11. There is an overlapping between biochemistry and one of the following subjects of science?

A. Pharmacology

B. Toxicology

C. Physiology

D. Biology

E. Pathology



14. The functional group (COOH) is:

A. Amine group

B. Phosphate group

C. Aldehyde group

D. Hydroxyl group

E. Carboxyl group

ANSWER: E

19. If you have an acid with Ph = 6.5, acid concentration = 0.32, conjugate concentration = 0.32, the pka is:

A. 6.5

B. 4.3

ANSWER: A

20. Which one of this can make polar covalent bond:

A. P & H

B. Mg & Ca

C. P & C

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36. Genetics?

- Is the study of nucleic acids

38. Regarding phenylketonuria All true except:

- It's characterized with high levels of tyrosine

39. Very active area of research by biochemists:

A. lipidomic and glycemic

B. pharmacogenetics and genomic

- 45. the concentration of acid ... is .35 and the conjugate base is .35 and the PH is 4.6 calculate the pka:
 - 4.6

10 . 20 r 40 34 6 r

2. The bonding of unit molecules to produce a polysaccharide is called:

A. condensation

B. translation

C. cellular respiration

D. hydrolysis

E. degradation

3. A solution with pH = 5 is, with pH = 7?

- A. 2 times more basic
- B. 10 times more basic
- C. 10 times more acidic
- D. 100 times more acidic

E.1000 times more basic

ANSWER: D

6. Which one of the following solutions has stronger acidity?

A.
$$H = 107$$

B.
$$pH = 9$$

C.
$$pH=6$$

D. pH =
$$10^{a}$$

E.
$$pH = 8$$

10. The functional group - NH2 is a/an

A. amino group

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B. phosphate group

C. hydroxyl group d. carbonyl group

E. carboxyl group

14. The bonding of unit molecules to produce a polypeptide is called?

A. hydrolysis

B. translation

C. cellular respiration

D. Dehydration synthesis

E. degradation

ANSWER: D

22. One group of these sciences can lead to the understanding of the basis of biochemistry?

- A. Anatomy, physiology, physics and immunology
- B. Chemistry, pharmacology, biology and pathology
- C. Biology, chemistry, physiology and anatomy
- D. Biology, immunology, anatomy and microbiology
- E. Chemistry, pathology, anatomy and pharmacology



ANSWEK.

31. The stronger the acid (choose the correct answer)?

- A. The higher the pKa
- B. The higher the pH
- C. The lower the Ka and pKa
- D. The higher the OH concentration
- E. The higher the Ka

ANSWER: E

44. Regarding pH, pKa and Ka, choose the correct answer?

- A. The higher the pH the stronger the acid
- B. The higher the pKa the stronger the acid
- C. For acids, at pH higher than pKa more base than acid
- D. At pH lower than pKa more dissociation to acids
- E. No relation between strength of acid and Ka



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56. The functional group - OH is a /an?

- A. amino group
- B. phosphate group
- C. hydroxyl group
- D. carbonyl group

E. carboxyl group

57. In the formation of a macromolecule, what type of bond would join two amino acids subunits.

A. Peptide bond

B. Glycosidic bond

C. Phosphodiester bond

D. ionic bond

E. Hydrogen bond

61. The bonding of unit molecules to produce a polysaccharide is called _?

A. condensation

B. translation

C. cellular respiration

D. hydrolysis

E. degradation

42. Suppose that the acid (CH3COOH) has a pKa = 7.76 was placed in a solution that has a pH=4.25, the dominant form of this acid in the solution will be?

A. CH3COOH

B. CH3COOH2

C. CH3CH+

D. CH3CO0-

E. CH3CO-

ANSWER:

21. The Henderson Hassel Balch:

- A. show that ph equal to pka in all conditions
- B. Ph is more than pka
- C. Ph is less than pka
- D. Relative between ph, pka, acid concentration, conjugate base concentration.

ANSWER:

22. The best buffer occurs when:

- A. Conjugate base concentration = weak acid concentration
- B. Ph = 7
- C. Ph = 7.4
- D. Pka > ph
- E. Pka = 1

Answers -

20. Which one of this can make polar covalent bond:

A. P & H

B. Mg & Ca

C. P & C

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D. K & Na

E. Cl & H

ANSwer? &

4. which of them form the covalent bond:

A. P & H

B. K & Na

C. P & C1

D. H & Cl



NSWER: