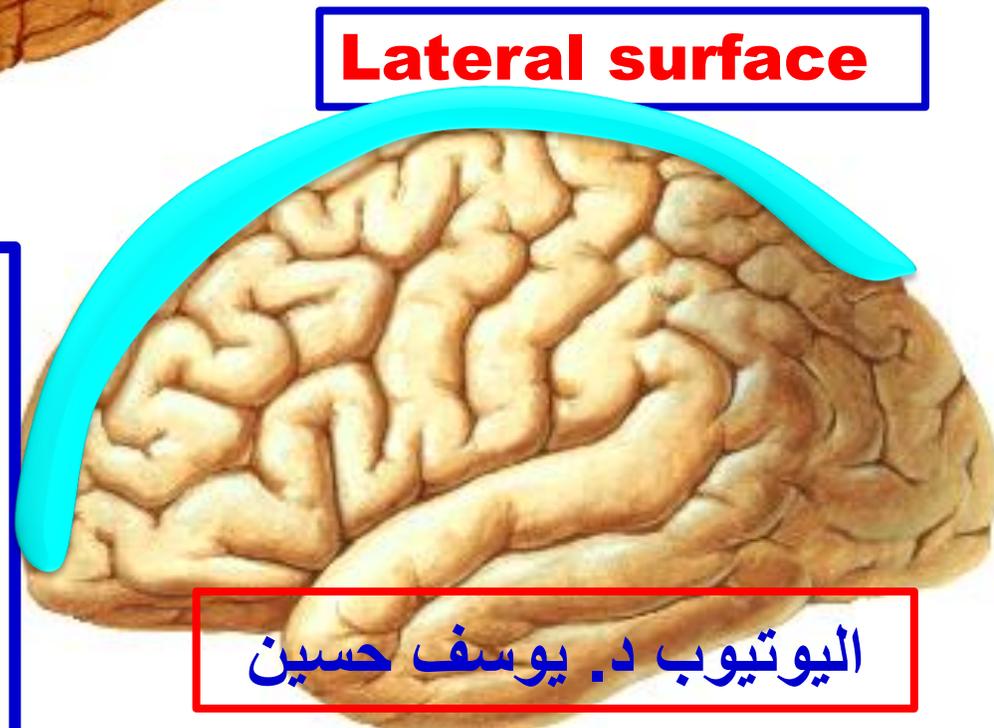
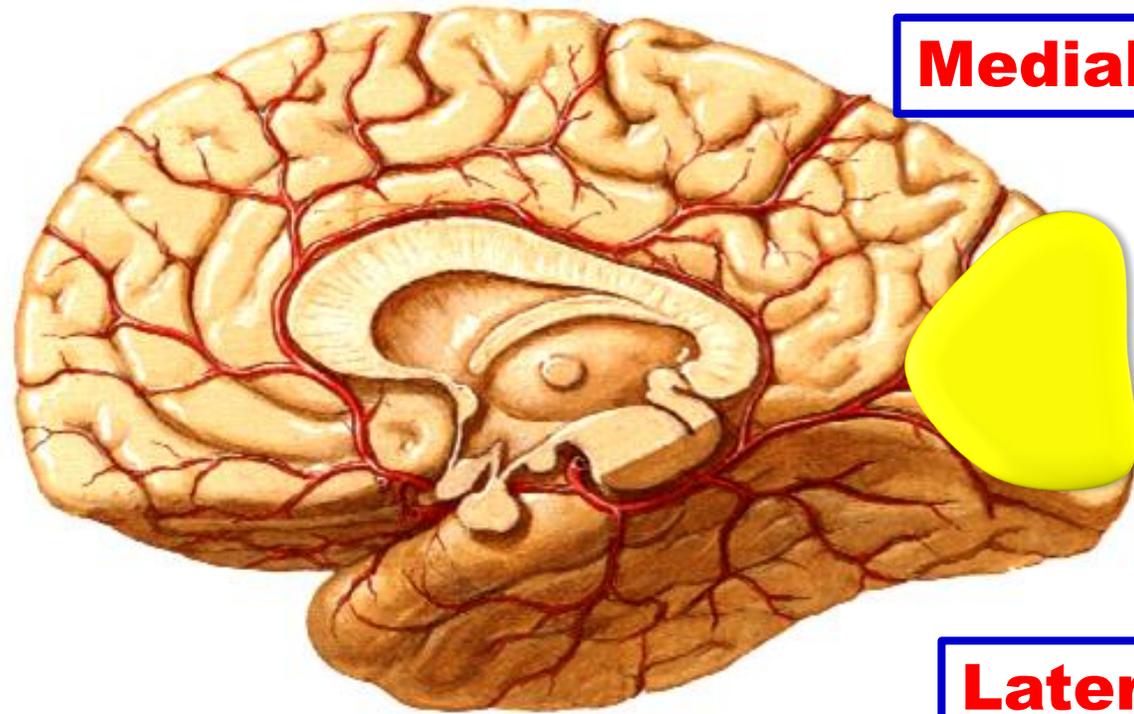


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- Then, it curves around the genu of corpus callosum and passes in the **callosal sulcus** above the body of corpus callosum.

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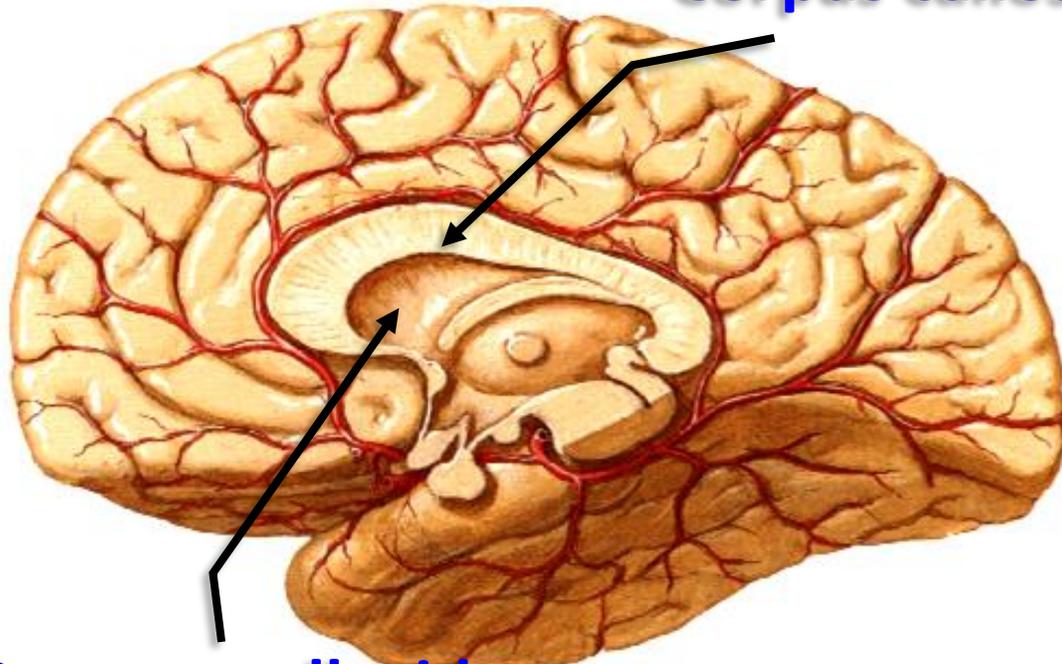
• **Cortical branches of anterior cerebral artery,**

a- Medial surface except the occipital lobe.

b- Upper one finger breadth of superolateral surface except the occipital lobe.

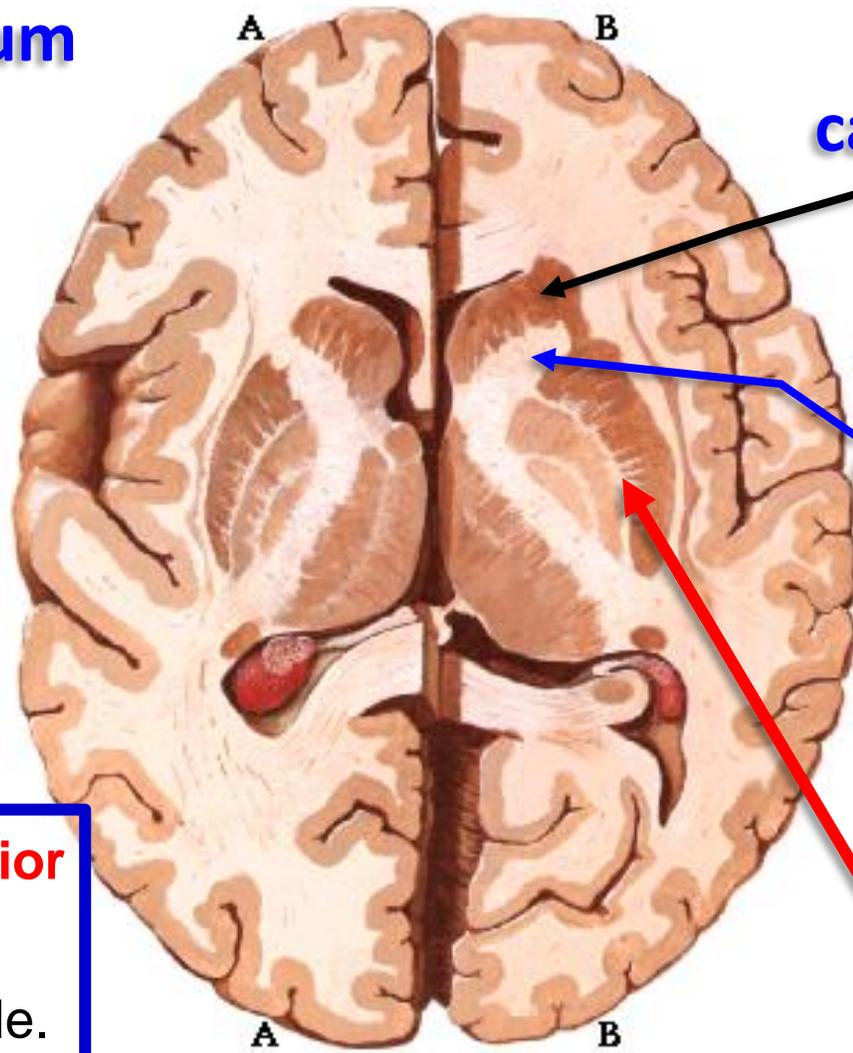
c- Medial part (1/3) of the orbital surface on the inferior surface.

Corpus callosum



Septum pellucidum

Head of the caudate nucleus



Anterior limb of internal capsule

lentiform nucleus

• **Central branches; pass through the anterior perforated substance to supply**

- 1- Anterior part of anterior limb of internal capsule.
- 2- Head of caudate nucleus.
- 3- Lentiform nucleus.
- 4- Corpus callosum except splenium.
- 5- Septum pellucidum.

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Middle cerebral Artery

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Middle cerebral
artery

Posterior ramus of
lateral sulcus

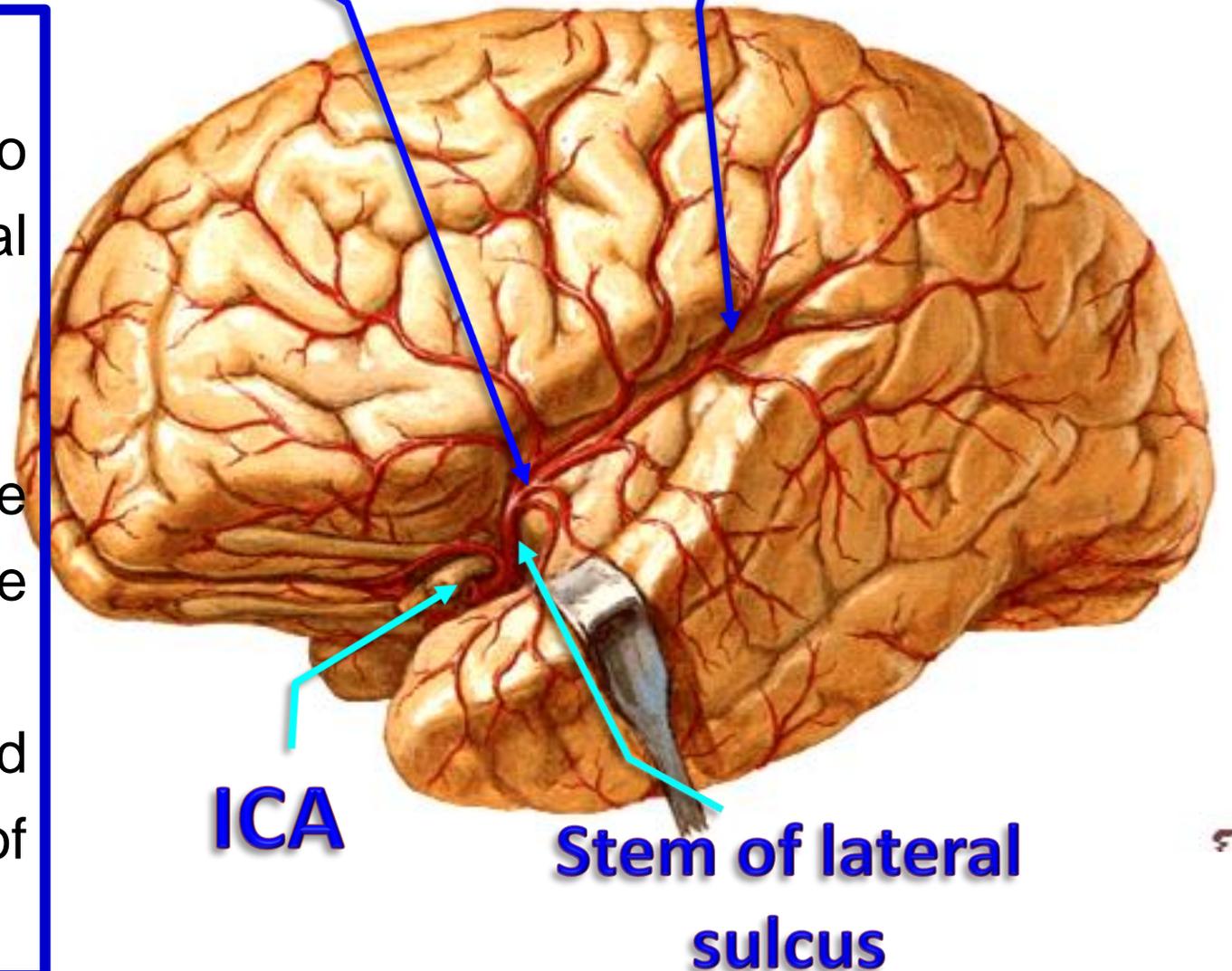
- **Middle Cerebral Artery**

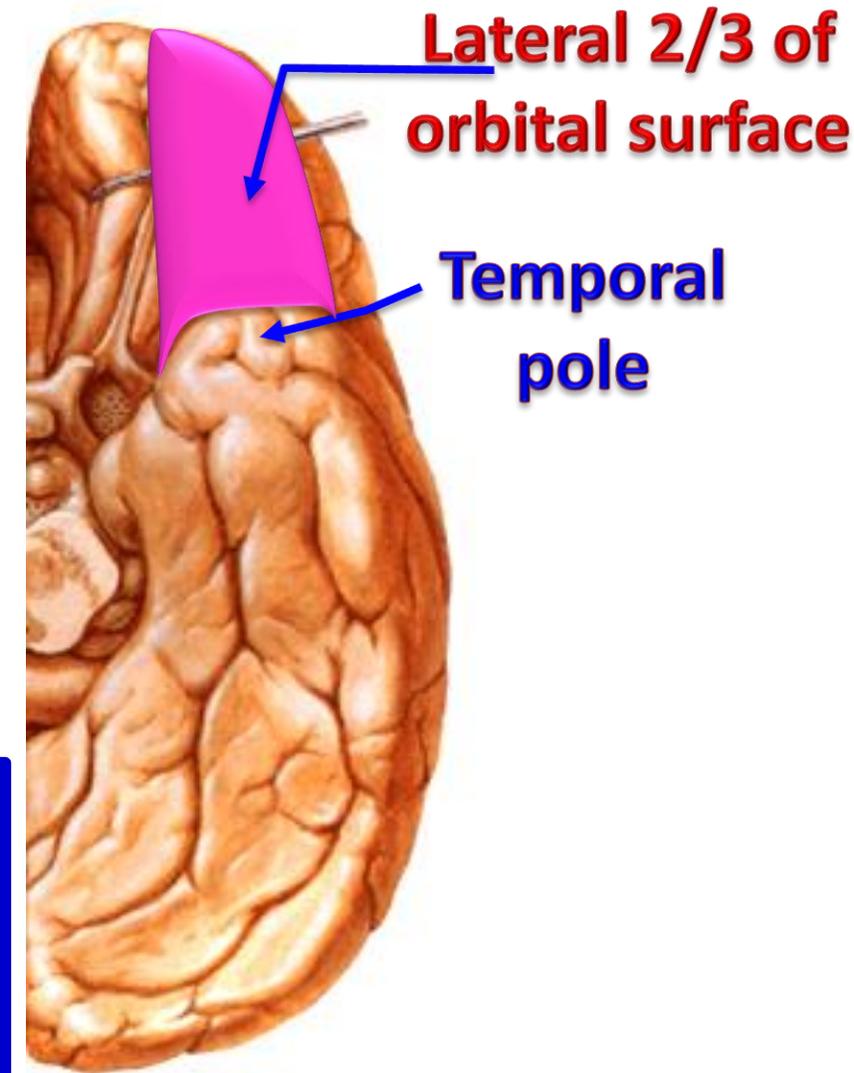
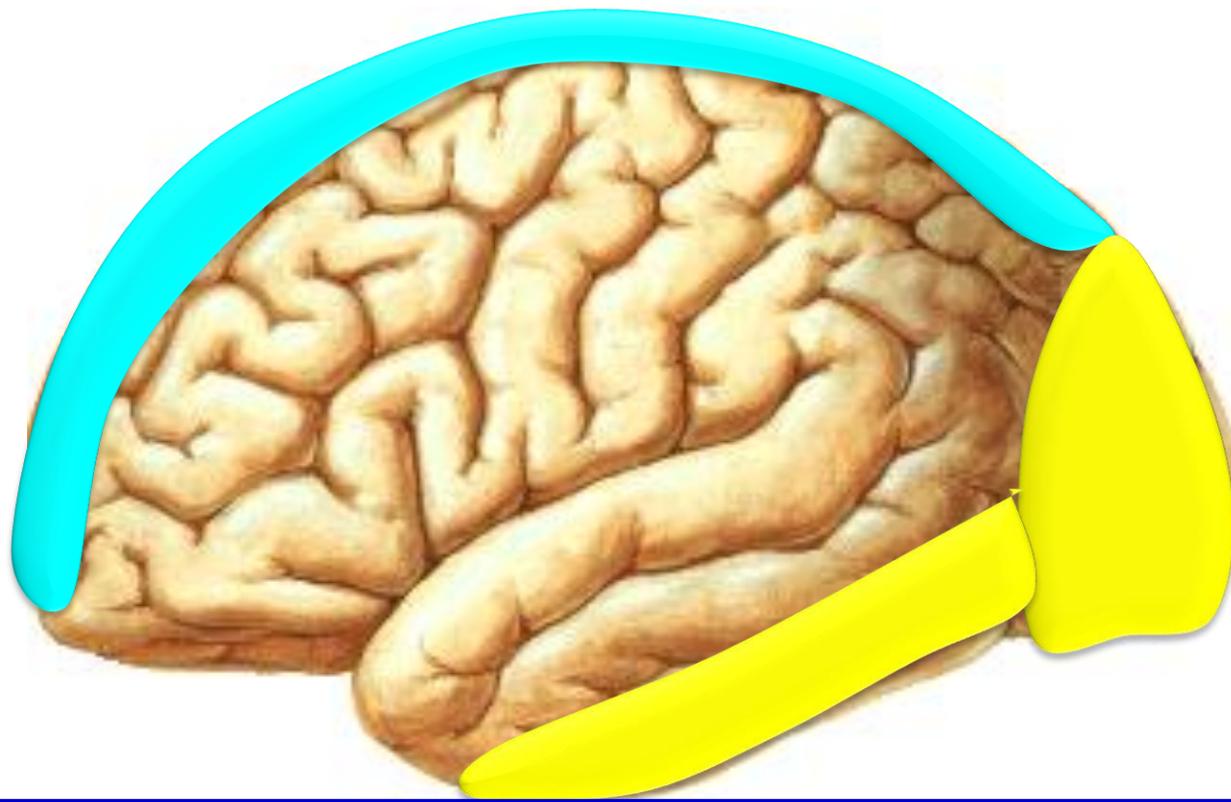
** **Origin:** is the larger of the two terminal branches of the internal carotid artery.

** **Course:**

- It passes laterally in stem of the **lateral sulcus** (opposite to the pterion).

- Then it turns upward and backward in the posterior ramus of the lateral sulcus.





- **Cortical branches of middle cerebral artery**

- 1- **Superolateral surface** including the insula **except**;
 - a- Upper one finger breadth (by anterior cerebral artery).
 - b- Lower one finger breadth (by posterior cerebral artery).
 - c- Occipital lobe {supplied by the posterior cerebral artery}.
- 2- Lateral part (2/3) of the orbital surface of the **inferior surface**.
- 3- **Temporal pole**.

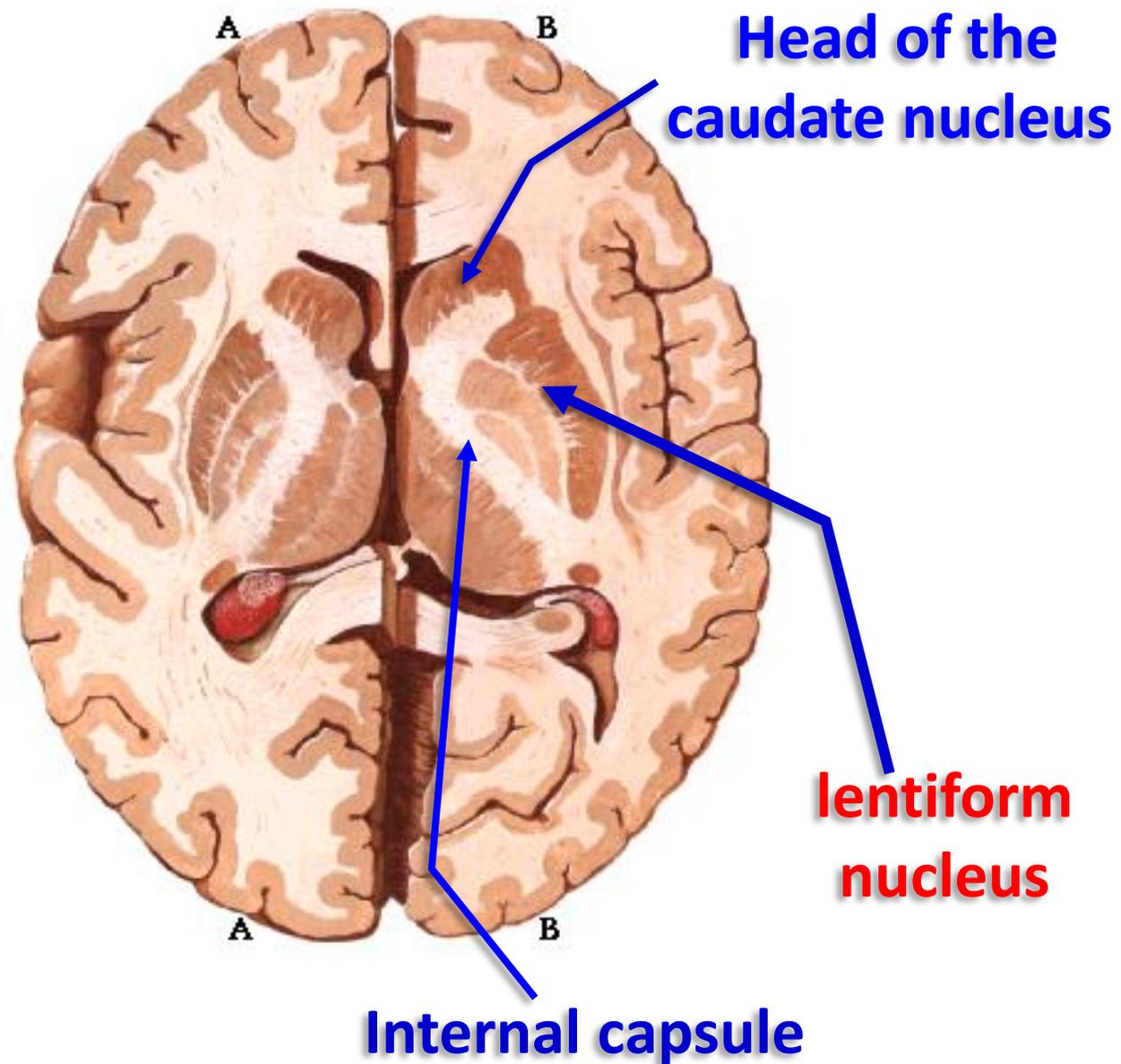
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- **Central branches; pass through the anterior perforated substance**

- 1- Posterior part of the anterior limb, genu and posterior limb of the internal capsule.
- 2- Head of caudate nucleus.
- 3- Lentiform nucleus.

- * **Middle cerebral artery supplies:**

- 1- Motor and sensory areas of opposite side of the body **except** lower limb and perineum by anterior cerebral artery.
- 2- Writing center in middle frontal gyrus.
- 3- Motor speech area in inferior frontal gyrus.
- 4- Auditory area in superior temporal gyrus.
- 5- Most of the internal capsule.





Posterior cerebral Artery

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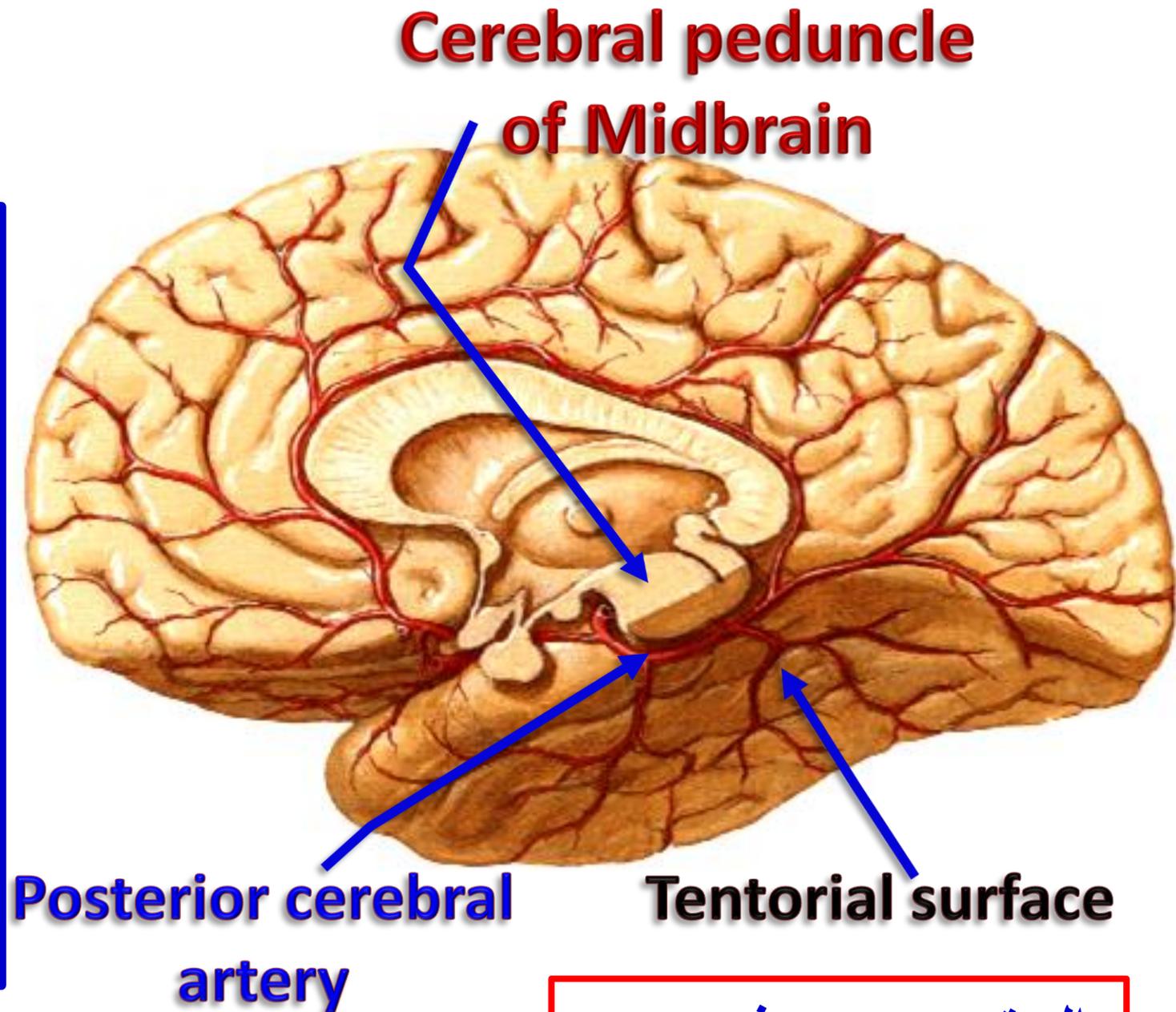
- **Posterior Cerebral Artery**

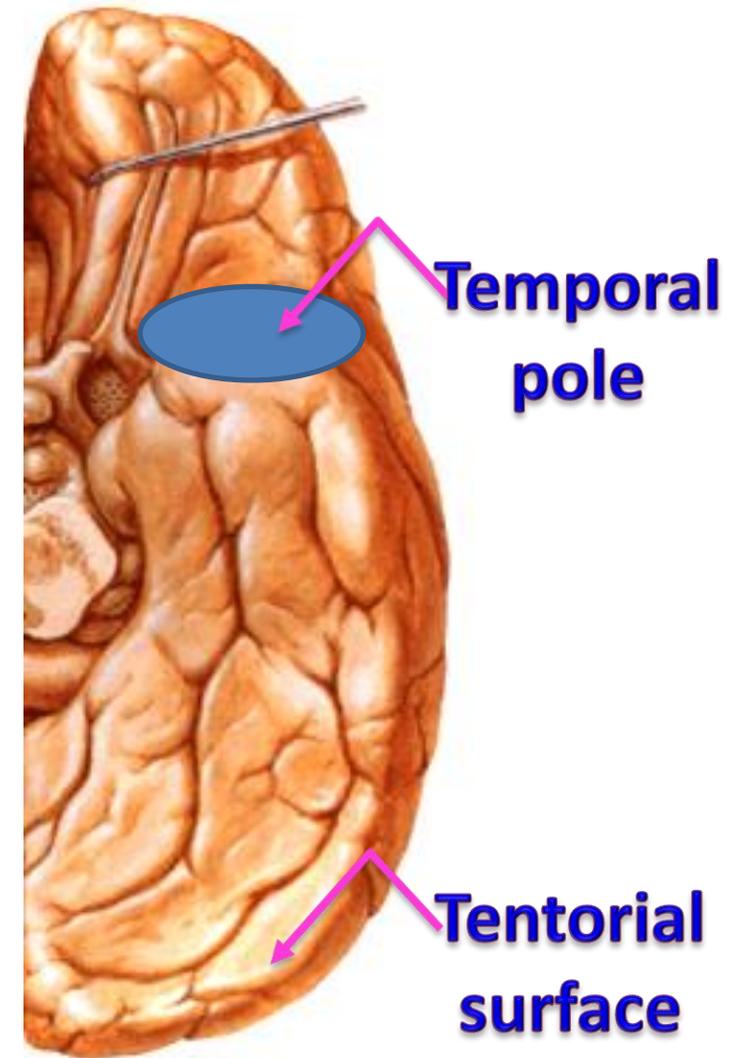
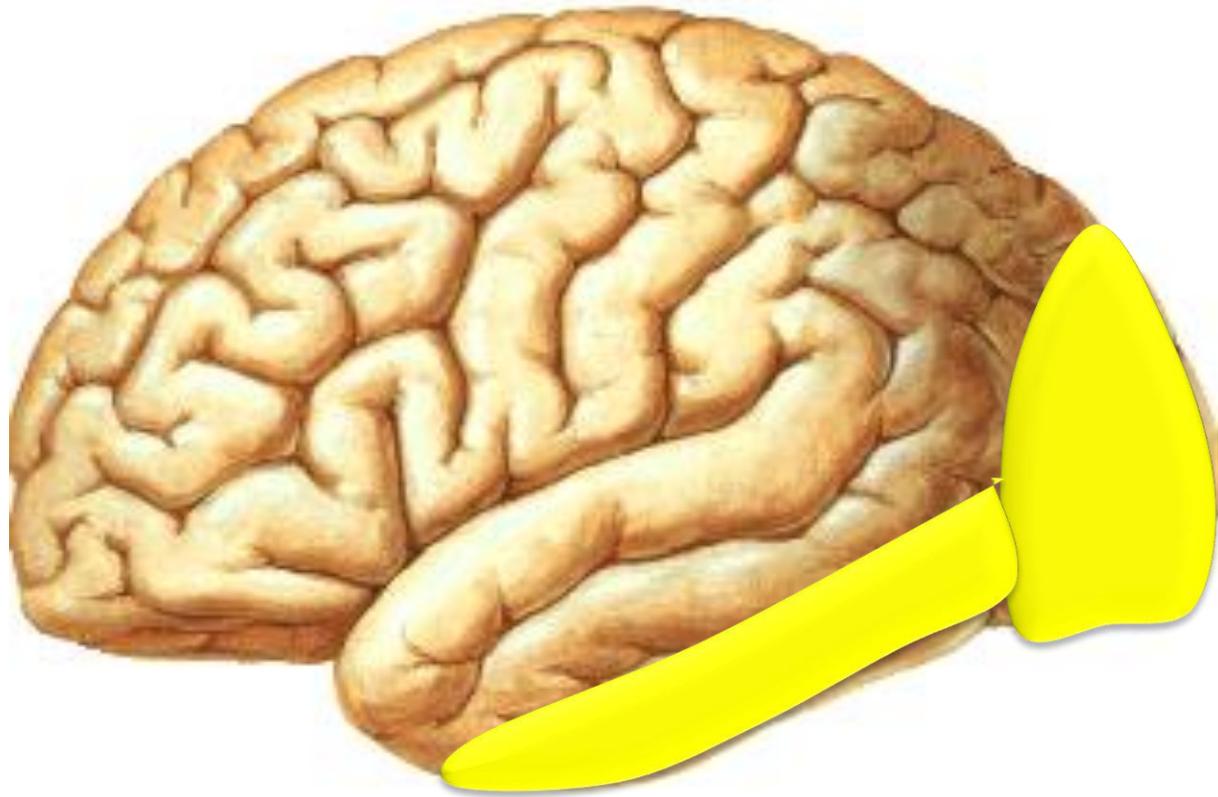
**** Origin:** one of the two terminal branches of the basilar artery.

**** Course;**

- It winds round the cerebral peduncle to reach the **tentorial surface** of the cerebral hemisphere.

- It runs backward to reach the occipital pole.





- **Cortical branches of Posterior cerebral artery**

1- **Tentorial surface** of the cerebral hemisphere **except** temporal pole.

2- One finger breadth on the superolateral surface along the inferior border.

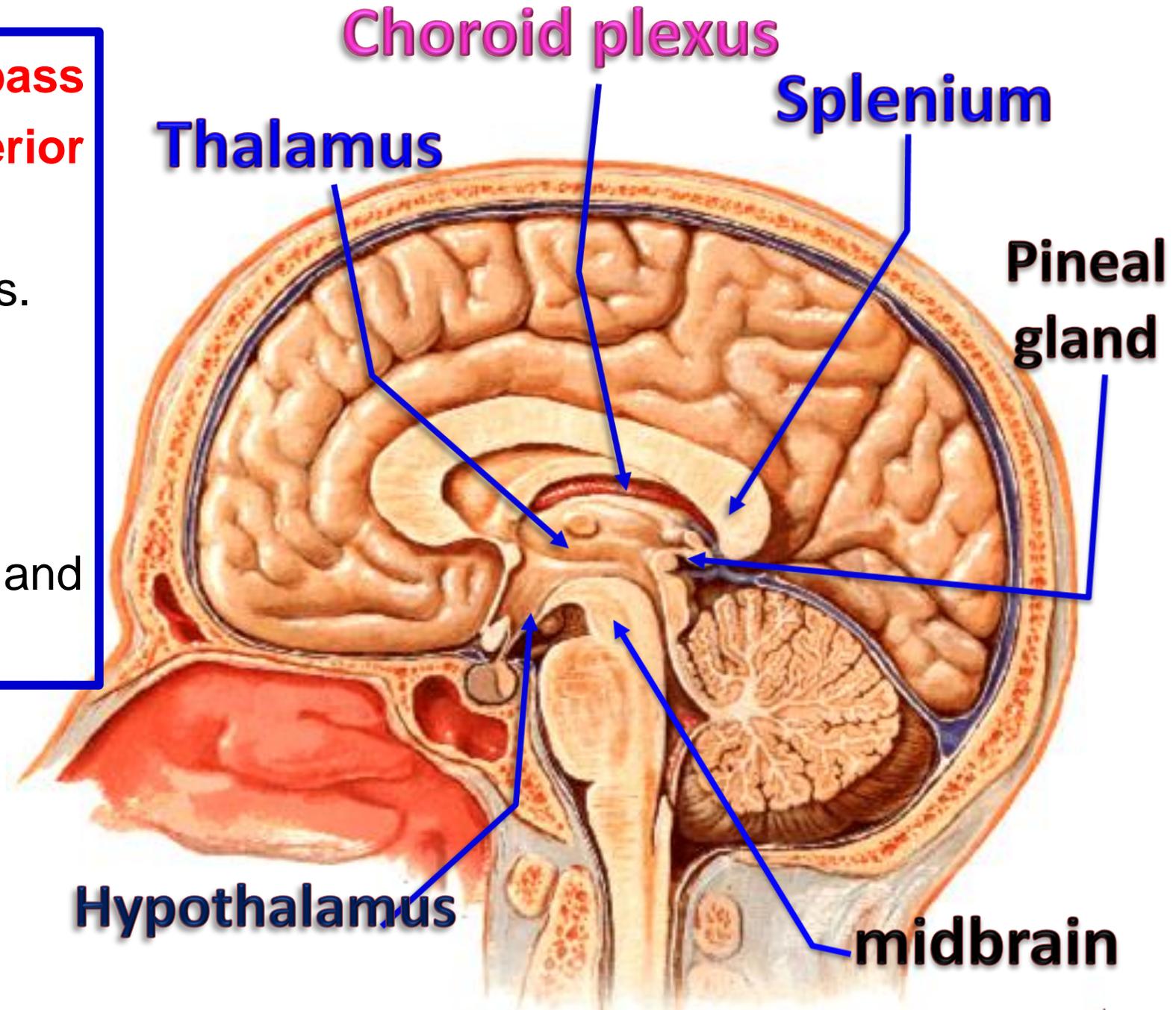
3- All surfaces of the occipital lobe (**visual center**)

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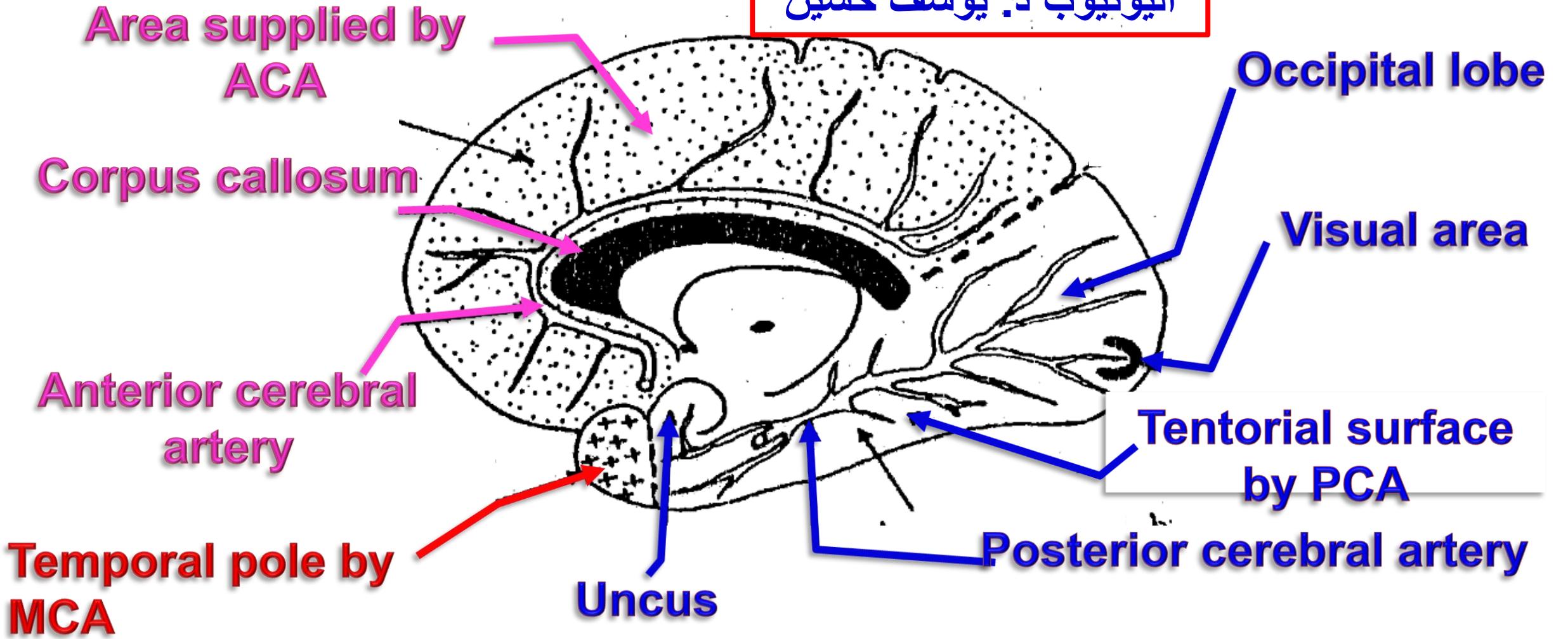
- **Central branches; pass through the posterior perforated substance**

- a) Thalamus and hypothalamus.
- b) Midbrain and Pineal body.
- c) Splenium of the corpus callosum.
- d) Choroid plexuses of the 3rd and lateral ventricles.

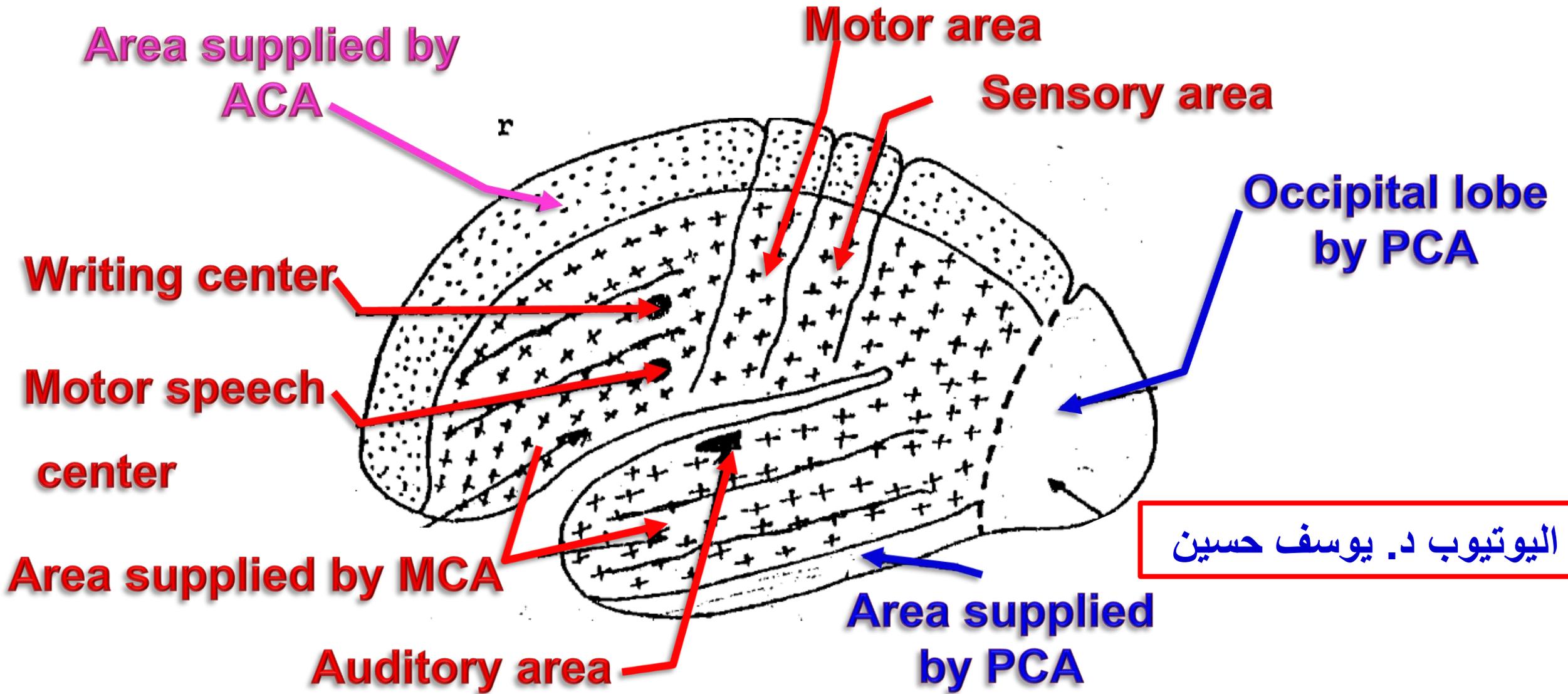
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Medial surface of right cerebral hemisphere



Superolateral surface of left cerebral hemisphere

Area supplied by
ACA

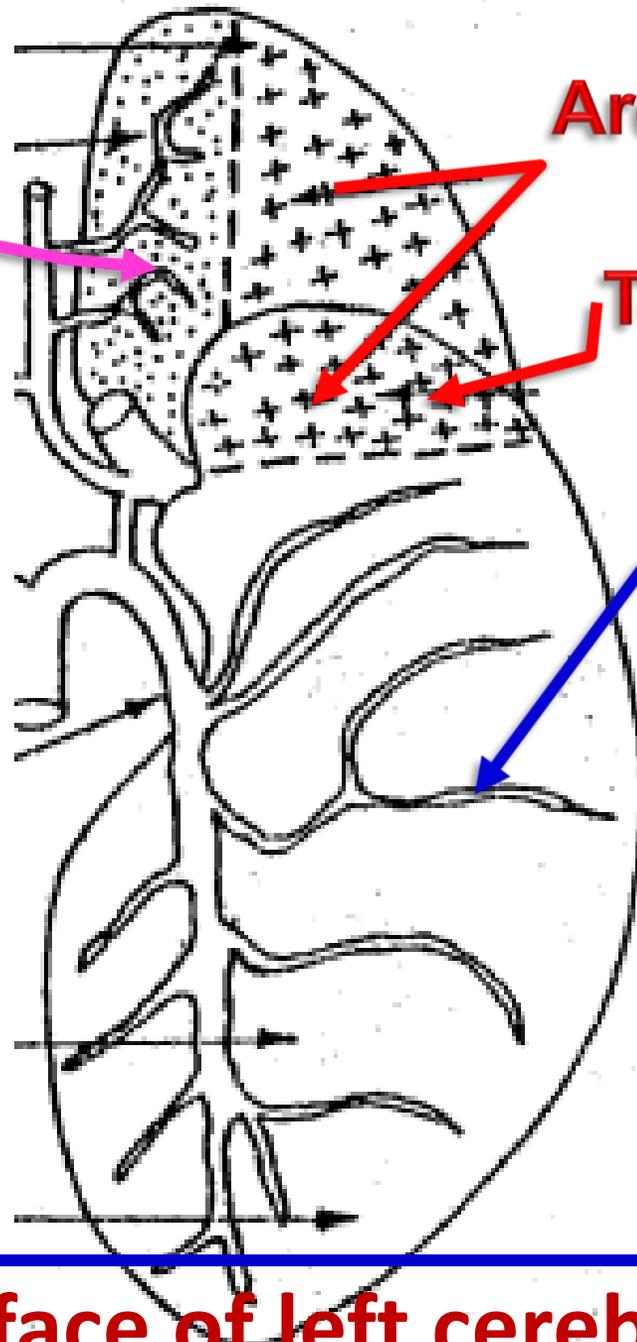
Area supplied by MCA

Temporal pole

Tentorial surface
by PCA

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Inferior surface of left cerebral hemisphere



Circle of Willis

**Ant. communicating
Artery**

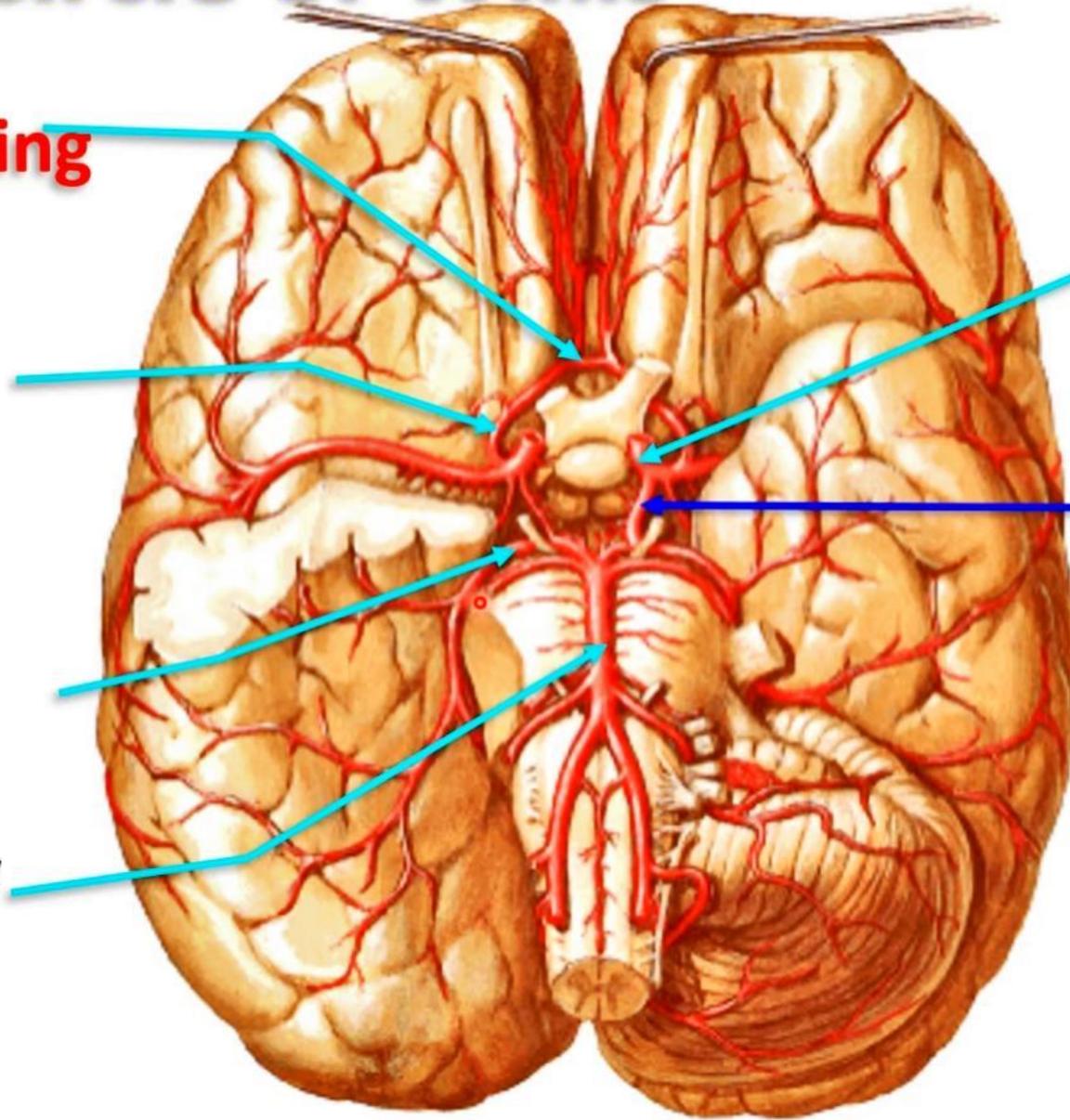
**Ant. cerebral
Artery**

**Post. cerebral
Artery**

Basilar Artery

**Int carotid
Artery**

**Post.
Communicating
artery**



• Circle of Willis

- **Site**; it is situated in interpeduncular fossa at the base of the brain.
- **Formation**; anastomosis between carotid systems and vertebral system.

- The arteries sharing in the circle are;

1 - Two internal carotid arteries.

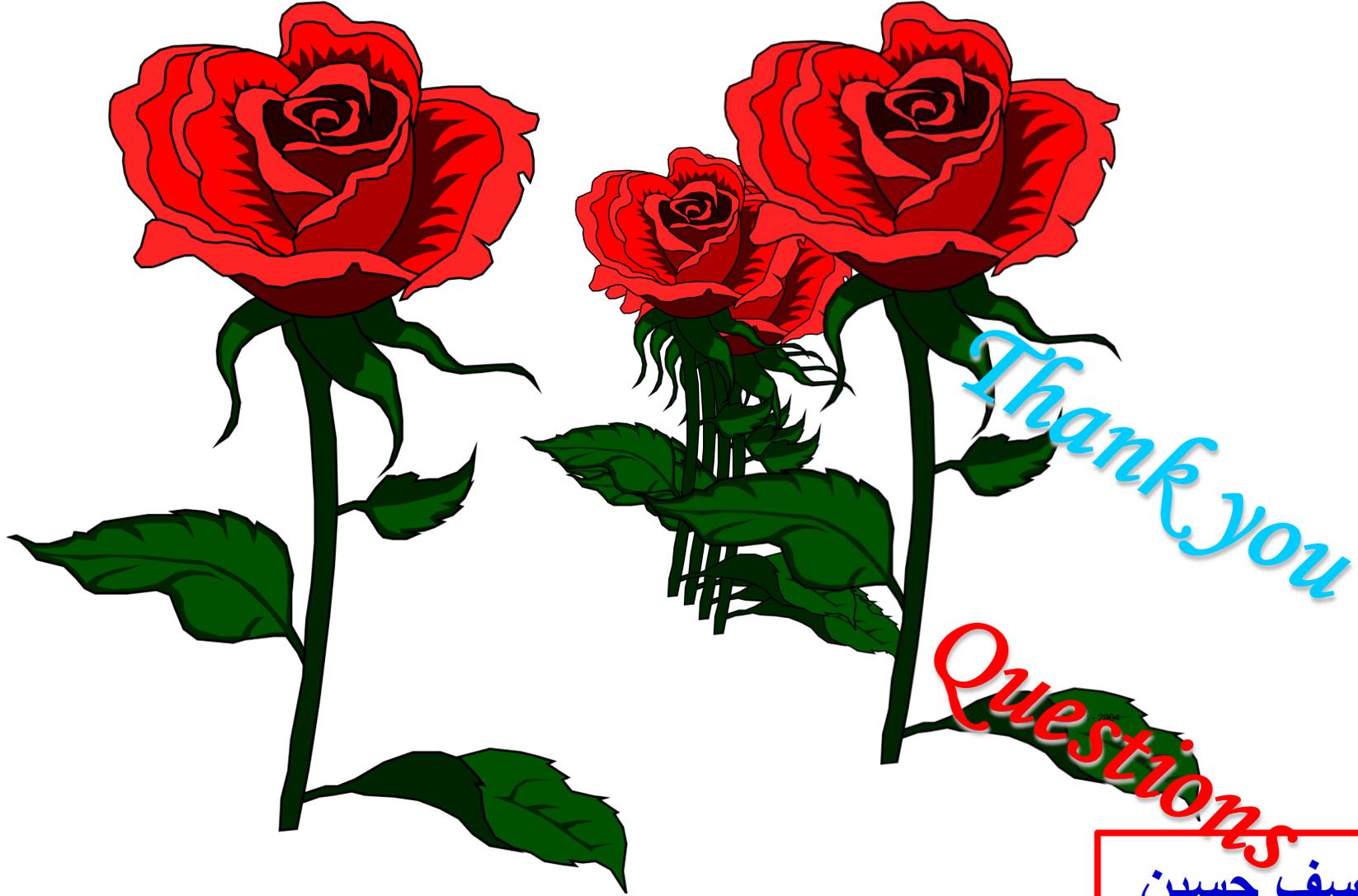
2- Two anterior cerebral arteries from internal carotid artery.

3- One anterior communicating artery; between 2 anterior cerebral arteries.

4- Two posterior cerebral arteries terminal branches of basilar artery.

5- Two Posterior communicating arteries from internal carotid artery to the posterior cerebral artery of the same side.





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