History and Physical Examination

A detailed history should factor in urinary tract symptoms, neurologic symptoms and diagnosis (if known), the clinical course of the neurologic disease, bowel symptoms, sexual

Difficulty emptying the bladder is another potential adverse event of these medications, which should be consid

is currently performed in two varieties: sacral neuromodulation (SNM) and percutaneous tibial nerve stimulation (PTNS),

The mechanism behind neuromodulation is not clearly understood. The current leading hypothesis is that neuromodulation works by stimulating peripheral somatic afferent nerves, or CETQ0.00000912 0 612 792 reW* nBT/F4 12 Tf1 0 0 1 90.0484 and percutaneous