

	Alpha 1	Beta 1	Beta 2
Clinical Consequences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vasoconstriction</li> <li>• Oxydrosis</li> <li>• Hemostasis (stop bleeding)</li> <li>• Elevation of B.P</li> <li>• Adjunct to local anesthesia</li> <li>delay anesthetic absorption</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• treatment of :</li> <li>1) cardiac arrest</li> <li>2) heart failure</li> <li>3) shock</li> <li>u) Atrioventricular heart block</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Asthma</li> <li>• Delay of preterm labor</li> </ul>
Adverse effect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hypertension</li> <li>• bradycardia</li> <li>• Necrosis</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tachycardia</li> <li>• Angina pectoris</li> <li>• dysrhythmias</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tremor (muscle)</li> <li>• Hyperglycemia in patients with diabetes</li> </ul>

	Isoproterenol	Terbutaline	Ephedrine
Therapeutic uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• help overcome AV heart block</li> <li>• restart the heart following cardiac arrest</li> <li>• increase cardiac output during shock</li> <li>• treatment of bronospasm during anaesthesia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Asthma</li> <li>• Delay of preterm labor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nasal congestion</li> <li>• Narcolepsy</li> </ul>
Adverse effect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dysrhythmias and angina pectoris</li> <li>• hyperglycemia</li> <li>• Drug interaction</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tremor</li> <li>• tachycardia in excessive dosage</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• insomnia</li> <li>(Hypertensive crisis)</li> <li>(Dysrhythmias, Necrosis)</li> <li>(Hyperglycemia, angina Pectoris)</li> </ul>

	Alpha 1	Beta 1	Beta 2

	Epinephrine	Dopamine
Therapeutic uses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ Alpha 1 .....</li> <li>• Mydriasis during ophthalmic procedures</li> <li>• overcome AV heart block</li> <li>• Restore cardiac function</li> <li>• Bronchodilation in asthma</li> <li>• Treatment for anaphylactic shock</li> <li>• manifestation of severe allergy</li> <li>• hypotension, bronchoconstriction, edema</li> <li>• bee venom, certain drugs (penicillin)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• heart failure</li> <li>• shock: 1) beta1 in heart: increase cardiac output → improve tissue perfusion</li> <li>2) dopamine in kidney: dilate renal blood vessels → improve renal perfusion</li> </ul>
Adverse effect	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hypertensive crisis</li> <li>• Dysrhythmias, necrosis</li> <li>• Angina pectoris (coronary atherosclerosis)</li> <li>• Hyperglycemia</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tachycardia, dysrhythmias, anginal pain</li> <li>• high concentration → activate alpha 1 → extravasation → Necrosis</li> </ul>
Drug interaction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MAO inhibitors: treatment depression</li> <li>• Tricyclic antidepressants: block uptake</li> <li>• General anesthetics</li> <li>• Alpha adrenergic blocking agents: phentolamine</li> <li>• Beta 1 = S : propranolol</li> </ul>	• MAO inhibitors
pharmacokinetic Administration	<p>topically by injection (SC), by inhalation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ No Oral</li> </ul>	Continuous IV infusion

→ phenylephrine :- alpha 1, non catecholamine, locally to reduce nasal congestion, parenterally to elevate BP, eye drops to dilate the pupil, Co-administered with local anesthetics to retard absorption of anesthetic