ARCHIVE-FINAL - HA -

"A year from now you may wish you had started today"



1)Insured patient in jordan has to pay 20% of allowed amount while their insurance covers the rest 80%, which is the method of payment?

- A. Deductible
- B. Copayment
- C. Coinsurance
- D. Premium
- E. None of above

Answer: C

Answer: C

2) the difference between GNI and GDP:

- A. GDP includes only goods, while GNI includes only services.
- B. GNI measures total economic output, while GDP measures total economic income.
- C. GDP measures the total output within a country's borders, while GNI includes income from abroad.
- D. GNI measures the total consumption, while GDP measures total production.
- E. All of above

3) Healthcare facility experiences power outage, the likelihood of occurrence is once a year and the impact is major. What is the risk score and appropriate risk management strategy?

- A. score is 12, and implement moderate risk prevention
- B. the score is 5 and implement moderate risk prevention
- C.score is 12 and implement high risk prevention
- D.score is 12 and implement low risk prevention
- E. We can't measure the score

Answer: A

4) One is true about measures to evaluate reduction of admissions and readmission:

A.reduction of readmission rate associated with improve quality of healthcare

- B.Increasing the length of hospital stay.
- C. Improving inpatient care and follow-up.
- D. Reducing the use of preventive services.
- E. Decreasing the quality of discharge planning.

Answer: A

5)Hospital z, patient developing an infection due to improper sterilization procedures, the likelihood is several times a year and the impact is major. Which of the following is true:

- A. This is a low-risk event with minimal consequences.
- B. the likelihood is 95%
- C. This is an acceptable risk that does not require further attention.
- D. the risk in red zone in risk matrix

Answer: D

6) One of the following is example of nonfeasance:

- A. A nurse administering the wrong medication to a patient.
- B. A doctor failing to diagnose a patient correctly.
- C. nurse failing to monitor patient's vital signs
- D. A surgeon performing a surgery incorrectly.
- E. None of above is the answer

Answer: C

7) Which of the following best describes concept of "mind-set": A. A temporary mood or feeling influenced by daily events. B. psychological readiness of consumer to absorb and react to marketing message C. An automatic response to external stimuli. D. A biological trait that is inherited from parents. Answer: B E. All of above 8)In some country, 35% of patients get corrected diagnosis, reflect the problem in which components of quality healthcare: A. Safety B. Effectiveness C. Patient-centeredness D. Efficiency E.nonefficiency Answer: B 9) Demographic? A.life style B. interest C. education D. value E. None Answer: C 10) true aboute readmession & admession: A) more readmession means increase in quality of care B.more readmession means you giclve prpriate treatment in first time C.more patients come again to uou means your care is very effective Answer: D D. reduce readmession means more quality of care 11) means "tell the truth": A. fedility **B.**benfecince C.justice Answer: D **D.veracity**

12) minimum desruptive medicine means:

- A. Providing the most expensive treatment available to ensure the best care.
- B. Designing care to minimize the burden on patients' lives while maximizing incomes.
- C. Avoiding medical treatment whenever possible to save costs.
- D. Using the latest technology to diagnose and treat all conditions.
- E.patients needs with minimume treatment burden

Answer: E

13) to take insurance, you have to pay in the beggening of year: A.copayment **B.**coinsurance C.dedctible Answer: C D. Premium 14) The following matches regarding Marketing Mix are correct. EXCEPT? A. Place-Convenience B. Product-Customer solution C. Promotion-Customer cost D. Promotion- Action component of the marketing mix E. Promotion-Communication Answer: C 15) ONE is true about the 10-80-10 rule in marketing? Select one: A.The group who are not interested in your facility's service are called the positive 10% B.The group that you don't need to convince because they will always use your service when they need it are the negative 10%: C.The 80% are the group who need to be convinced to use your service"" D.As a healthcare marketer, your target group are the negative 10% E.The positive 10% are hard to convince Answer: C 16) method for advertising access to broad spectrum of audince but expensive A. televesion **B.internet** C. radio D. Direct mail advertising E. Word-of-mouth Answer: A 17) Security policies of doctors: A. Administrative B. Philosophical C. HR D. information management Answer: A 18) Manager receive his job and delegate some specific authorities for a week: A) short internal communication B. Temporary delegation C. Project management D. Operational review

Answer : A

19) If you have separate policies on the same subject, what is the right thing to do?

a.keep it separate as it

b. combine them into one policy

Answer: B

20) A patient suffered from severe burns, accessed by referral from local hospital to regional hospital, this is considered as:

A.primary care

B. tertiary care

C.secondary care

D. Quaternary

Answer: B

21) The key difference between for profit and non- for profit health care service:

A.no tax-exempt

- B. reinvestment of the money back
- C. For-profit healthcare services prioritize patient care, while non-profit services prioritize financial gain.
- D. Non-profit healthcare services are funded solely by private investments, while for-profit services receive public funding.
- E. For-profit healthcare services focus only on outpatient care, while non-profit services offer both inpatient and outpatient care.

 Answer: B

22) Simultaneous PSDA cycle is preferred to sequential, when:

A. when change involve a single department

B.When multiple connected processes need to be improved at the same time

C. when changes are simple

Answer: B

23) Which of the following is a state of "false-imprisonment"?

- A) A nurse adminsters incorrect drug worsening the condition of patient
- B)A doctor who misdiagnoses a patient
- C) A doctor registers a patient for hospital stay against patient's will
- D) None of above

Answer: C

24) Hazard is:

- A. potential source of harm
- B. A condition or situation that has the potential to cause harm or adverse effects.
- C. An unavoidable outcome of a process.
- D. A planned intervention to reduce risk.

Answer: A

d) risk reduction	Answer: C
c)risk avoidance	Ava
b)risk retention	
a) risk transfer	
30)One of the following strategies should be prioritized for event with high impact and likelihood of risk, such as "Fire in data center":	l high
D) all are true	Answer: A
C) lowest risk score forget log off	
B)highest likelihood is employee forget to log off	
A) risk score for fire on data center equal herricane	
29) false sentence?	
D)accept it	Answer: B
C) at the red colour in risk matrix	
B)need moderate limitation	
28)Infection in hospital likelihood occurs several times yearly and the impact is major, statement is true? A)the likelihood 95%	what
E)risk before control measure	Answer: C
D)shifting to insurance company	
C) risk after apply control measure	
B) residual risk	
A)Risk retention	
27)The cost of the risk management outweighs the benefit?	
	Answer: D
D) Operational Risks	
C) Legal and Regulatory Risks	
A) Clinical Risks B)Financial Risks	
26) equipment failures, staffing shortages, scheduling errors is?	
C. revenue losses due to low patient volumes	Answer: C
B. surgical complications	4
A.medication errors,	
25) financial risk:	

31) doctor gives end ill patent high cost drug to ensure Considers that it is the professional's duty to do everything possible for the patient, administeror of the hospital refuse treatment because it's not cost effective treatment states that an act must result in the greatest amount of good for the greatest number of people, True about it?

- A) doctor's decision based on considerations for the outcome of the action
- B) administrator's decision based on virtue ethics
- C) doctor's decision based on moral obligation, regardless out come
- D) doctor's decision based on The principle of utility

Answer: C

32) meaning of Non-maleficence in health care?

- A) ensure the procedure not harm the patient
- B) giving treatment not benefit the patient
- C) health worker play with patient records
- D)nurse give the wrong dose
- E) health equipment distributed fairly

Answer: A

33) Veracity means:

- A. The duty to maintain patient confidentiality.
- B. The commitment to provide honest and truthful information to patients.
- C. The obligation to avoid causing harm to patients.
- D. The responsibility to ensure patient autonomy in decision-making.

Answer: B

34) Fidelity means:

- A. The obligation to avoid causing harm to patients.
- B. The duty to maintain patient confidentiality.
- C. The commitment to provide honest and truthful information to patients.
- D. The duty to be loyal and keep promises made to patients.

Answer: D

35) administrator receives commission for referral patients to specific services, the practice is?

- A) ethical due to large number of patents
- B)standard practice
- C) split fee rearrangement
- D)practice of benefice
- E) unethical by families

Answer: C

36) doctor uses social media platforms to speak at his college and he said he is fraud, is classified as? A) Defamation of Character B) battery C) fraud D) Invasion of privacy E)False imprisonment Answer: A 37) doctor disclosure private information about his patient? A)Invasion of privacy B) Defamation of Character C) battery D)fraud E)False imprisonment Answer: A 38) true about contracts? A) expressed contract stated clearly, implied state by action B) expressed contract stated action, implied state by clearly C) expressed contract stated written, implied state verbal Answer: A D)expressed contract stated cerbal, implied state by written 39) One of the following DM models that suggest steps broken down in small steps A. Rational Decision-Making Model B. Incremental Decision-Making Model C. Garbage Can Model D. Bounded Rationality Model Answer: B

40) The DM is not aware of all available alternatives and risks:

- A. Bounded Rationality
- **B.** Certainty
- C. Risk
- D. Optimality
- E. Uncertainty

Answer: E

41) a government agency determines allocation on utilization rate: A. Fee-for-Service B. Capitation C. Global Budget D. Pay-for-Performance Answer: C 42) Elderly lady who need a care with no place to live and care support: A- Domiciliarie B-physician's offices C-home health agencies **D**-clinics E-Hospice Answer: A 43) Rehabilitation care means: A. Care provided to manage chronic conditions. B. recover the patient to a level of function and response C. Supportive care for terminally ill patients. D. Preventive care to avoid future health issues. Answer: B 44) emergency state with no need for appointments: A- walk-in clinic B. Primary Care Physician C. Specialty Clinic D. Emergency Room Answer: A 45) PROCESS measuring for quality: A-what providers gives services to patients B. Evaluating the outcomes and results of healthcare interventions. C. Assessing the physical facilities and equipment used in healthcare. Answer: A D. Measuring patient satisfaction and experience with healthcare services.

46)both male and female from different ethnicity should be treated equally and not vary in care quality:
A. Equity
B. Equality
C. Cultural Competence
D. Non-discrimination
Answer: A
47) the True statement for causes have led to formal care more :
A. Increased reliance on home care services.
B. Increase nuclear families and geographical mobility
C. Reduction in the number of healthcare facilities.
D. Decreased focus on preventive care.
Answer: B
48) asking the nurse for her experienced of care what type of aspect of quality care;
appreciative quality
49)# SDG: - 3.8
50) the your doctor contact the specialists for your conditions to coordinate all your need:
Integrated
51) the treat risk used when the cost of risk management outweighs the benefit:
Risk Retention
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