\* اللهم إنك عفو كر ذحري القفو فاعفه عنم

Dr. Israa Al-Rawashdeh MD, MPH, PhD Faculty of Medicine Mutah University 2025 HEALTHCARE ADMINISTRATION

Overview

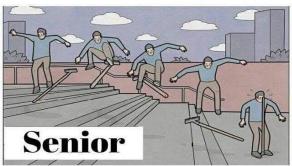
Course title: Health Administration Course code: 1506304 Credit hours: 1 hour







Junior



'Actually, it's a beautiful voice and a beautiful accent. The only problem is, I can't understand a word you're saying,' Trump said. 'But I just say this, good luck, live in peace.'





Medical Student



Ordinary

Student



l'm still a live...

0000000

## **Outline:**

- Definitions
- Brief history of HA
- Levels of HA



- Administration vs Management<sup>\*</sup>
- Goals and objectives

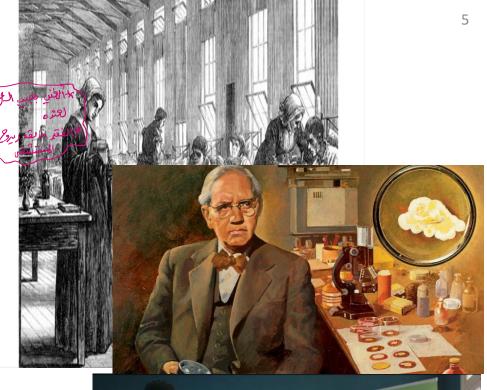
### Introduction



- Healthcare is one of the determinants of health.
- Healthcare organizations are complex and dynamic requiring effective administration and management.
- Administration and <u>management</u> of Healthcare are the backbone that supports the continuous delivery of patient care, operational management, and resource allocation within healthcare institutions.

#### **Brief history of HA**

- Before the 20th century, hospitals were <u>less organized</u> and less efficient than they are today.
- Advances such as <u>anesthesia, modern</u> <u>surgery, and antibiotics</u> revolutionized hospital roles in healthcare <u>delivery</u>.
- <u>Healthcare Administration</u>
  has developed together with
  advances in medical science
  and the growth of hospitals.





#### Today's Health and Medical Administration Field

Over the last century, healthcare administration has witnessed dramatic changes:

- Hospitals have become large, complex organizations.
- Emphasis on Patient-Centered Care: care is designed to <u>individual patient</u> needs, preferences, and values.
  Integration of Technology: telemedicine, EHR,
  - Integration of Technology: telemedicine, EHR, and advanced devices, has enabled faster diagnoses, better patient management, and (and for the second more efficient care delivery.

#### Today's Health and Medical Administration Field

- دورالحكرمان الكبر من ناحية الرعاية لاعية
- Government has taken on a larger role in healthcare delivery.
- Healthcare financing has become more complex (private and public systems).
- Rising healthcare costs.
- Changing patient expectations.

\* التحريقان للعظم موحظ مرض

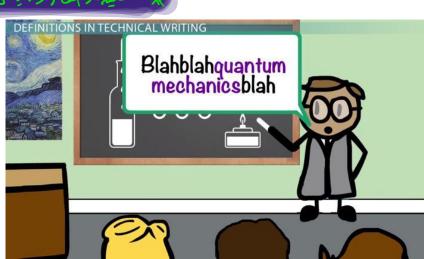
Definitions: المؤسسات ، جعادر معاد لمغيريش ، النشاطات للطبية م الني بتحسن من جعة المعتقع Health system: includes all <u>organizations</u>,

resources, and activities aimed at improving health through healthcare delivery, public health

initiatives, and policy implementation.

Health Care Delivery System: A mechanism for providing services that meet the health-related needs of individuals.

What does it take to manage a healthcare system that serves millions جمال عدراء مانف اجهز



#### The six building blocks of a health system:



## The six building blocks of a health system:

Building Block	Description	Example
Health Service Delivery	Provision of effective, safe, and quality health interventions.	Hospitals, clinics, primary care centers.
Health Workforce	Competent, responsive, and fairly distributed health workers.	Doctors, nurses, community health workers.
Health Information Systems	Collection and use of reliable health data for decision making. معرفين معرفين	<u>Electronic Health Records</u> (EHR), disease surveillance. له تجعیر معلیمات من عراق تحقیر شوللا
Medical Products & Technologies	Access to safe, effective, and affordable health products.	Medicines, vaccines, diagnostic tools.
Health Financing	Adequate funding to ensure access to care without financial hardship.	Public funding, private insurance, out-of-pocket payments.
Leadership & Governance	Guidance, policy-making, and regulation of the health system.	Health ministries, regulatory agencies, health policies. award 10

# Definition of Administration



- Administration is the process of organizing, guiding, and <u>managing people\*and</u> resources\* to achieve specific
- goals efficiently and effectively. It involves planning, coordinating, and supervising activities to ensure that tasks are

<u>completed on time</u> and

within *budget* 



## **Health Administration**



Public health administration is the component of public health that concentrates on management of **people and programs**.<sup>×</sup>

Adminstration of a wars of contrain 310



HA is essential for the <u>success of any public</u> <u>health program</u> whether on the national, intermediate or the local level.

#### قطركل دامية وفط أوقركان يومية



HA involves making both <u>daily</u> and <u>long-term</u> decisions that reflect the healthcare system's business strategies



✤Goals and objectives

For administration to succeed:

Every program must have an overall (general) **goal** which, and **various objectives** to be achieved according to a definite plan.



## **Goals versus Objectives**

A GOAL: is a long-term purpose to be achieved and it's the Find result' after the objectives are achieved

AN OBJECTIVE: is a measurable action to achieve the overall

**goal.** The objective should include a description of "what" outcome is desired, "when" it is expected, and "where" it will take place.

(SMART)<sup>₩</sup>



الجداول وجوقة

## **Goals vs. Objectives**

Aspect	Goals	Objectives
Definition	Long-term, broad purpose to be achieved.	Specific, measurable actions to achieve the goal.
Time Frame	Long-term (e.g. <i>,</i> 5–10 years).	Short-term (e.g., 6 months–1 year).
Scope	Broad and <u>abstract/ideas</u> (e.g., "Improve patient care"). مُلاً خطة نائب يعني ال	Narrow and actual (e.g., "Reduce patient wait times by 20% in 6 months").
Measurability	Difficult to measure directly.	بقرر Measurable using specific metrics (e.g., مربع "Increase vaccination بيشوم rates by 15%").
Example	"Enhance the quality of healthcare services in the region."	"Train 100 healthcare workers in infection control protocols by December 2026."



SMART objectives can be applied anywhere in your life, both professionally and personally.

- S: Specific What exactly do you want to achieve?
- M: Measurable How will you track progress?
- A: Achievable Is it realistic?
- R: Relevant Does it align with the hospital's goals?
- **T**: Time-bound What is the deadline?

## Management and Administration

The term "Management" and "Administration" are used interchangeably. However, they don't mean the same!

Administration- is the overall determination of policies and major objectives.







<u>لا کیفیت تئیز میں کلا</u> <u>Management-</u> is an executive function (تنفیذي), the active direction of human effort.

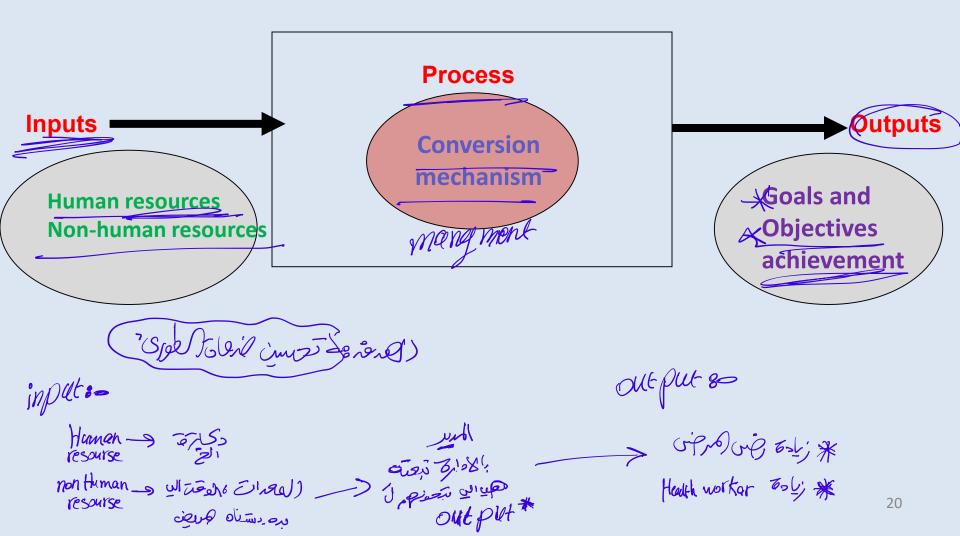


# Management

- Management is the <u>operational part</u> (التشغيلي) of administration.
- It is defined as:
- "The processes (social and technical functions) and activities occurring within an organization for the purpose of accomplishing *predetermined* objectives through utilization of *human and non-human* resources."

It is a "conversion mechanism".

## Management:



_	1. 91	
Ezer		
27.4/	0977	

Aspect	Management	Administration
Nature	Executive/Doing Function: Focuses on executing tasks and implementing plans.	Decision-Month Thinking Function: Auses on thinking goals, policies, a crategos
Scope	Concerned with implementation of policies and <u>day-to-day operations.</u>	Concerned <i>Ng</i> with determining Jor objectives, policies, and long- term plans.
Level	Operates at <b>middle and lower</b> levels of the organization.	Operates at the <b>top level</b> of the organization.
Influenced By	Primarily influenced by the objectives and policies set by administration. (internal factor	Influenced by <u>public</u> opinion, <u>external force</u> s, and ربال organizational vision.
Main Function	Directing and Organizing: Ensures resources are used efficiently to achieve goals.	Planning and Control: Sets the direction and monitors progress toward objectives.
Skills Required	Technical and Human Skills: Focus on practical execution and team leadership.	<b>Conceptual and Human Skills</b> : Focus on strategic thinking and decision-making.



# Levels of

#### management

#### 1. Top Level Management

The Top level management: Administrative level; focuses on planning and coordination. مقارنان بينهم ... اختارهاد عين ؟! أو matching \*

- **Examples**:
  - Board of Directors
  - Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
  - Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
  - Chief Operating Officer (COO)

#### **Top level management functions:**

- Set the organization's **policies and objectives**.
- Plan and assign competent managers to departments (middle-level management).
- Maintain communication between the organization and the outside world (e.g., stakeholders, government, public). لوجار منكلة مثلاً جما الي

\* حضور اجتماءات \* بحط عطط ويطلع \* ((احجاب بدلات)

بطلحو بحكو مست مثل وزير لمحة

Levels of Management

il desil ster

TOP

MIDDLE

# Levels of management



#### 2. Middle Level of Management

- <u>The Middle level Management</u>:
- Role: Executory level; bridges the gap between top-level and lower-level management.
- Examples:
  - Departmental Managers
  - Branch Managers هدراء (لفروع)
  - Senior and Junior Middle-Level Managers (in larger organizations).
- **Functions:** 
  - Execute plans according to **policies and directives** from top-level management.
  - Act as communicators between top-level and lower-level management (transfer information, reports, and data).

بدر لوا ال

- Organize and supervise departmental or divisional activities.
- Inspire and motivate junior managers to improve efficiency.
- Responsible for hiring and training lower-level staff.

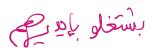




#### **3. Lower Level of Management**

- <u>The lower level Management</u> :
- Role: Supervisory or operative level; focuses on day-to-day operations.
- Examples:
  - Shift Boss
  - Head Nurse رقيسة المعرجات
  - Lab Technician 🚕 يتعاملومع الجنكار
  - Team Leaders
- Key Functions:
  - Guide and instruct workers in daily tasks.
  - Provide training and support to workers.
  - Follow instructions from middle-level managers.
  - Submit periodic reports on worker performance to higher-level managers.

ركخل ليوصياً

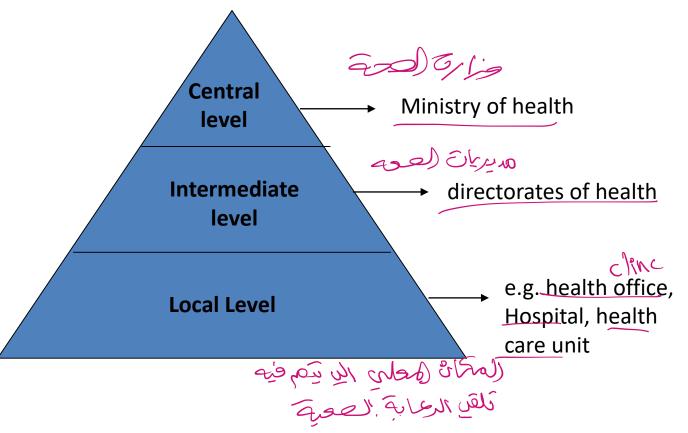


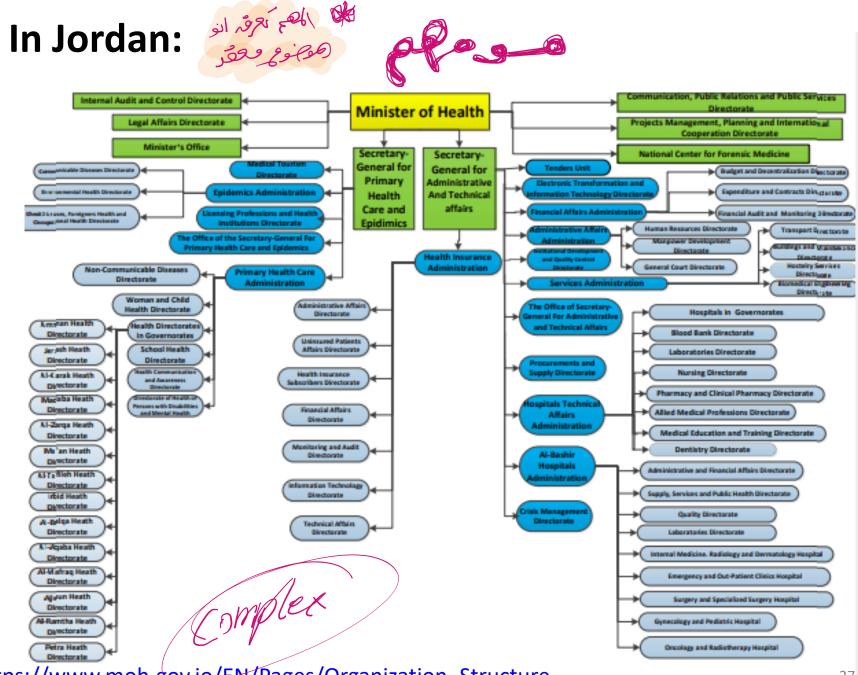
# In short:

- Top-Level: Think big picture setting goals and policies.
- Middle-Level: Focus on <u>execution</u> <u>stabulation</u> translating top-level plans into actionable tasks.
- Lower-Level: Handle daily operations supervising and guiding workers
   Mail Mail Mail Mail

## Levels of Administration

There are 3 levels of administration.





https://www.moh.gov.jo/EN/Pages/Organization Structure

## Thank You

