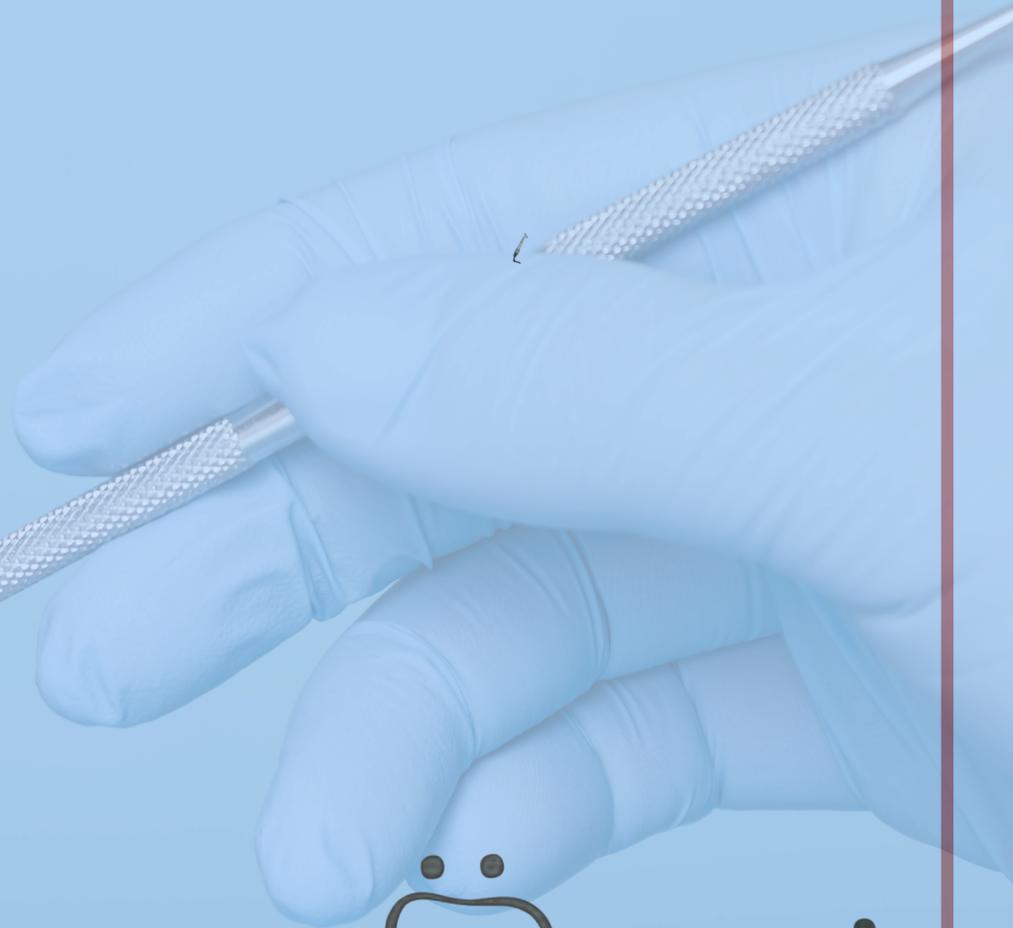
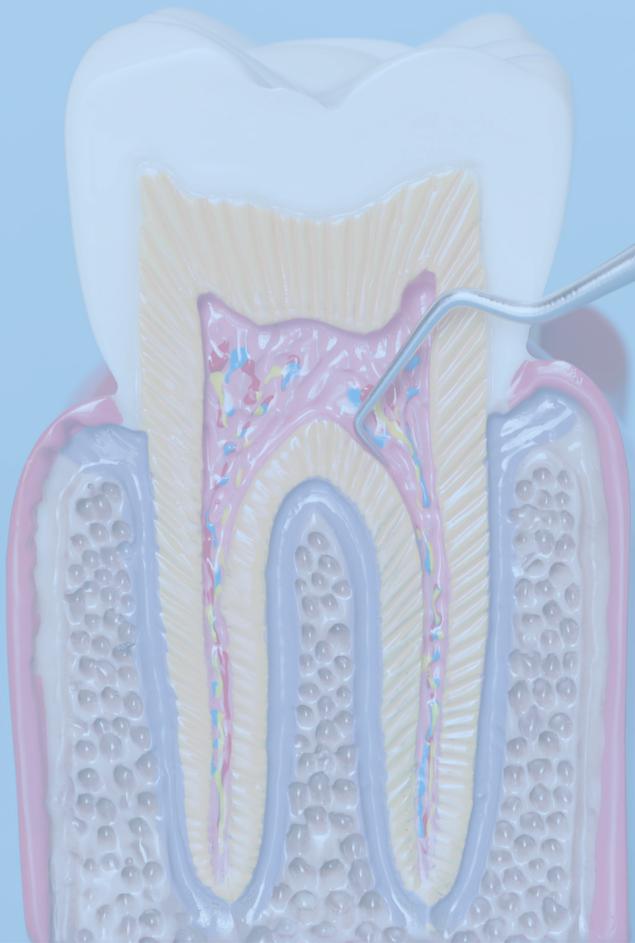


# QUIZ TIME *lec. 2*



## INTRODUCTION TO DENTISTRY



لجنة  
طب الأسنان  
جامعة مؤتة

1. The part of the tooth that is visible in the oral cavity above the gingiva is called the:

- a) Anatomical crown
- b) Clinical crown
- c) Clinical root
- d) Anatomical root
- e) Cementoenamel junction

2. The (CEJ) represents the meeting point between:

- a) Dentin and enamel
- b) Cementum and dentin
- c) Enamel and cementum
- d) Dentin and pulp
- e) Cementum and pulp

3. Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding the clinical crown?

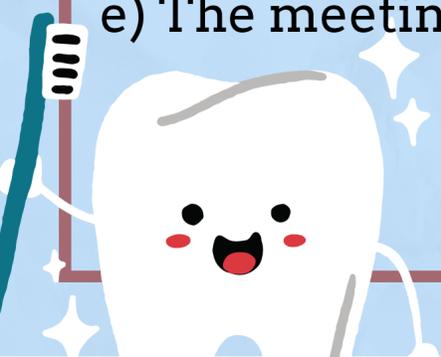
- a) It is always identical to the anatomical crown
- b) It is covered by cementum
- c) It may include part of the root if gingival recession occurs
- d) It ends exactly at the cervical line
- e) It can only be seen in radiographs

4. The part of the tooth covered by enamel is termed the:

- a) Clinical crown
- b) Anatomical crown
- c) Anatomical root
- d) Root trunk
- e) Alveolar crown

5. The dentinoenamel junction (DEJ) is characterized by:

- a) A line separating enamel from pulp
- b) The union between enamel and cementum
- c) A scalloped line where dentin meets enamel
- d) A flat line between cementum and dentin
- e) The meeting point of gingiva and enamel



6. According to the Palmer notation system, the permanent upper right central incisor is represented by:

- a) 8┘
- b) 1┘
- c) ┘1
- d) ┘1
- e) 11



7. In the FDI (international) numbering system, tooth number 33 refers to:

- a) Upper left canine
- b) Upper right canine
- c) Lower left canine
- d) Lower right canine
- e) Lower left second premolar

8. In the universal (American) numbering system, the permanent upper left third molar is designated as:

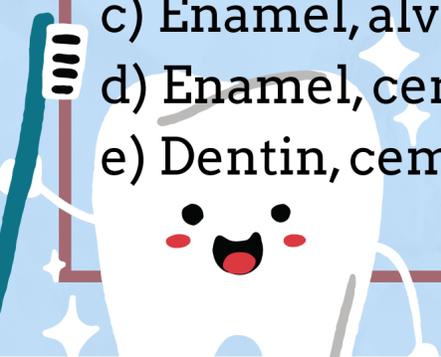
- a) #1
- b) #16
- c) #17
- d) #32
- e) #18

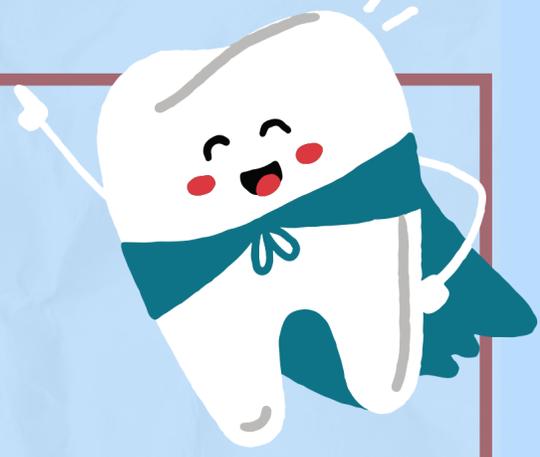
9. The undivided portion of the root before it splits into multiple branches is called the:

- a) Root trunk
- b) Root canal
- c) Cervical line
- d) Apex
- e) Pulp chamber

10. Which of the following combinations correctly lists the three calcified tissues and the soft tissue of the tooth?

- a) Enamel, dentin, pulp, gingiva
- b) Enamel, cementum, dentin, pulp
- c) Enamel, alveolar bone, dentin, gingiva
- d) Enamel, cementum, alveolar bone, pulp
- e) Dentin, cementum, alveolar bone, pulp





# Answers :

<b>1- b</b>	<b>6 - b</b>
<b>2- c</b>	<b>7 - c</b>
<b>3- c</b>	<b>8 - b</b>
<b>4- b</b>	<b>9 - a</b>
<b>5- c</b>	<b>10 - b</b>

