

Anatomy- mid

دفعه رُوْح



الطبيب الجراحية
لجنة

1) Numbness of medial side of the palm and the little finger, is more likely accompanied with inability to:

- A) abduct the wrist**
- B) extend the wrist**
- C) abduct the index**
- D) flex the wrist**
- E) flex the index**

Answer: C

2) peg and socket joint is called:

- A) skull suture**
- B) gomphosis**
- C) synarthrosis**
- D) suture**

Answer: B

3) the two Mylohioid muscles are attached together by:

- A) Raphe**
- B) Intermediate tendon**
- C) Tendon**
- D) Ligament**

Answer:A

4) a diagnostic test done by Extention of proximal interphalangeal joints and trying to flex distal interphalangeal joints, is used to test the:

flexor Digitorum profundus

5) Bipennate muscle:

- A) deltoid**
- B) flexor pollicis longus**
- C) Dorsal interosseus**

Answer: C

6) number of body bones:

206

7) the position of epiphyseal plate in arm is related to:

- A) humeroradial joint**
- B) humeroulnar joint**
- C) elbow joint**
- D) shoulder joint**

Answer: D

8) Praxist movement is called:

- A) Flexion**
- B) Extension**
- C) Rotation**
- D) Opposition**
- E) Medial rotation**

Answer: D

9) the accessory expiration muscle is:

- A) Pectoralis major
- B) Trapezius
- C) Latissimus dorsi
- D) pectoralis minor

Answer: C

10) All of the following are deep to breast except:

- A) pectoralis major
- B) latissimus dorsi
- C) teres major
- D) deep fascia
- E) loose areolar tissue

Answer: C

11) when Plantar of foot is facing inward:

- A) Inversion
- B) eversion
- C) pronation
- D) supination
- E) dorsiflexion

Answer: A

12) the muscle inserted to pisiform:

- A) Flexor carpi ulnaris
- B) flexor carpi radialis
- C) abductor pollicis longus
- D) flexor digitorum superficialis

Answer: A

13) which structure enters inside flexor retinaculum?

- A) tendon of flexor carpi ulnaris**
- B) Median nerve**
- C) ulnar nerve**
- D) palmar branch of median nerve**
- E) tendon of palmaris longus**

Answer: B

14) Medial floor of cubital fossa:

- A) Brachialis**
- B) pronator teres**
- C) Supinator**
- D) brachioradialis**
- E) biceps**

Answer: A

15) Fracture in medial epicondyle leads to paralysis in:

- A) flexor carpi radialis**
- B) Flexor carpi ulnaris**
- C) flexor digitorum superficialis**
- D) abductor pollicis longus**
- E) extensor carpi ulnaris**

Answer: B

16) which muscle is innervated by radial nerve?

- A) biceps**
- B) coracobrachialis**
- C) brachialis**
- D) pronator teres**

Answer: C

17) Fracture in humerus shaft causes defect in:

- A) extension of elbow**
- B) Extension in wrist**
- C) pronation**

Answer: B

18) Injury to median nerve leads to

- A) Ape hand**
- B) claw hand**
- C) wrist drop**
- D) partial claw hand**

Answer: A

19) choose the correct statement

Extensor pollicis longus is innervated by posterior interosseus nerve

20) Incision in the middle of body

- A) Horizontal**
- B) parasagittal**
- C) Saggittal plane**
- D) transverse**
- E) coronal**

Answer: C

21) Which of the following is correct according to shoulder joint?

- A) Short head of biceps enter the capsule**
- B) The capsule encloses surgical neck**
- C) Capsule is attached to subacromial bursa anteriorly**
- D) Pectoralis major and teres major causes medial rotation of shoulder**

Answer: D

22) First bone to ossify

- A) Clavicle**
- B) humerus**
- C) sternum**

Answer: A

23) InCorrect about brachial plexus

- A) Suprascapular is from ventral ramus**
- B) Long thoracic nerve is formed from 5,6 & 7 brachial roots and innervates latissimus dorsi**
- C) trunks form anterior and posterior divisions**

Answer: B

24) Which crosses foramen of langer?

- A) Tail of breast**
- B) glandular part**
- C) areola**

Answer: A

25) a patient can't raise his arm completely, and pushing the scapula causes scapula winging, which axillary wall is affected?

- A) anterior
- B) medial
- C) posterior
- D) lateral

Answer: B

26) which bone is not involved in wrist?

- A) triquetrum
- B) lunate
- C) scaphoid
- D) radius
- E) ulna

Answer: E

27) tract crosses the median plane twice then return to the origin side:

- A) unilateral
- B) bilateral
- C) lateral
- D) contralateral
- E) ipsilateral

Answer: E

28) Which muscle arises from the skull?

- A) Trapezius
- B) pectoralis major
- C) latissimus dorsi

Answer: A

29) Which muscle is not inserted in the humerus?

- A) pectoralis major
- B) latissimus dorsi
- C) Rhomboidus major
- D) teres major
- E) subscapularis

Answer: C

30) Nerve responsible to innervate the muscle to abduct the arm from 0 to 15:

Suprascapular nerve

31) Complex joint:

- A) elbow
- B) wrist
- C) knee

Answer: C

32) Which of the following causes gliding movement?

- A) Plane joint
- B) hinge joint
- C) pivot joint
- D) angular joint
- E) circumduction

Answer: A

33) Modified saddle joint:

- A) carpometacarpal in thumb**
- B) Sternoclavicular**
- C) acromioclavicular**
- D) carpometacarpal in medial 4 fingers**
- E) radioulnar**

Answer: B

34) One muscle is from rotator cuff: muscles

- A) Infraspinatus**
- B) pectoralis major**
- C) teres major**
- D) latissimus dorsi**

Answer: A

35) Excretory part of breast:

- A) lactiferous lobules**
- B) nipple**
- C) areola**
- D) Lactiferous duct**
- E) lactiferous sinus**

Answer: D

36) Which of the following is incorrect for radial innervation?

- A) Lateral lower of arm**
- B) Posterior of arm**
- C) Medial of arm**
- D) Posterior of forearm**
- E) Posteroir interosseus nerve**

Answer: C

37) Choose the incorrect regarding clavicular head of pectoralis major:

- A) Flexion of arm**
- B) In anterior lamina of pectoralis major**
- C) Inserted in upper part of lateral lip bicipital groove**

Answer: C

38) which of the following does not supply the breast with blood?

- A) internal thoracic artery**
- B) lateral thoracic artery**
- C) long**

Answer: C

38) which of the following does not supply the breast with blood?

- A) internal thoracic artery**
- B) lateral thoracic artery**
- C) long thoracic artery**
- D) anterior thoracic artery**
- E) posterior thoracic artery**

Answer: C

39) which ligament is not associated with wrist joint?

- A) ulnar collateral**
- B) radial collateral**
- C) annular ligament**
- D) anterior carporadial**
- E) posterior carpoulnar**

Answer: C

40) insertion of middle fibers of trapezius?

- A) posterior border of lateral half of clavicle**
- B) medial border of the acromion**
- C) upper lip of spine of scapula**
- D) occipital protuberance**
- E) thoracic vertebrae**

Answer: B

41) which of the following does not pierce clavipectoral fascia?

- A) thoracoacromial artery**
- B) nerve to pectoralis major**
- C) cephalic vein**
- D) nerve to pectoralis major and minor**
- E) lymphatic vessels**

Answer: D

42) which digitation of serratus anterior does arise from two ribs?

- A) first**
- B) second**
- C) third**
- D) fifth**
- E) last**

Answer: A

43) a muscle that arises from a rib and its costal cartilage:

Subclavius

44) Which of the following that make a medial rotation in shoulder joint?

Teres major

45) number of tarsals:

7 🍷

46) anterior surface of interosseous membrane is one of origin for :

a-Abductor pollicis longus

b-Extensor pollicis brevis

c-Flexor pollicis longus and Flexor digitorum profundus

Answer: C

47) nerve that has direct relation with surgical neck of humerus:

Nerve to deltoid

48) what is the variety of wrist?

A) plane

B) hinge

C) saddle

D) pivot

E) ellipsoide

Answer: E

49) which is correct about extensor retinaculum?

- A) attached laterally to anterior border of lower end of radius**
- B) has 5 compartments for underlying structures**
- C) attached medially to pisiform and hamate**

Answer: A

50) On of the following is the main bulk of the breast :

- A) glandular rissue**
- B)Fatty tissue**
- C) fibrous tissue**

Answer: B

51) deep relations of breast except:

- a-loose areolar tissue**
- b-pectoralis major**
- c-Serratus anterior**
- d-deep fascia**
- e- teres major**

Answer: E

52) the nerve that supply Pronator muscles :

- A) median**
- B) posterior interosseous**
- C) radial**
- D) ulnar**
- E) musculocutaneous**

Answer: B

53) which of the following is not found in snuff box?

- A) superficial radial nerve
- B) cephalic vein
- C) radial artery
- D) capitate

Answer: D

54) choose the incorrect statement regarding the arrangement of vessels in cubital fossa:

- A) radial nerve is the most lateral
- B) biceps tendon is lateral to median nerve
- C) bicipital aponeurosis is superficial to brachial artery
- D) median nerve is lateral to brachial artery

Answer: D

وامنن عليّ..

بإبصار الطّريق عند كلّ حافّة، ووضوح الرؤية عند كلّ اختلال، وارزق قلبي
بصرًا يراك فيه فلا يبتعد، يلحظ نعمتك فلا ينسى، يلمح رضاك فلا يميل،
وآتني من الفهم ما يفكك معضلات الأمور، ومن التركيز ما يلزم ثوابت الشّعور

وألهمني ترتيب الوقت، والمهام، والأفكار، واجعلني مشروع شهيد، أخرجني
مما أريده إلى ما أنت تريد، وأشغلي بالآخرة، وخذني إليك إن نسيك،
وقربني إن ابتعدت.

وثبتني على ثغري تحبه وترضاه. ♥!
• قصي العسيلي.

لا تنسونا من صالح دعائكم
مع أمنياتنا بالتوفيق والنجاح

#لجنة_الطب_والجراحة

الطب⁹ الجراحة لجنة