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Lecture 6

Lung tumors

Done by:

Nour

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1.) The strongest lung tumors associated with smoking is?

- a. Small cell carcinoma.
- b. Squamous cell carcinoma.
- c. Adenocarcinoma.
- d.Both (A+B).
- e. Both (A+C).

Answer : d

2) All the following are not characteristics of small cell lung carcinoma, except?

- a. Atypical cells with prominent nuclei could be seen in the cytological specimens.
- b. Mitotic figures are seen rare
- c. The neoplastic cells are usually third the size of resting lymphocytes.
- d. Necrosis may be extensive.
- e. Presented as peripheral located masses with extension into lung parenchyma.

Answer : d

3) One of the following features is correct for Adenocarcinoma in situ (AIS)?

- a. The diameter is more than 3 cm.
- b.The growth is multilayer along the alveolar septa.
- c. Preservation of alveolar architecture with stromal invasion.
- d. The tumor cells are mucinous. nonmucinous or mixed.
- e. It presented as multiple nodules involving the central part of the lung.

Answer : d

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4) One of the following paraneoplastic syndromes is associated with lung Squamous cell carcinoma?

- a. Cushing syndrome.
- b. Syndrome of inappropriate secretion of antidiuretic hormone.
- c. Hypercalcemia.
- d. Peripheral neuropathy.
- e. Polymyositis.

Answer : c

5) All the following are related to Pancoast tumors. except?

- a. Apical neoplasms invade the cervical sympathetic plexus.
- b. Cause severe pain in the distribution of the radial nerve.
- c. Produce Horner syndrome.
- d. Accompanied by destruction of the first and second ribs.
- e. Apical neoplasms invade the brachial sympathetic plexus.

Answer : b

6) All of the following is true regarding para neoplastic syndrome except:

Hypocalcemia

7) Wrong about horner syndrome:

- a. Miosis
- b. Anhidrosis
- c. Ipsilateral
- d. Contralateral

Answer : d

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8) Regarding to Small lung carcinoma one of the following is a characteristic feature :

Scant cytoplasm

9) one of the following not correct about lung tumors

all smokers will develop a type of cancer

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10) Mass that contains large cells, with large nuclei and prominent nucleoli, and show no glandular or squamous differentiation, what is the diagnosis?

- A) Squamous cell carcinoma
- B) Large cell carcinoma
- C) Carcinoid tumor
- D) Small cell carcinoma

Answer : b

11) True about adenocarcinoma:

- A) Forms large masses
- B) Centrally located
- C) It has a wide range of metastasis in a short time

Answer : c

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