Toxin mediated / food poisoning

Bacteria	Characteristics
s.aureus	Consuming dairy products, meat, poultry, cream, mayo
	Its resistant to gastric PH & heat
	Clinically: incubation 1-6 hrs, mild fever, symptoms last for (12 hrs – 2 days)
B.Cereus	Eating contaminated meat , fish , starchy foods , veggies
	95% of the cases are associated with rice (fried Rice Syndrome)
	The diarrhea is caused by in vivo production of a heat-labile enterotoxin
	Clinically: longer incubation (6-24) hrs, it lasts for (20-36) hrs (24 median)
	Symptoms: Watery diarrhea, abdominal cramps, vomiting (25%)
Clostridium	(flaccid paralysis)
botulinum	

Clostridium botulinum

Foodborne botulism	Infant botulism	
home-canned foods	Contaminated food with spores from	
	varied sources (Honey, food, dust, corn	
	syrup)	
Onset: 18 to 36 hours after exposure	-	
(range, 6 hours to 8 days)		
Symptoms : early : NAVY D (: nausea,	Symptoms : Baby will develop a weak cry,	
vomiting, weakness, dizziness)	decreased sucking, floppy head and	
Late: (DD) double vision, difficulty in	decreased motor response to stimuli	
swallowing, and speaking		
In severe cases, death due to respiratory	Death if not treated	
muscle paralysis		



Cell invasion

Shigella	S. dysenteriae (Group A, the most pathogenic) Pathogenesis: Destruction of endothelial cells causing hemorrhage Bacteria enter blood are quickly killed by phagocytes Clinically: the infective dose between 10 – 200 organisms Incubation for (1-7 days), Followed by fever, cramping, abdominal pain, and watery diarrhea for 1-3 This may be followed by scant stools with blood, mucous, pus, and tenesmus	Diagnosis: Dehydration with fast heart rate and low blood pressure, Abdominal tenderness, Elevated white blood cell count, Stool culture, White and red blood cells in stool
Enteroinvasive E. coli (EIEC)	Pathogenesis : same as shigella	-
Enterohemorrhagic E. coli (EHEC)	Consumption of contaminated <u>food water</u> , <u>milk</u> , <u>or by contact with animals</u> , feces and contaminated soil, <u>Infected hamburger</u> , <u>salami</u> , and <u>sausages served at fast food chains</u> Produces Shiga-like toxin (<u>also called verotoxin</u>)	
Salmonella		

