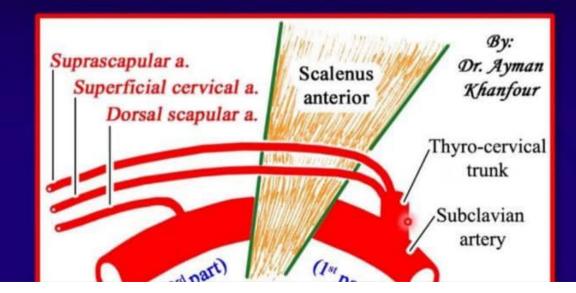
- Which of the following arteries is not present in the posterior triangle?
  - a. Suprascapular
  - b. Transverse cervical
  - c. Third part of the subclavian
  - d. Thyrocervical
  - e. Dorsal scapular







- □ An abscess was surgically drained in the posterior triangle of the neck. During recovery, the patient noticed that she could no longer raise her arm above her head. Which nerve has been injured?
  - a. Upper trunk of brachial plexus
  - b. Spinal accessory (XI)
  - c. Supraclavicular
  - d. Facial (VII)
  - e. Suprascapular

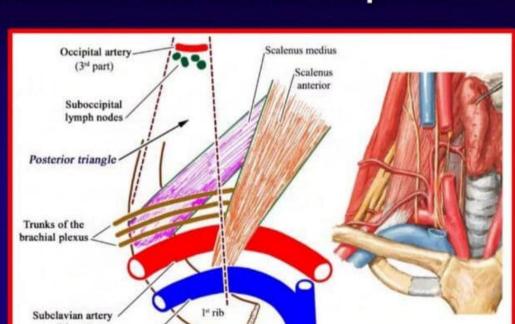






## □ The roots of the brachial plexus pass between which of the following muscles?

- a. Scalenus anterior and sternomastoid
- b. Scalenus anterior and clavicle
- c. Scalenus anterior and scalenus medius
- d. Scalenus medius and scalenus posterior
- e. Scalenus posterior and levator scapulae

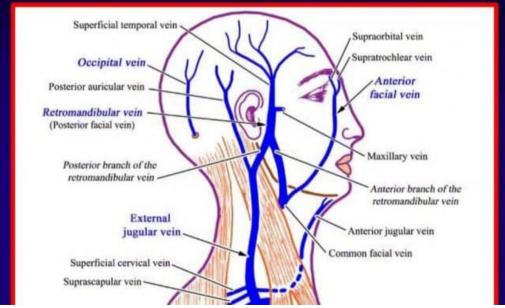








- Which of the following is true regarding the external jugular vein?
  - a. It passes deep to sternomastoid to reach the posterior triangle
  - b. Usually, it terminates in the subclavian vein ...
  - It is formed by the union of superficial temporal and maxillary veins
  - d. It pierces the deep fascia just above sternoclavicular joint

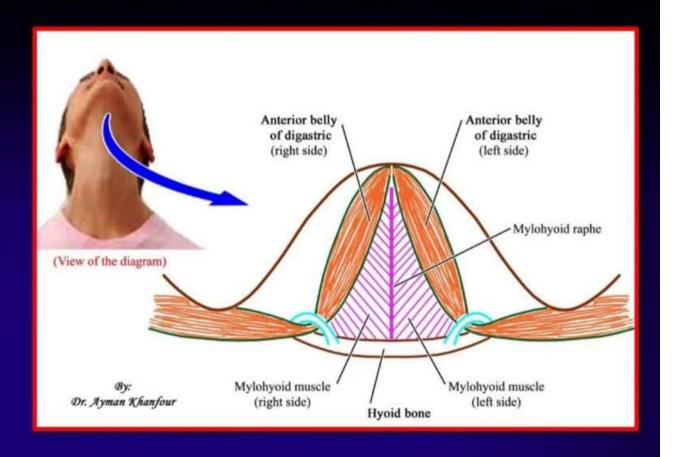






- □ The lateral boundary of the submental triangle is formed by which of the following muscles?
  - a. Superior belly of omohyoid
  - b. Anterior belly of digastric muscles
  - c. Platysma
  - d. Stylohyoid
  - e. Sternomastoid

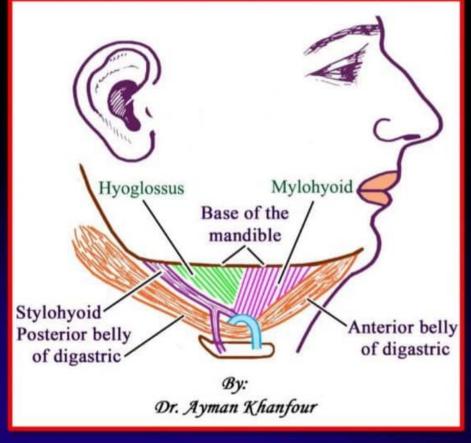






The submandibular triangle of the neck is bounded anteriorly by which of the following muscles?

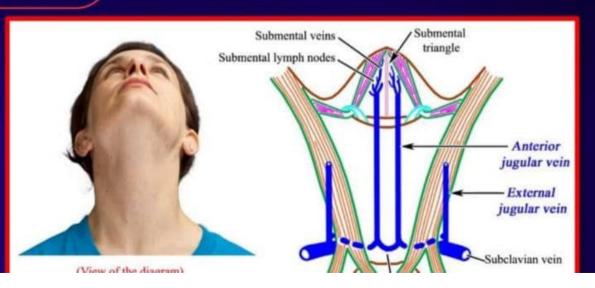
- a. Mylohyoid
- b. Trapezius
- c. Sternomastoid
- d. Anterior belly of digastric
- e. Hyoglossus





- □ Which of the following structures is present in the submental triangle of the neck?
  - a. Submandibular salivary gland
  - b. Submandibular lymph nodes
  - c. Facial artery
  - d. Hypoglossal nerve
  - e. Anterior jugular vein







□ Which of the following muscles shares in the content of the anterior and posterior triangles of

the neck?

a. Sternomastoid

b. Hyoglossus

c. Mylohyoid

d. Thyrohyoid

e. Omohyoid

