

BACTERIOLOGY

Study of bacteria and
infection of disease

VIROLOGY

Study of viruses and
infection of diseases

MEDICAL MICROBOLGY

Study the infection mech
method of diagnosis
specific therapy
prophylaxis of infection
diseases

MICROBIOLOGY

MYCOLOGY

The study of fungi and
pathogenic

MICROBES

minute organism invisible
to naked eye

MICROORGANISM

PARASITOLOGY

Protozoology
the study of parasites and
pathogenic

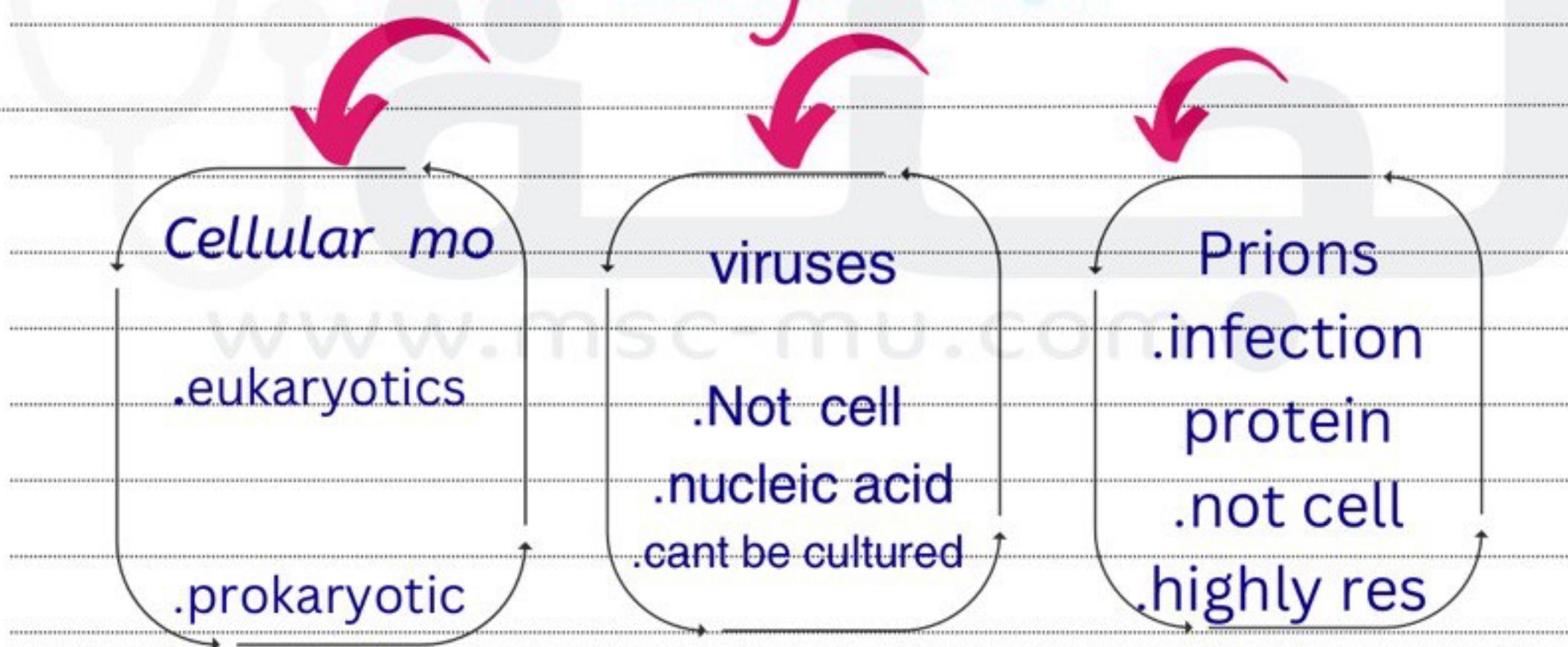
Important microorganism : 1. Bacteria

2. viruses

3. Fungi

4. Parasite

Microorganism



Naming of Mo:

Genus, capital letter

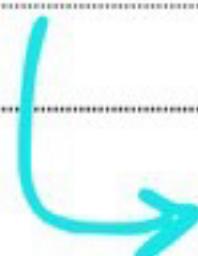
species, small later

Bacteria classification :-shape

-ultra structure

1. cocci* spherical* round;

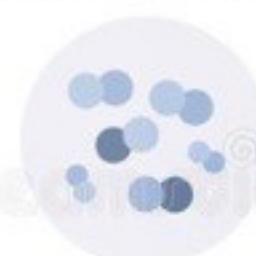
micrococci-single



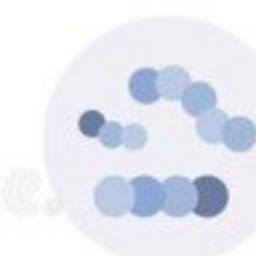
MICROCOCCUS



DIPLOCOCCUS



STREPTOCOCUS



diplococci-pairs of cell

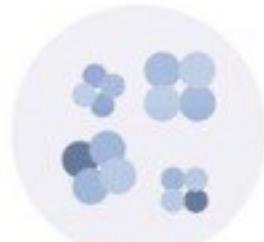
streptococci-chain or rod

staphylococci- irregular cluster or
grape chain

tetracoccuc-sequare or four

scarcinae-cuboidal

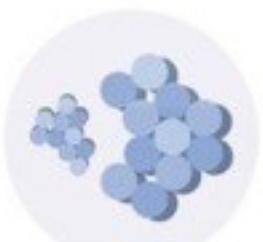
TETRACOCCUS



SARCINA



STAPHYLOCOCCUS



About shape

2. *pcillus* * *rod* * *stick*.

flagellated or non-flagellated

monobacillus

diplobacillus

streptobacillus(chain)

plissde(very rare)

BACILLUS



COCCOBACILLUS



DIPLOBACILLUS



3. *spiral* * *helical* * *coil*

flagellated

SPIRILLUM



4. *vibriob* * *coma*

flagellated

cholarea

3. spirochete

SPIROCHETES



length > diameter

more flexible

*Ultra structure

External cell wall

Internal cytoplasm membrane

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cell wall• capsule• pili• flagella | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• cytoplasm• ribosome• mesosome• plasmid• DNA |
|---|---|

cell wall ~ shape & very rigid & preventing from bursting (osmotic lysis). & Resistance highly pressure & growth cell and division

Positive gram

- Inner plasma mem
- thick peptidoglycan
- easy treat
- purple * violet
- 90-80% peptide

flagella(basal body) * hook * filament

protein flagellin

-not flagella-atricho

one flagella-monotrichous

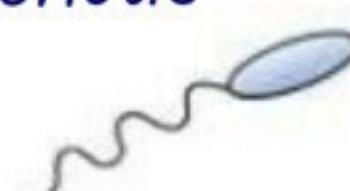
around flagell-peritrichous

more and one place-lophotrichous

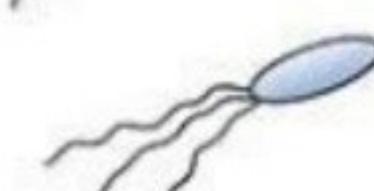
two and tow places-amphirichous

Negative gram

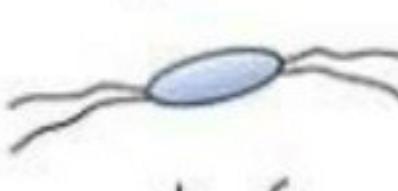
- inner plasma mem
- thin peptidoglycan
- outer plasma mem
- red* pink
- 5-10% peptid



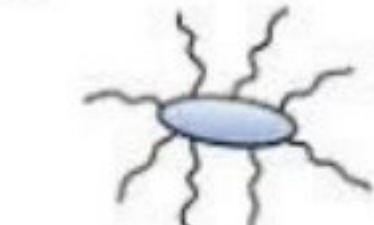
Monotrichous



Lophotrichous



Amphitrichous



Peritrichous

pilli *small hair

neg grame

100-500 pilli

attachment to substratum (somatic pilii)

transfer DNA (sex pilii)



fimbriae

short pilus *attachment pilii

all type of bacteria

