

Public Health

Archive

Lecture 7 & 8

آخر صفحة توجد
اسئلة المحاضرة ٨

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1. The leading cause of death in Jordan:

- a. Hypertension.
 - b. Communicable diseases.
 - c. Road traffic accidents.
 - d. Neoplasms.
 - e. Metabolic diseases.
- Answer: A.**

2. Life expectancy at birth as per Jordan, 2022

- a. 75.1
- b. 73.3
- c. 71.5
- d. 72.5

Answer: B

3. The following are true achievements of Jordan's health system, EXCEPT:

- a. Open heart surgeries in RMS hospitals.
- b. The first kidney transplantation was performed in 1972.
- c. First born IVF baby was in 1987.
- d. Developed legislation to regulate organ donation.
- e. Liver and bone marrow transplantation mainly in MoH hospitals

Answer: E

4. One of the following is FALSE:

- a. UNRWA delivers primary health care services.
- b. UNRWA provides help for refugees to access secondary and tertiary care services.
- c. The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Non for-profit organization.
- d. The National Center for Diabetes, Endocrinology and Genetics (NCDEG) is a Non for-profit organization.
- e. Most of the public sector expenditure goes to primary care services.

Answer: E

5. One of the following is FALSE about hospital beds:

- The number of hospital beds is proportional to the amount of space in health care facility.
- The number of hospital beds describes the capacity of healthcare services.
- It means available and maintained beds with their staff.
- Include the immediately available for the care of admitted patients.
- Royal Medical Services in Jordan provides the largest number of the total hospital beds in Jordan.

Answer: E

6. One of the following is FALSE among administrative challenges to the health system in Jordan:

- Changing the minister of health every few years.
- Public sector and private sector work together.
- The Higher Health Council has an active role in health education policy.
- A case of medical errors can take years to be resolved.
- The medical technology is developing fast.

Answer: B

7. All of the following are true about healthcare organizations in Jordan, EXCEPT:

- The MOH is the largest sub-sector of healthcare in Jordan.
- The RMS mainly provides primary healthcare services.
- The private sector is the second largest provider of health care in Jordan.
- The last case of polio in Jordan was in 1992.
- The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is non-government.

Answer: B

8. The most of the health professionals in Jordan are:

- Female physician
- Male physician
- Pharmacist
- Midwives
- Registered nurses

Answer: E

9. Health sector in Jordan excelled in providing tertiary healthcare services. One of the following is NOT included:

- a. Palliative care.
- b. Organ transplantation.
- c. Sophisticated surgeries.
- d. Dialysis.
- e. Treatment of infertility.

Answer: A

10. One of the following is NOT an example of demographic challenges in Jordan:

- a. The high population growth rate
- b. High proportion of young people
- c. The large and unplanned population growth in the urban areas
- d. the increasing rise in the proportion of elderly people
- e. The rising cost of health care

Answer: E

11. One of the following statements about health system in Jordan is WRONG:

- a. The leading causes of death in Jordan is circulatory system diseases
- b. The most common type of cancers is cancer of breast
- c. Dramatic decrease in the risk of infectious disease in recent years
- d. Increasing prevalence of non-communicable diseases.
- e. there have been no recorded cases of either polio or croup since 1992

Answer: B

12. The highest total health expenditure in Jordan is:

- a. Curative.
- b. Primary.
- c. Training.
- d. Administration

Answer: A

13. Choose the WRONG statement:

- a. Jordan is a lower middle- income country.
- b. The proportion of females is more than males to the total population.
- c. The majority of Jordanian population are at the age 15-64 years old.
- d. Average expected life for a male in Jordan is 72.3 years.
- e. Average life expectancy in Jordan is 73.3

Answer: B

Q14. The largest age group in the population is:

- 1. Below 14 years
- 2. 15-65 years
- 3. Above 65 years
- 4.

Correct Answer:
B) 15-65 years

Q8. Which of the following statements about UNRWA's healthcare services is incorrect

- A) UNRWA provides primary healthcare services through a network of health centers and mobile clinics in Jordan.
- B) UNRWA serves over a million patients annually.
- C) UNRWA offers hospital services for Palestinian refugees in Jordan.
- D) UNRWA addresses non-communicable diseases like diabetes and hypertension.

Correct Answer:

C) UNRWA offers hospital services for Palestinian refugees in Jordan.

Q60. Wrong about neoplasia:

1. Second leading cause of death in Jordan
2. Prostate cancer is the most occurring cancer in men
3. Prostate cancer isn't involved in cancers that lead to death of women
4. Colorectal cancer is the second leading cause of death in both sexes
5. Breast cancer is the leading cause of death in women

Correct Answer:

2) Prostate cancer is the most occurring cancer in men

Q57. All are covered by the insurance program by the Ministry of Health except:

- 1) Elderly people up to 60 year:
- 2) Refugees from all nationaliti
- 3) Disabled people with 70% disability
- 4) Rural area population as deprived areas

Answer : 2) Refugees from all nationalitie

Q41. All are achievements of PHC except:

1. Warning trom tobacco that causes hazard
2. Doing surgery for chronic heart disease and stroke
3. Family planning

Correct Answer:

B) Doing surgery for chronic heart disease and stroke

Q53. All are features of a healthy village except:

1. Education and recreation services are not essential for rural areas
2. High awareness for the population
3. Healthcare for all the population

Correct Answer:

A) Education and recreation services are not essential for rural areas

Q47. All are among healthcare obstacles related to rural areas except:

- A) illiteracy
- B) Outreach to healthcare
- C) Multi-sectoral incorporation

Correct Answer:

A) Illiteracy

Q45. Which of the following is wrong about the impact of epidemiology on healthcare in Jordan?

1. Population is equally distributed through governorates
2. Elderly people are at high concern

Correct Answer:

A) Population is equally distributed through governorates

Q38. The permanent existence of a disease in a region means:

- A) Endemic
- B) Pandemic
- C) Epidemic

Correct Answer:

A) Endemic